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ABSTRACT

This report presents data from the March 1988 Current Population Survey on the demographic, social, and economic characteristics of the Hispanic population of the United States, including age, sex, marital status, educational attainment, school enrollment, fertility, voting and registration, employment status, family composition and size, income, and poverty status. Data on educational attainment show 11.7% of Hispanic males, age 25 and over, completing less than 5 years of school compared to 2.6% of the total population. Fifty-two percent of Hispanic males completed 4 years of high school or more compared to 76.4% of the total population. Only 12% of Hispanic males completed 4 years of college or more, while 24% of the total population attained this much education. Relative percentages for females were very similar. Tables also show years of school completed by age, sex, and type of Hispanic origin and current educational enrollment. For those of Hispanic origin of both sexes, ages 3 to 34 years, 47.8% were enrolled in school in October, 1986, compared to 48.2% for those of non-Hispanic origin. The report includes five charts and 36 tables. Appendices discuss definitions, data sources, and the accuracy of estimates. (DHP)

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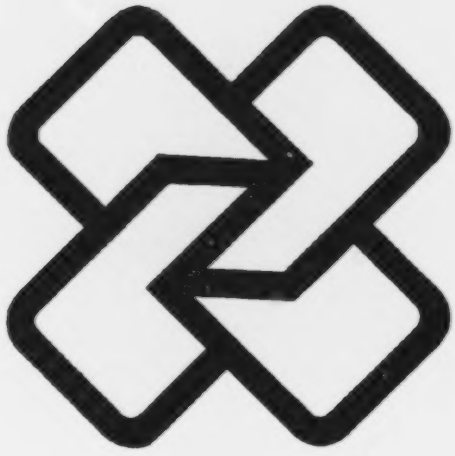

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The Hispanic Population in the United States: March 1988

INTRODUCTION

This report presents data on the demographic, social, and economic characteristics of the Hispanic population of the United States. The Bureau of the Census collected this information in the March 1988 supplement to the Current Population Survey (CPS).[1]

The report contains information about the total Hispanic population, as well as its subgroups—Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central and South American, and other Spanish origin.[2] Comparable data for the total United States and for persons not of Hispanic origin also are included. The social and economic characteristics presented include age, sex, marital status, educational attainment, school enrollment, fertility, voting and registration, employment status, family composition and size, income, and poverty status.

HIGHLIGHTS

- From 1980 to 1988, the Hispanic civilian noninstitutional population increased by 34 percent, or about 5 million persons.
- Fifty-five percent (± 1.7 percentage-points)[3] of all Hispanics in the Nation resided in two states—California and Texas—in 1988.
- In 1988, 10 percent (± 0.8) of Hispanics, 25 years old and over had completed 4 or more years of college, compared with 5 percent (± 0.3) reported in the 1970 census (the first census to use a self-identification Spanish-origin question).
- The proportion of high school dropouts among Hispanics 18 to 21 years old (31 percent ± 3.2) was more than twice that of persons who were not Hispanic (12 percent ± 0.7) in October 1986.
- The reported voter turnout rate of eligible Hispanics, citizens 18 years old and over, (46 percent, ± 2.1) in November 1988 was lower than of non-Hispanics (61 percent ± 0.4). Although an increase was noted in the voter turnout rate of Hispanics between the 1976 and 1984 Presidential elections, 43 percent (± 3.1) and 48 percent (± 3.1), respectively, the change between the 1984 and 1988 elections was not statistically significant.
- Data on births to Hispanic women portend a larger proportion of Hispanics in the future United States population. The June 1988 CPS shows that Hispanic women had 11 percent (± 1.2) of all births in the United States but represented only 8 percent (± 0.3) of all women 18 to 44 years old.
- The proportion of Hispanic families maintained by married couples decreased between 1982 and 1988, from 74 percent (± 1.5) to 70 percent (± 1.4). At the same time, the proportion of families maintained by women and men with no spouse present increased from 26 percent (± 1.5) to 30 percent (± 1.4).
- The unemployment rate in March 1988 among Hispanics 16 years old and over was 8.5 percent (± 0.5), the lowest it had been since the relatively high unemployment rates observed in March 1983, shortly after the end of the last economic recession.[4] The same situation was true for non-Hispanics, who had an unemployment rate of 5.8 percent (± 0.2) in March 1988.
- The poverty rate of Hispanic families in 1987 was 25.8 percent (± 1.5) and has not changed significantly since 1982, the bottom of the last economic recession.

POPULATION CHANGE AND COMPOSITION

In March 1988, the Hispanic civilian noninstitutional population numbered 19.4 million and represented 8.1 percent of the total United States civilian noninstitutional population. In 1980, the Hispanic population represented 6.5 percent of the total population. Since the 1980 census, the Hispanic population has increased by

[1]The population universe in the March 1988 CPS is the civilian noninstitutional population of the United States and members of the Armed Forces in the United States living off post or with their families on post, but excludes all other members of the Armed Forces.

[2]Unless otherwise noted, persons reporting "Other Spanish" origin are those whose origins are from Spain, or those identifying themselves generally as Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc.

[3]The number in parenthesis is equal to 1.6 times the standard error of the estimate. This gives the 90-percent confidence interval when added to and subtracted from the estimate. A complete discussion of confidence intervals and standard errors is given in Appendix B, "Source and Accuracy of the Estimates."

[4]Comparisons and trends in unemployment rates shown in this report are restricted to data obtained from the March supplement of the CPS and may not necessarily reflect trends observed when comparing other survey months or annual average rates.

34 percent or about 4.8 million persons. The comparable increase for the non-Hispanic population was only 7 percent (table A). About half of the population growth of the Hispanic population resulted from net migration and half from natural increase (the number of births minus the number of deaths).

The Hispanic population of the United States in March 1988 included the following subgroups:

Mexican origin ..... 12.1 million or 62.3 percent
Puerto Rican origin..... 2.5 million or 12.7 percent
Cuban origin ..... 1.0 million or 5.3 percent
Central and South American origin.....2.2 million or 11.5 percent
Other Hispanic origin..... 1.6 million or 8.1 percent

Geographic distribution. The Hispanic population was concentrated in the five Southwestern States in March 1988 (figure 1): 55 percent of all Hispanics in the Nation resided in California and Texas. These two States, along with Arizona, New Mexico, and Colorado, held 63 percent of the total Hispanic population (table B).

Four states outside the Southwest accounted for 26 percent of the Hispanic population: New York (11 percent), Florida (8 percent), Illinois (4 percent), and New Jersey (3 percent). The remainder of the country accounted for only 11 percent of the Hispanic population.

Table A. Change in the Total and Hispanic Populations, by Type of Origin: April 1980 to March 1988

(For the United States. Numbers in thousands. For meaning of symbols, see text)

Origin	March 1988 CPS (Civilian noninstitutional population)	1980 census[1]		Percent change, 1980-88 (Civilian noninstitutional population)
		Civilian noninstitutional population	Resident population	
Total population	241,155	222,461	226,546	8.4
Hispanic origin	19,431	14,458	14,609	34.4
Mexican	12,110	8,654	8,740	39.9
Puerto Rican	2,471	1,983	2,014	24.6
Cuban	1,035	799	803	29.5
Central and South American	2,242	([2])	([2])	(NA)
Other Hispanic	1,573	[2]3,022	3,051	26.2
Not of Hispanic origin	221,724	208,003	211,937	6.6

NA Not available.

[1]Data as of April 1, 1980.

[2]In the 1980 census, the "Other Spanish" category included persons from Spain, the Spanish-speaking countries of Central and South America, and Hispanic persons who identified themselves generally as Latino, Spanish-American, Spanish, etc. In the CPS, the category "Central and South American" is listed as a separate origin.

Table B. Hispanic Population for Selected States: March 1988

(Numbers in thousands)

State	Hispanic population	Confidence interval[1] (1.6 standard error level)	Percent of total Hispanic population
United States	19,431	(X)	100.0
California	6,589	6,265 to 6,913	33.9
Texas	4,134	3,874 to 4,394	21.3
New York	2,122	1,961 to 2,283	10.9
Florida	1,473	1,337 to 1,609	7.6
Illinois	801	693 to 909	4.1
Arizona	648	545 to 751	3.3
New Jersey	646	567 to 725	3.3
New Mexico	543	496 to 590	2.8
Colorado	368	286 to 450	1.9

X Not applicable because number is controlled to an independent estimate and, thus, is not subject to sampling variability.

[1]90-percent confidence level.

Figure 1. **Geographic Distribution of the Hispanic Population: March 1988**

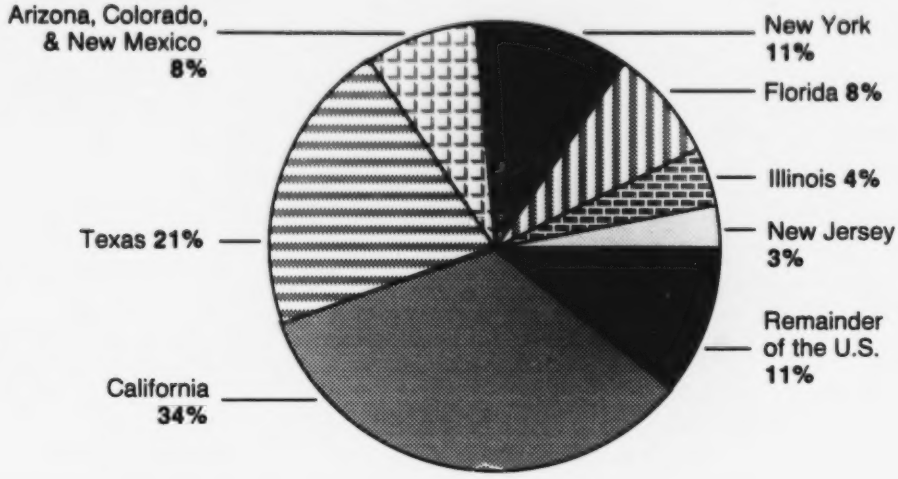
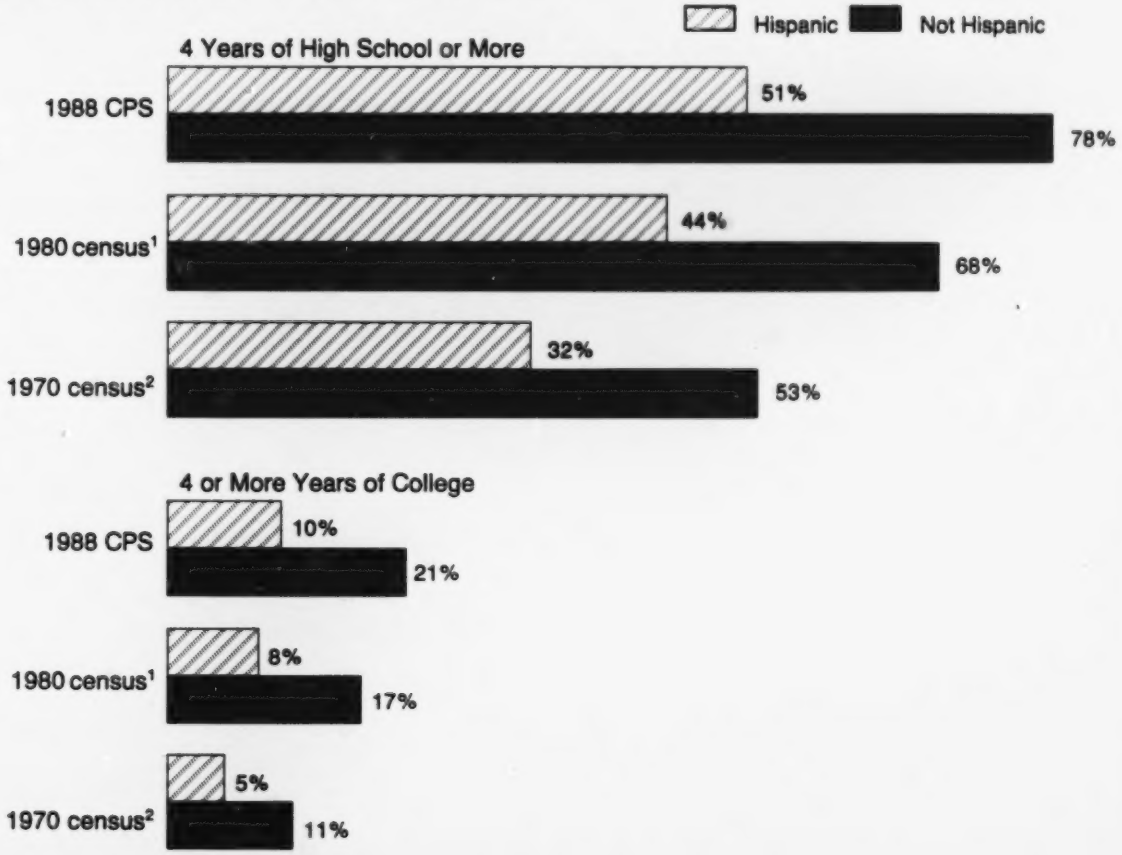


Figure 2.
Years of School Completed by Persons 25 Years Old and Over: March 1988 CPS and 1970 and 1980 Censuses



[1] U.S. Bureau of the Census. 1980 Census of Population, Vol. 1, Chapter C (PC80-1-C1).
[2] U.S. Bureau of the Census. Census of Population: 1970, Vol. 1, Chapter C and Subject Reports, Final Report PC(2)-1C, "Persons of Spanish Origin."

SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Educational attainment. The educational attainment level of Hispanics has improved, but remains below the level of their non-Hispanic counterparts (figure 2). The proportion of Hispanics 25 years old and over who had completed 4 or more years of college in 1988 (10 percent) was substantially higher than the 5 percent recorded in 1970 (the first census to use a self-identification Spanish-origin question). The proportion of non-Hispanics who had completed 4 or more years of college (21 percent in 1988 and 11 percent in 1970) was twice as high as that of Hispanics in both years.

There also have been improvements in the educational attainment of Hispanics at the secondary level. Although the proportion of Hispanics 25 years and over who completed 4 years of high school or more did not change between 1987 and 1988 (51 percent), this was the highest percentage ever recorded since the Census Bureau began to collect data on Hispanics in the 1970 census using a self-identification question. Despite this improvement, the proportion of Hispanics who had completed 4 years of high school or more remained lower than that for non-Hispanics (51 percent and 78 percent, respectively). (See figure 2, and tables 1, 9, and 10.)

The educational attainment of young Hispanic adults (25 to 34 years old) portends a more educated Hispanic population in the future. In 1988, the proportion of younger Hispanics who had completed at least 4 years of high school was 62 percent, compared with 44 percent among older Hispanics (35 years and over). Similarly, the proportion of younger Hispanics who had completed 4 years or more of college was 12 percent, compared with 9 percent among older Hispanics. Improvement for younger Hispanics also was evident at lower grade levels: only 6 percent of the younger Hispanics had completed less than 5 years of school compared with 16 percent of their older counterparts.

School enrollment. The proportion of high school dropouts among Hispanics 18 to 21 years old in 1986 remained more than twice that of non-Hispanics. Specifically, the proportion of Hispanics 18 to 21 years old who were not enrolled in school and were not high school graduates in October 1986 was 31 percent compared to 12 percent for non-Hispanics (table 11).

College enrollment data show that young Hispanics (18 to 21 years old) also are less likely than young non-Hispanics to attend college. The proportion of young non-Hispanics enrolled in college in October 1986 was 16 percentage points higher than young Hispanics (38 percent and 22 percent, respectively). With a much larger proportion of Hispanics than non-Hispanics not completing high school, a smaller pool of young Hispanic persons are eligible for college. Only 59 percent of Hispanics 18 to 21 years old were high school graduates in October 1986 compared with 82 percent of non-Hispanics of the same age. The remainder were persons who had dropped out of high school (31 percent and 12 percent, respectively), or still enrolled in high school (10 percent and 7 percent, respectively).

Voting and registration. Voting information published in other Current Population Reports[5] is based on all persons 18 years old and over regardless of citizenship status. However, 37 percent of the voting-age Hispanic population were not citizens of the United States, and therefore not eligible to vote in November 1988. Thus, in this report, only citizens of the United States who are 18 years old and over are considered.

In November 1988, the voter turnout rate of Hispanics was lower than that of non-Hispanics. Less than half (46 percent) of all eligible Hispanics voted in the November 1988 Presidential election, compared to 61 percent of non-Hispanics. An increase was noted in the voter turnout rate of Hispanics between the 1976 and 1984 Presidential elections, 43 percent and 48 percent, respectively. The change between the 1984 and 1988 elections, however, was not statistically significant.[6]

Voter turnout is associated with education, occupation, and income. As shown in table 12, the voter turnout rate was highest among those Hispanics and non-Hispanics who had completed 4 years or more of college, those who were employed in managerial and professional occupations, and those in families with incomes of $50,000 or more. The voter turnout rates of Hispanics and non-Hispanics who had completed 4 or more years of college, and those in families with income of $50,000 or more, were not statistically different from each other.

Fertility. Table 13 shows three fertility measures for the 12-month period ending in June 1988 for Hispanic and non-Hispanic women 18 to 44 years old. These data portend a larger proportion of Hispanics in the future United States population. The June 1988 survey shows that Hispanic women had 11 percent of all births in the United States but represented only 8 percent of all women 18 to 44 years old.

The estimated fertility rate of 94 births per 1,000 Hispanic women was 39 percent greater than the rate of non-Hispanic women (68 per 1,000). There was no significant change in the estimated fertility rate of Hispanic women between 1988 and 1980 (94 births and 107 births per 1,000 women, respectively).[7]

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[5]U.S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-20, No. 435, Voting and Registration in the Election of November 1988.

[6]The apparent increase in the voter turnout rates of Hispanics between 1976 (43 percent) and 1988 (46 percent) is not statistically significant.

[7]The June 1980 CPS is used for comparison because it is the first for which data on current fertility are available for Hispanics.

Of the 406,000 Hispanic women who had a child in the 12-month period preceding the survey, 26 percent were not married at the survey date. This proportion was not statistically different from the comparable proportion of non-Hispanic women, 21 percent. The proportion of both Hispanic and non-Hispanic women who were not married at the survey date but reported bearing a child was higher in 1988 than in 1985. In 1985, the proportion of unmarried Hispanic women who gave birth to a child was 15 percent, not statistically different from the 18 percent among non-Hispanic women.

The June 1988 survey showed that Hispanic women who completed higher levels of education (that is, four years of high school, and four years or more of college), those who participated in the labor force, and those who lived in nonmetropolitan areas had lower fertility rates than their Hispanic counterparts without these characteristics. For example, Hispanic women in the labor force had a fertility rate of 55 births per 1,000 women. That was about one-third of the rate for Hispanic women not in the labor force (160 births per 1,000 women). The fertility rate among Hispanic women who were not high school graduates was 127 per 1,000 women, for those who completed 4 years of high school it was 76 per 1,000 women, and 37 per 1,000 women among those who completed 4 or more years of college. Also, Hispanic women living in nonmetropolitan areas had a lower fertility rate (58 per 1,000 women) than those living in metropolitan areas (97 per 1,000 women).

Type of family. The composition of Hispanic families is changing (table 3). The proportion of Hispanic families maintained by married couples decreased between 1982 and 1988 (from 74 percent to 70 percent), while the proportion of families maintained by men and women with no spouse present increased (from 26 percent to 30 percent). A similar pattern was evident for non-Hispanic families.

Family type varies among the Hispanic subgroups. Cuban and Mexican origin families had the highest proportion maintained by married couples. Puerto Rican families had the highest proportion maintained by a woman with no husband present (tables 1 and 22).

Labor force participation. The civilian labor force participation rate of both Hispanic and non-Hispanic women 16 years old and over (52 percent and 56 percent, respectively), was lower than that of their male counterparts. However, substantial increases in the labor force participation rates of women are evident since 1982. The participation rates of Hispanic women increased from 48 percent in 1982 to 52 percent in 1988. For non-Hispanic women the comparable rates were 52 percent and 56 percent, respectively (tables 4 and 14).

The gap in labor force participation among the sexes is narrowing. In March 1988, the labor force participation rate of Hispanic males was 79 percent, a 2 percentage-point decline from their comparable rate for March 1982—81 percent. As noted above, the change in the participation rate for Hispanic women was an increase of 4 percentage points. For non-Hispanics, the labor force participation rate of males decreased from 75 percent to 74 percent between 1982 and 1988—a 1 percentage-point decline. The change in the participation rate for non-Hispanic women was an increase of 4 percentage points.

Unemployment. The unemployment rates in March 1988 for both Hispanics and non-Hispanics, 16 years old and over, were the lowest they have been since the relatively high unemployment rates observed in March 1983, shortly after the end of the last economic recession (figure 3 and table 4).[8] Despite this improvement, the unemployment rate of Hispanics in March 1988 (8.5 percent) remained higher than that for non-Hispanics (5.8 percent). Among the Hispanic subgroups, Cubans and Central and South Americans had the lowest unemployment rates, 3.1 percent and 4.8 percent, respectively. (The unemployment rates of Cubans and Central and South Americans are not statistically different at the 90-percent level of confidence.) The unemployment rate of Cubans also was much lower than that for non-Hispanics (5.8 percent). (See tables 2, 4, and 14)

Family income. After adjusting for the 3.7-percent increase in consumer prices between 1986 and 1987, there was no significant change in the money income of Hispanic families (figure 4 and table 4). The real median income of non-Hispanic families, however, increased by about 1 percent.[9] (The change in the real median income of non-Hispanic families between 1986 and 1987 is not statistically significant from the apparent change in income experienced by Hispanic families.) Since 1982, the bottom of the last economic recession, the real median family income of Hispanic families has risen by 6.9 percent, compared with a 12.3-percent increase for non-Hispanic families. Among the Hispanic subgroups, Puerto Ricans continued to have the lowest median family income.

[8]Comparisons and trends in unemployment rates shown in this report are restricted to data obtained from the March supplement of the CPS and may not necessarily reflect trends observed when comparing other survey months or annual average rates.

[9]Changes in real income refer to comparisons after adjusting for inflation. The percentage change in prices between 1986 and 1987 was computed by dividing the annual average Consumer Price Index (CPI) for 1987 by the annual average value of the CPI for 1986. For a more detailed discussion, see Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 162, "Money Income of Households, Families, and Persons in the United States: 1987."

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Figure 3.
Unemployment Rates for the Population 16 Years Old and Over: March 1982 - March 1988

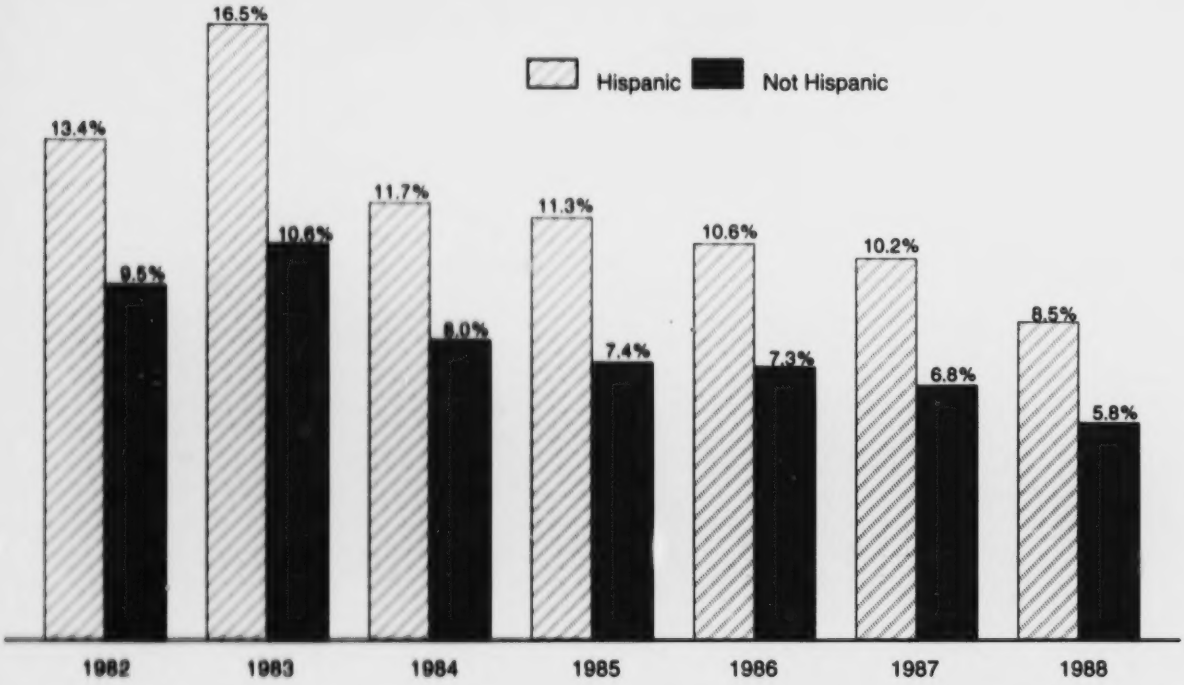
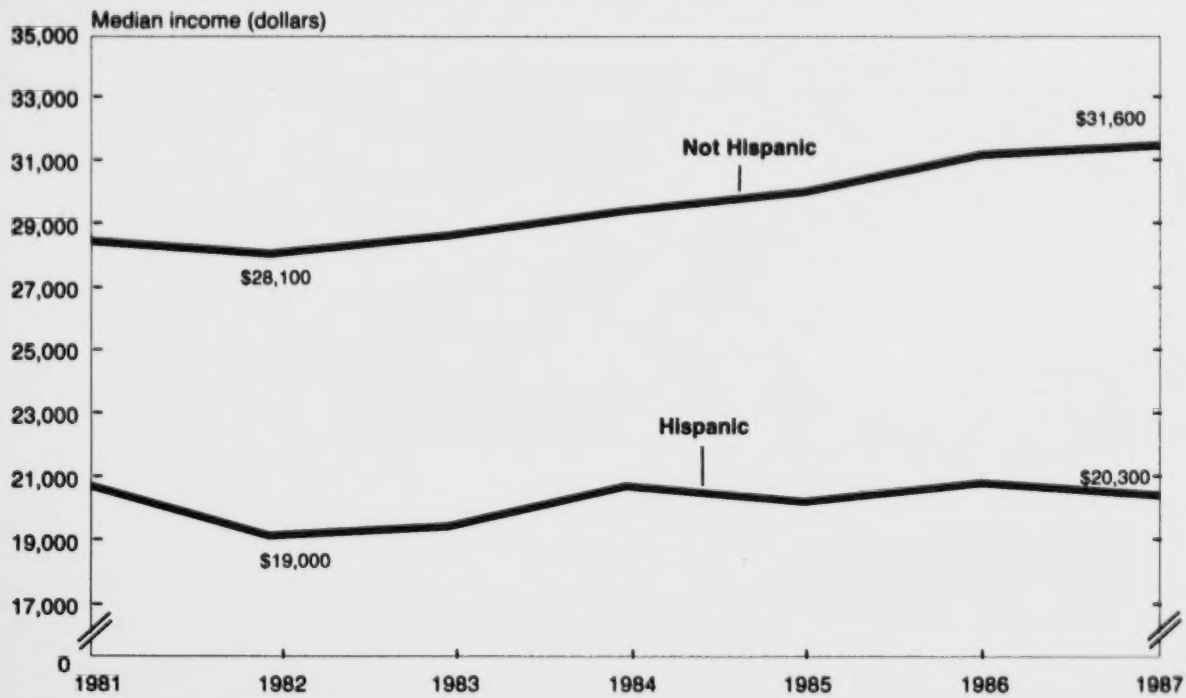


Figure 4.
Median Family Money Income: 1981 to 1987 (In 1987 dollars)



Poverty.[10] About 1.2 million of the 4.6 million Hispanic families (or 25.8 percent) were living below the poverty level in 1987 (figure 5 and tables 2, 31, and 32). Their poverty rate was about two and one-half times as high as that for non-Hispanic families. There has been no significant change in the poverty rate of Hispanic families between 1982 and 1987; however, between 1985 and 1987, the poverty rate of non-Hispanic families dropped from 10.4 percent to 9.7 percent (table 4).

The poverty rate varied among Hispanic subgroups: Puerto Rican families had the highest poverty rate in 1987 with 38 percent. Cuban and Central and South American families had the lowest rates, 13.8 percent and 18.9 percent,[11] respectively (table 2).

The poverty rate among unrelated individuals (persons 15 years old and over who are not living with any relatives) was higher among Hispanics than among non-Hispanics. In 1987, 30 percent of Hispanic unrelated individuals were living below the poverty level compared with 20 percent of non-Hispanic unrelated individuals (table 2).

User Comments. We are interested in your reaction to the usefulness of the information presented here and to the content of the questions used to provide these results. (There are facsimiles of the CPS control card and the origin or descent flash card in appendix C). We welcome your recommendations for improving our survey work. If you have suggestions or comments, please send them to:

Current Survey Comments
Population Division
U.S. Bureau of the Census
Washington, D.C. 20233

[10]The poverty definition used here is that adopted for official government use by the Office of Management and Budget and consists of a set of money income thresholds that vary by family size and composition. Families or individuals with income below their appropriate thresholds are classified as below the poverty level. The poverty thresholds are updated every year to reflect changes in the Consumer Price Index.

The estimates of poverty in this report are based solely on money income and do not include the value of noncash benefits such as food stamps, Medicaid, and public housing. For a further discussion of poverty and valuing noncash benefits, see Current Population Report, Series P-60, No. 161, "Money Income and Poverty Status of Families and Persons in the United States: 1987 (Advance data from the March 1988 Current Population Survey)."

[11]The poverty rates of Cuban and Central and South American families are not statistically different at the 90-percent level of confidence.

Figure 5.
Proportion of Families With Income Below the Poverty Level: 1981 to 1987

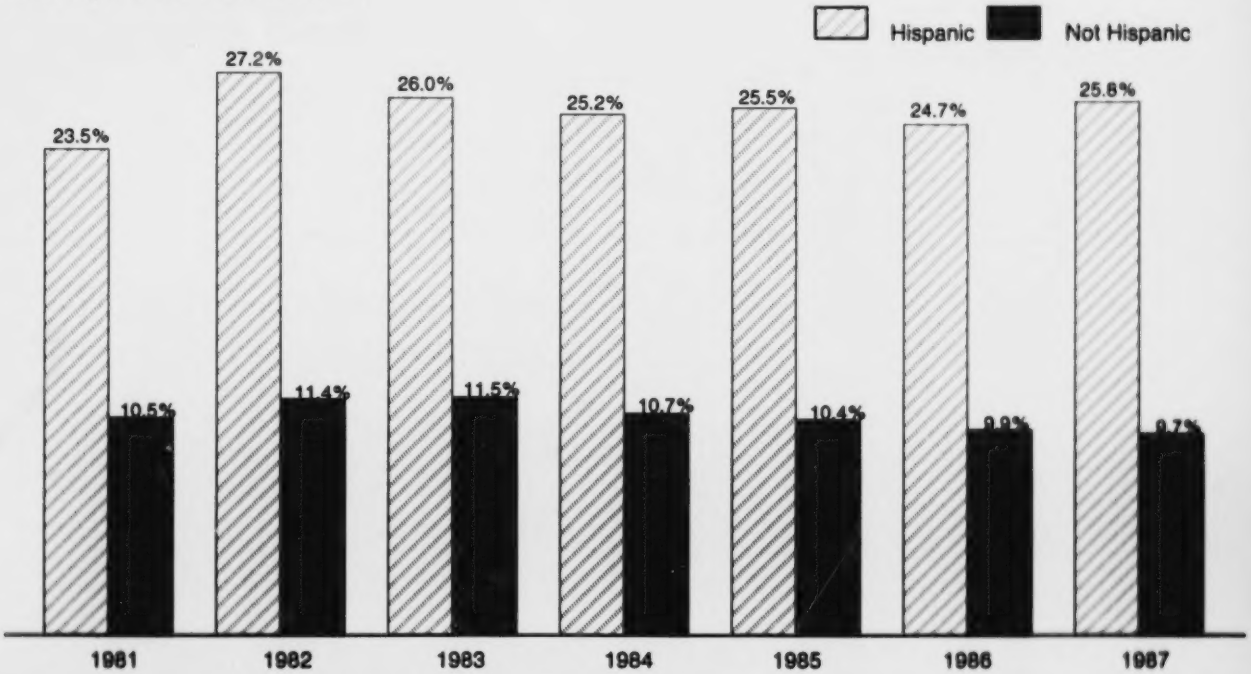


Table 1. Selected Social Characteristics of All Persons and Persons of Hispanic Origin, by Type of Origin: March 1988

(For the United States. Numbers in thousands. For meaning of symbols, see text)

Characteristics	Total population		Total Hispanic origin		Not of Hispanic origin		Mexican origin	
	Estimate	Standard error	Estimate	Standard error	Estimate	Standard error	Estimate	Standard error
AGE								
Total	241,155	(X)	19,431	(X)	221,724	(X)	12,110	98
Percent	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)
Under 5 years	7.6	(X)	10.7	(X)	7.3	(X)	11.8	0.43
5 to 9 years	7.4	(X)	10.2	(X)	7.1	(X)	11.1	0.42
10 to 14 years	6.8	(X)	9.1	(X)	6.6	(X)	10.0	0.40
15 to 19 years	7.5	(X)	8.7	(X)	7.3	(X)	9.2	0.38
20 to 24 years	7.8	(X)	10.1	(X)	7.6	(X)	10.5	0.41
25 to 29 years	8.9	(X)	10.5	(X)	8.8	(X)	10.0	0.40
30 to 34 years	8.9	(X)	9.0	(X)	8.9	(X)	9.0	0.38
35 to 39 years	7.8	(X)	8.0	(X)	7.8	(X)	7.8	0.36
40 to 44 years	6.5	(X)	5.5	(X)	6.7	(X)	5.0	0.29
45 to 49 years	5.2	(X)	4.1	(X)	5.4	(X)	3.7	0.25
50 to 54 years	4.6	(X)	3.7	(X)	4.7	(X)	3.0	0.23
55 to 59 years	4.5	(X)	3.1	(X)	4.6	(X)	2.8	0.22
60 to 64 years	4.4	(X)	2.7	(X)	4.7	(X)	2.3	0.20
65 to 69 years	4.1	(X)	1.7	(X)	4.2	(X)	1.5	0.16
70 to 74 years	3.1	(X)	1.2	(X)	3.4	(X)	1.0	0.13
75 to 79 years	2.4	(X)	0.9	(X)	2.4	(X)	0.7	0.11
80 to 84 years	1.4	(X)	0.5	(X)	1.4	(X)	0.5	0.09
85 years and over	1.0	(X)	0.4	(X)	1.0	(X)	0.3	0.07
16 years and over	76.7	(X)	68.3	(X)	77.5	(X)	65.2	0.63
18 years and over	73.7	(X)	64.9	(X)	74.4	(X)	61.7	0.65
21 years and over	69.2	(X)	59.5	(X)	70.1	(X)	56.1	0.66
Median age (years)	32.2	(X)	25.5	(X)	32.9	(X)	23.9	0.28
SEX								
Percent	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)
Male	48.6	(X)	50.2	(X)	48.5	(X)	51.5	0.66
Female	51.4	(X)	49.8	(X)	51.5	(X)	48.5	0.66
MARITAL STATUS								
Total, 15 years and over	188,452	(X)	13,606	(X)	174,845	(X)	8,134	100
Percent	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)
Never married	26.3	0.24	32.1	1.23	25.8	0.24	31.9	1.59
Married	59.1	0.26	57.1	1.31	59.3	0.27	58.0	1.68
Widowed	7.2	0.14	3.9	0.51	7.4	0.15	3.5	0.63
Divorced	7.4	0.14	6.9	0.67	7.5	0.15	6.6	0.85
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT								
Total, 25 years and over	151,616	(X)	9,940	(X)	141,676	(X)	5,752	93
Percent completed—								
Less than 5 years of school	2.4	0.06	12.3	0.53	1.7	0.05	15.9	0.78
4 years of high school or more	76.2	0.17	51.0	0.81	77.9	0.17	44.6	1.06
4 or more years of college	20.3	0.16	10.0	0.49	21.0	0.16	7.1	0.55
Median school years completed	12.7	0.00	12.0	0.03	12.7	0.00	10.8	0.20
Total, 25 to 34 years	42,970	(X)	3,785	(X)	39,185	(X)	2,301	66
Percent completed—								
Less than 5 years of school	1.0	0.07	6.3	0.64	0.5	0.05	8.3	0.93
4 years of high school or more	86.4	0.25	61.7	1.27	88.8	0.24	54.4	1.67
4 or more years of college	23.7	0.31	11.9	0.85	24.8	0.33	8.4	0.93
Median school years completed	12.9	0.01	12.4	0.03	12.9	0.01	12.1	0.05
TYPE OF FAMILY								
All families	65,133	271	4,588	67	60,545	266	2,671	58
Percent	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)
Married-couple families	79.5	0.21	69.8	0.86	80.3	0.22	74.4	1.07
Female householder, no husband present	16.3	0.19	23.4	0.79	15.8	0.20	18.5	0.95
Male householder, no wife present	4.2	0.10	6.8	0.47	4.0	0.11	7.1	0.63
SIZE OF FAMILY								
Percent	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)
Two persons	41.3	0.26	25.5	0.82	42.4	0.27	21.9	1.01
Three persons	23.7	0.22	24.3	0.80	23.6	0.23	21.7	1.01
Four persons	21.1	0.21	24.5	0.80	20.8	0.22	24.7	1.06
Five persons	9.0	0.15	13.6	0.64	8.6	0.15	15.1	0.88
Six persons	3.2	0.09	6.9	0.47	2.9	0.09	8.6	0.69
Seven or more persons	1.9	0.07	5.2	0.42	1.6	0.07	7.9	0.66
Mean number of persons	3.17	0.01	3.79	0.06	3.13	0.02	4.06	0.12

Table 1. Selected Social Characteristics of All Persons and Persons of Hispanic Origin, by Type of Origin: March 1988—Con.

(For the United States. Numbers in thousands. For meaning of symbols, see text)

Characteristics	Puerto Rican origin		Cuban origin		Central and South American origin		Other Hispanic origin	
	Estimate	Standard error	Estimate	Standard error	Estimate	Standard error	Estimate	Standard error
AGE								
Total	2,471	68	1,035	46	2,242	65	1,573	56
Percent	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)
Under 5 years	10.6	0.91	4.7	0.96	8.5	0.86	9.8	1.10
5 to 9 years	11.3	0.93	4.8	0.97	8.0	0.84	8.6	1.03
10 to 14 years	10.0	0.88	5.3	1.02	6.3	0.75	6.7	0.92
15 to 19 years	8.6	0.82	5.8	1.06	8.8	0.88	6.5	0.91
20 to 24 years	9.6	0.87	8.4	1.26	11.4	0.98	8.1	1.01
25 to 29 years	10.7	0.91	9.7	1.35	13.0	1.04	10.8	1.14
30 to 34 years	7.5	0.77	6.5	1.12	10.6	0.95	10.5	1.13
35 to 39 years	8.7	0.83	5.5	1.04	9.5	0.91	8.2	1.01
40 to 44 years	5.7	0.68	7.4	1.19	7.1	0.79	5.7	0.85
45 to 49 years	3.6	0.55	7.2	1.18	5.2	0.69	4.1	0.73
50 to 54 years	3.7	0.56	6.9	1.15	3.8	0.59	4.9	0.80
55 to 59 years	3.7	0.56	6.3	1.10	3.0	0.53	3.9	0.71
60 to 64 years	2.3	0.44	8.4	1.26	2.2	0.45	3.2	0.65
65 to 69 years	1.7	0.38	3.3	0.81	1.1	0.32	3.5	0.68
70 to 74 years	1.0	0.29	3.7	0.86	0.4	0.19	2.3	0.55
75 to 79 years	0.9	0.28	3.4	0.82	0.6	0.24	1.7	0.48
80 to 84 years	0.2	0.13	1.1	0.47	0.1	0.10	0.6	0.28
85 years and over	0.2	0.13	1.3	0.51	0.2	0.14	1.1	0.38
16 years and over	66.6	1.39	84.0	1.67	75.3	1.33	73.8	1.62
18 years and over	62.7	1.42	81.9	1.75	71.9	1.39	71.2	1.67
21 years and over	57.7	1.45	77.8	1.89	66.4	1.46	66.9	1.74
Median age (years)	24.9	0.70	38.7	1.66	27.6	0.55	29.7	0.85
SEX								
Percent	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)
Male	46.7	1.47	50.9	2.27	47.3	1.54	48.7	1.84
Female	53.3	1.47	49.1	2.27	52.7	1.54	51.4	1.84
MARITAL STATUS								
Total, 15 years and over	1,683	57	882	42	1,728	58	1,179	49
Percent	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)
Never married	34.7	3.57	24.8	4.48	34.3	3.52	31.9	4.16
Married	52.5	3.75	58.5	5.11	57.9	3.66	55.1	4.46
Widowed	4.3	1.52	7.6	2.75	2.9	1.24	5.0	1.95
Divorced	8.4	2.08	9.1	2.98	4.8	1.58	7.9	2.42
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT								
Total, 25 years and over	1,231	50	735	39	1,275	50	948	44
Percent completed—								
Less than 5 years of school	9.6	1.35	5.5	1.36	6.7	1.13	5.6	1.20
4 years of high school or more	50.7	2.30	60.5	2.91	63.8	2.17	65.2	2.49
4 or more years of college	9.6	1.35	17.2	2.24	16.5	1.68	14.0	1.82
Median school years completed	12.0	0.17	12.4	0.09	12.4	0.06	12.4	0.06
Total, 25 to 34 years	450	31	168	19	530	33	337	27
Percent completed—								
Less than 5 years of school	2.2	1.11	1.8	1.65	4.7	1.48	2.4	1.34
4 years of high school or more	67.3	3.57	83.3	4.64	69.8	3.22	80.7	3.47
4 or more years of college	11.3	2.41	23.8	5.30	21.1	2.86	16.0	3.22
Median school years completed	12.5	0.08	13.4	0.51	12.7	0.11	12.7	0.08
TYPE OF FAMILY								
All families	668	32	311	22	544	29	395	25
Percent	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)
Married-couple families	51.6	2.45	78.1	2.97	65.8	2.58	67.8	2.98
Female householder, no husband present	44.0	2.43	16.1	2.64	24.4	2.33	26.1	2.80
Male householder, no wife present	4.3	0.99	5.8	1.68	9.6	1.60	6.1	1.53
SIZE OF FAMILY								
Percent	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)
Two persons	30.6	2.26	32.8	3.37	25.4	2.37	35.2	3.05
Three persons	28.7	2.22	32.8	3.37	24.6	2.34	27.6	2.85
Four persons	24.3	2.10	24.1	3.07	24.4	2.33	23.5	2.70
Five persons	10.6	1.51	7.1	1.85	15.8	1.98	10.4	1.95
Six persons	3.8	0.94	3.2	1.26	7.7	1.45	2.8	1.05
Seven or more persons	2.0	0.69	-	(X)	2.0	0.76	0.5	0.45
Mean number of persons	3.39	0.26	3.16	0.38	3.68	0.31	3.27	0.34

Table 2. Selected Economic Characteristics of All Persons and Persons of Hispanic Origin, by Type of Origin: March 1988

(For the United States. Numbers in thousands. For meaning of symbols, see text)

Characteristics	Total population		Total Hispanic origin		Not of Hispanic origin		Mexican origin	
	Estimate	Standard error	Estimate	Standard error	Estimate	Standard error	Estimate	Standard error
LABOR FORCE STATUS[1]								
Total, 16 years and over	185,069	(X)	13,264	(X)	171,804	(X)	7,902	100
In civilian labor force	119,725	222	8,682	68	111,043	247	5,292	91
Percent in civilian labor force	64.7	0.21	65.5	0.74	64.6	0.22	67.0	0.95
Percent unemployed	6.0	0.10	8.5	0.40	5.8	0.10	9.8	0.60
Males, 16 years and over	88,522	(X)	6,608	(X)	81,944	(X)	4,112	71
In civilian labor force	65,738	156	5,216	48	60,522	174	3,308	68
Percent in civilian labor force	74.2	0.24	78.9	0.80	73.9	0.25	80.4	1.01
Percent unemployed	6.4	0.14	9.5	0.55	6.1	0.14	11.0	0.80
Females, 16 years and over	96,516	(X)	6,656	(X)	89,860	(X)	3,790	67
In civilian labor force	53,987	194	3,466	54	50,521	197	1,985	58
Percent in civilian labor force	55.9	0.28	52.1	1.11	56.2	0.29	52.4	1.64
Percent unemployed	5.5	0.15	7.0	0.58	5.4	0.15	7.7	0.88
OCCUPATION[1]								
Employed males, 16 years and over	61,538	171	4,719	53	56,819	183	2,945	66
Percent	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)
Managerial and professional specialty	26.2	0.25	13.0	0.69	27.3	0.27	10.3	0.82
Technical, sales, and administrative support	19.9	0.23	15.4	0.75	20.3	0.24	12.3	0.89
Service occupations	9.4	0.17	14.8	0.73	9.0	0.17	13.3	0.92
Farming, forestry, and fishing	4.1	0.11	8.2	0.57	3.7	0.11	11.5	0.86
Precision production, craft, and repair	19.5	0.23	20.5	0.83	19.4	0.24	22.1	1.12
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	20.9	0.23	28.1	0.93	20.3	0.24	30.4	1.24
Employed females, 16 years and over	51,027	196	3,224	54	47,803	198	1,831	56
Percent	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)
Managerial and professional specialty	25.3	0.25	15.7	0.84	25.9	0.26	12.6	1.13
Technical, sales, and administrative support	45.1	0.29	41.1	1.14	45.3	0.30	41.7	1.69
Service occupations	17.7	0.22	21.7	0.95	17.4	0.23	21.9	1.41
Farming, forestry, and fishing	0.9	0.05	1.5	0.28	0.9	0.06	2.1	0.49
Precision production, craft, and repair	2.3	0.09	3.5	0.43	2.2	0.09	3.6	0.64
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	8.8	0.16	16.6	0.86	8.3	0.17	18.0	1.31
MEDIAN EARNINGS OF PERSONS IN 1987[2]								
Males with earnings .....(dollars)	19,878	146	12,527	320	20,496	126	11,791	224
Females with earnings .....(dollars)	10,618	67	8,554	286	10,745	69	7,912	264
FAMILY INCOME IN 1987								
Total families	65,133	271	4,588	67	60,545	266	2,671	58
Percent with income:								
Less than $25,000	39.5	0.26	59.5	1.04	38.1	0.27	60.4	1.36
$25,000 or more	60.4	0.26	40.6	1.04	62.1	0.27	39.5	1.36
Median income .....(dollars)	30,853	137	20,306	451	31,610	141	19,968	557
BELOW POVERTY LEVEL IN 1987								
Families	7,059	137	1,183	51	5,876	123	680	38
Percent below poverty level[3]	10.8	0.17	25.8	0.93	9.7	0.17	25.5	1.21
Family householder—[4]								
65 years old and over:								
Number	751	40	70	12	682	38	38	9
Percent	7.2	0.36	21.7	3.30	6.7	0.36	20.4	4.25
Not a high school graduate:[5]								
Number	3,165	86	768	40	2,398	74	468	31
Percent	21.1	0.48	36.4	1.51	18.6	0.49	34.6	1.86
Female, no husband present:								
Number	3,636	93	555	34	3,081	85	232	22
Percent	34.3	0.66	51.8	2.19	32.3	0.69	47.1	3.23
Unrelated individuals:								
Number	6,843	134	589	35	6,254	127	305	25
Percent	20.8	0.32	30.5	1.51	20.2	0.33	28.2	1.97

Table 2. Selected Economic Characteristics of All Persons and Persons of Hispanic Origin, by Type of Origin: March 1988—Con.

(For the United States. Numbers in thousands. For meaning of symbols, see text)

Characteristics	Puerto Rican origin		Cuban origin		Central and South American origin		Other Hispanic origin	
	Estimate	Standard error	Estimate	Standard error	Estimate	Standard error	Estimate	Standard error
LABOR FORCE STATUS[1]								
Total, 16 years and over	1,646	57	868	42	1,687	57	1,161	48
In civilian labor force	875	42	567	34	1,221	49	727	39
Percent in civilian labor force	53.2	2.47	65.3	2.92	72.4	1.87	62.6	2.62
Percent unemployed	9.2	1.43	3.1	1.06	4.8	0.89	9.2	1.57
Males, 16 years and over	728	38	431	30	779	39	558	34
In civilian labor force	499	32	333	26	661	36	416	29
Percent in civilian labor force	68.6	3.04	77.2	3.36	84.8	2.04	74.5	3.13
Percent unemployed	8.2	1.80	4.1	1.59	5.6	1.31	10.2	2.17
Females, 16 years and over	918	42	437	30	908	42	603	35
In civilian labor force	376	28	234	22	560	34	311	25
Percent in civilian labor force	40.9	3.71	53.6	4.77	61.7	3.00	51.6	4.14
Percent unemployed	10.5	2.31	1.7	1.24	3.9	1.20	7.7	2.21
OCCUPATION[1]								
Employed males, 16 years and over	458	31	319	26	624	35	373	28
Percent	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)
Managerial and professional specialty	15.1	2.45	23.7	3.48	12.1	1.91	23.5	3.21
Technical, sales, and administrative support	16.6	2.54	27.8	3.67	20.5	2.36	18.9	2.96
Service occupations	19.0	2.68	10.7	2.53	21.8	2.42	13.6	2.60
Farming, forestry, and fishing	1.8	0.91	1.6	1.03	4.1	1.16	2.0	1.06
Precision production, craft, and repair	17.5	2.60	15.0	2.92	19.7	2.33	17.8	2.90
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	30.0	3.13	21.1	3.34	21.9	2.42	24.2	3.24
Employed females, 16 years and over	337	26	230	22	538	33	287	24
Percent	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)	100.0	(X)
Managerial and professional specialty	20.5	3.22	27.3	4.30	14.1	2.19	23.2	3.64
Technical, sales, and administrative support	44.7	3.96	41.8	4.76	37.9	3.06	37.8	4.19
Service occupations	15.3	2.87	13.0	3.24	28.4	2.84	22.5	3.61
Farming, forestry, and fishing	-	(X)	-	(X)	0.2	0.28	2.6	1.37
Precision production, craft, and repair	3.6	1.48	3.2	1.70	3.4	1.14	2.9	1.45
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	15.8	2.91	14.7	3.41	16.0	2.31	11.0	2.70
MEDIAN EARNINGS OF PERSONS IN 1987[2]								
Males with earnings (dollars)	15,672	922	16,634	844	13,105	1,153	15,574	1,162
Females with earnings (dollars)	11,327	704	11,364	942	8,056	424	11,239	868
FAMILY INCOME IN 1987								
Total families	668	32	311	22	544	29	395	25
Percent with income:								
Less than $25,000	68.3	2.59	46.2	4.06	53.0	3.08	57.2	3.58
$25,000 or more	31.8	2.59	53.9	4.06	47.0	3.08	42.8	3.58
Median income (dollars)	15,185	1,155	27,294	2,574	22,939	1,775	21,196	1,528
BELOW POVERTY LEVEL IN 1987								
Families	253	23	43	9	103	15	103	15
Percent below poverty level [3]	37.9	2.70	13.8	2.81	18.9	2.41	26.1	3.18
Family householder—[4]								
65 years old and over:								
Number	12	5	11	5	2	2	7	4
Percent	(B)	(X)	(B)	(X)	(B)	(X)	(B)	(X)
Not a high school graduate:[5]								
Number	159	18	29	8	58	11	55	11
Percent	52.1	4.11	24.6	5.70	30.9	4.85	37.7	5.77
Female, husband absent:								
Number	192	20	19	6	51	10	61	11
Percent	65.3	3.99	(B)	(X)	38.3	6.06	59.2	6.96
Unrelated individuals:								
Number	98	14	49	10	77	13	59	11
Percent	39.7	4.48	33.8	5.65	33.2	4.45	26.0	4.19

[1] Data on labor force status and occupation groups shown in this report reflect characteristics of the population for March of the respective survey year and are not adjusted for seasonal change. Data released by the Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, may not agree entirely with data shown in this report due to differences in methodological procedures and seasonal adjustment of the data.
[2] For civilian persons 15 years old and over.
[3] Percent of all families of specified origin.
[4] Percents based on householders with specified characteristics and of specified origin.
[5] Householders 25 years old and over.

Table 3. Selected Social Characteristics of the Hispanic Population: March 1982 to 1988

(For the United States. Numbers in thousands)

Characteristics	Hispanic origin							Not of Hispanic origin						
	1988	1987	1986 [3]	1985	1984	1983 [2]	1982 [1]	1988	1987	1986 [3]	1985	1984	1983 [2]	1982 [1]
AGE														
Total	19,431	18,790	18,091	16,940	16,553	16,028	15,364	221,724	219,999	218,658	217,126	215,385	213,553	212,014
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 5 years	10.7	10.6	10.9	10.7	11.3	11.1	11.1	7.3	7.3	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.5	7.3
5 to 9 years	10.2	10.5	10.0	10.1	9.5	10.3	10.5	7.1	7.1	7.0	6.8	6.8	6.7	6.8
10 to 14 years	9.1	9.1	9.5	9.7	10.2	9.7	9.8	6.6	6.7	6.8	7.2	7.4	7.6	7.8
15 to 19 years	8.7	8.8	9.0	9.2	9.3	9.7	10.2	7.3	7.5	7.6	7.7	7.9	8.2	8.5
20 to 24 years	10.1	10.6	10.7	10.4	10.7	10.6	10.6	7.6	7.9	8.2	8.6	8.8	9.1	9.2
25 to 29 years	10.5	10.3	10.4	10.0	9.9	10.0	9.7	8.8	9.0	9.0	8.9	9.0	8.9	8.8
30 to 34 years	9.0	8.9	8.8	8.2	8.5	8.6	8.2	8.9	8.8	8.6	8.5	8.3	8.1	8.1
35 to 39 years	8.0	7.4	7.1	6.8	6.7	6.6	6.3	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.4	7.1	7.0	6.7
40 to 44 years	5.5	5.5	5.2	5.8	4.9	4.8	5.0	6.7	6.4	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.6	5.4
45 to 49 years	4.1	4.0	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.2	4.3	5.4	5.2	5.0	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9
50 to 54 years	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.7	4.2	3.8	4.7	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.9	5.1
55 to 59 years	3.1	3.0	2.9	3.5	3.4	3.2	3.3	4.6	4.8	4.9	5.0	5.0	5.1	5.2
60 to 64 years	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.4	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.7	4.8	4.8	4.7
65 to 69 years	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.8	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.0
70 to 74 years	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.4	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.2
75 to 79 years	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.9	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.2
80 to 84 years	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3
85 years and over	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8
16 years and over	68.3	68.0	67.8	67.7	67.2	67.0	66.8	77.5	77.4	77.2	77.0	76.9	76.7	76.5
18 years and over	64.9	64.5	64.1	64.0	63.3	63.1	62.6	74.4	74.3	74.1	73.9	73.8	73.5	73.2
21 years and over	59.5	58.9	58.5	58.3	57.5	57.0	56.1	70.1	69.9	69.7	69.2	68.8	68.3	67.9
Median age (years)	25.5	25.1	25.0	25.0	24.5	24.3	23.9	32.9	32.6	32.3	31.9	31.6	31.3	31.0
SEX														
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male	50.2	50.1	49.9	49.8	49.8	49.8	49.7	48.5	48.5	48.5	48.4	48.4	48.4	48.3
Female	49.8	49.9	50.1	50.2	50.2	50.2	50.3	51.5	51.5	51.5	51.6	51.6	51.6	51.7
MARITAL STATUS														
Total, 15 years and over	13,606	13,104	12,597	11,776	11,423	11,030	10,542	174,845	173,584	172,230	170,540	168,860	167,065	165,646
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Never married	32.1	31.5	31.8	31.2	32.0	32.1	29.6	25.8	26.0	25.8	25.8	26.0	25.9	25.7
Married	57.1	57.5	57.0	57.9	57.3	57.2	60.1	59.3	59.4	59.3	59.3	59.7	60.2	60.4
Widowed	3.9	3.9	4.2	4.7	4.3	4.1	4.1	7.4	7.3	7.5	7.6	7.5	7.4	7.4
Divorced	6.9	7.1	6.9	6.2	6.3	6.6	6.3	7.5	7.3	7.4	7.2	6.9	6.5	6.5
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT														
Total, 25 years and over	9,940	9,449	9,030	8,455	8,112	7,778	7,337	141,676	139,694	137,576	135,070	132,809	130,263	128,190
Percent completed—														
Less than 5 years of school	12.3	11.9	12.9	13.5	14.4	15.6	15.3	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.4
4 years of high school or more	51.0	50.9	48.5	47.9	46.5	45.7	45.4	77.9	77.3	76.5	75.5	74.7	73.4	72.3
4 or more years of college	10.0	8.6	8.4	8.5	8.1	8.0	7.7	21.0	20.6	20.2	20.1	19.6	19.3	18.3
Median school years completed	12.0	12.0	11.7	11.5	11.1	10.9	10.8	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.6	12.6	12.6
Total, 25 to 34 years	3,785	3,613	3,476	3,090	3,056	2,968	2,747	39,185	39,023	38,577	37,767	37,126	36,385	35,957
Percent completed—														
Less than 5 years of school	6.3	5.6	6.0	6.9	7.5	7.3	7.0	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4
4 years of high school or more	61.7	60.3	58.6	58.5	57.7	57.8	58.5	88.8	89.0	89.4	89.1	88.6	88.4	88.3
4 or more years of college	11.9	9.8	9.9	10.5	10.1	10.4	9.7	24.8	25.2	25.3	24.9	25.4	25.4	24.8
Median school years completed	12.4	12.3	12.3	12.3	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9

Table 3. Selected Social Characteristics of the Hispanic Population: March 1982 to 1988—Con.

(For the United States. Numbers in thousands)

Characteristics	Hispanic origin							Not of Hispanic origin						
	1988	1987	1986 [3]	1985	1984	1983 [2]	1982 [1]	1988	1987	1986 [3]	1985	1984	1983 [2]	1982 [1]
TYPE OF FAMILY														
All families	4,588	4,403	4,206	3,939	3,788	3,628	3,730	60,545	60,088	59,352	58,767	58,226	57,797	57,319
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Married-couple families	69.8	70.8	70.4	71.7	72.7	72.2	74.1	80.3	80.6	80.8	80.9	81.3	81.8	81.8
Female householder, no husband present	23.4	23.4	23.3	23.0	22.7	22.8	21.5	15.8	15.7	15.6	15.7	15.5	15.0	15.0
Male householder, no wife present	6.8	5.7	6.3	5.3	4.7	5.0	4.4	4.0	3.8	3.6	3.4	3.2	3.2	3.2
SIZE OF FAMILY														
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	10.0	100.0
Two persons	25.5	25.3	25.2	24.4	24.7	23.6	23.7	42.4	42.0	41.1	41.5	40.9	40.6	41.0
Three persons	24.3	22.8	23.3	24.1	23.1	23.3	23.5	23.6	23.9	24.3	23.6	23.3	23.1	23.0
Four persons	24.5	25.0	24.9	23.7	24.0	24.3	22.9	20.8	20.8	20.7	21.0	21.2	21.1	20.5
Five persons	13.6	14.9	14.2	14.0	14.6	14.2	15.2	8.6	8.7	9.3	9.1	9.2	9.5	9.5
Six persons	6.9	6.7	6.8	7.0	7.3	7.8	7.2	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.2	3.5	3.8	3.8
Seven or more persons	5.2	5.3	5.6	6.7	6.4	6.8	7.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.2
Mean number of persons	3.79	3.83	3.87	3.88	3.97	3.97	3.74	3.13	3.14	3.16	3.18	3.20	3.22	3.22

[1]The use of independent estimates of the Hispanic population as control totals for CPS estimates of the total Hispanic population by sex and detailed age was first implemented for the March 1982 CPS. The use of independently derived estimates of the Hispanic population as control totals was implemented to eliminate random annual fluctuations in the CPS estimates for the total Hispanic population and to establish a post-census time series of Hispanic estimates more comparable to the 1980 census count of Hispanics. See U.S. Bureau of the Census report, Current Population Reports, Series P-20, No. 396, "Persons of Spanish Origin in the United States: March 1982," for a detailed explanation of the methodology used.

[2]The methodology used to develop the independent estimates of Hispanics for March 1982 was preliminary. Beginning in March 1983, a refined methodology was used to produce the independent estimates of the Hispanic population used as control totals for the CPS estimates of Hispanics by sex and detailed age. See U.S. Bureau of the Census report, Current Population Reports, Series P-20, No. 422, "The Hispanic Population in the United States: March 1985," for a detailed discussion of the refined methodology.

[3]Beginning with population estimates and CPS controls for January 1986, the Census Bureau made two major modifications in the method used to produce national estimates for the population by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin. The first change was an allowance for net undocumented immigration into the United States that had occurred since the 1980 census. The second change was an increase in the estimate of migration out of the United States by legal residents. See U.S. Bureau of the Census report, Current Population Reports, Series P-20, No. 416, "The Hispanic Population in the United States: March 1986 and 1987 (Advance Report)," for a detailed explanation of the methodology used beginning in 1986.

Table 4. Selected Economic Characteristics of the Hispanic Population: March 1982 to 1988

(For the United States. Numbers in thousands. For meaning of symbols, see text)

Characteristics	Hispanic origin							Not of Hispanic origin						
	1988	1987	1986 [3]	1985	1984	1983 [2]	1982 [1]	1988	1987	1986 [3]	1985	1984	1983 [2]	1982 [1]
LABOR FORCE STATUS [4]														
Total, 16 years and over	13,264	12,772	12,273	11,466	11,121	10,734	10,268	171,804	170,320	168,762	167,121	165,638	163,803	162,273
In civilian labor force	8,682	8,302	7,837	7,362	7,059	6,734	6,567	111,043	109,832	108,250	106,894	104,767	103,041	102,179
Percent in civilian labor force	65.5	65.0	63.9	64.2	63.5	62.7	64.0	64.6	64.5	64.1	64.0	63.3	62.9	63.0
Percent unemployed	8.5	10.2	10.6	11.3	11.7	16.5	13.4	5.8	6.8	7.3	7.4	8.0	10.6	9.5
Males, 16 years and over	6,608	6,343	6,095	5,643	5,463	5,283	5,040	81,944	81,181	80,450	79,489	78,699	77,860	77,063
In civilian labor force	5,216	5,030	4,814	4,427	4,275	4,156	4,058	60,522	60,145	59,541	58,938	58,312	57,893	57,624
Percent in civilian labor force	78.9	79.3	79.0	78.5	78.2	78.7	80.5	73.9	74.1	74.0	74.1	74.1	74.4	74.8
Percent unemployed	9.5	10.6	11.3	11.8	11.8	16.6	13.2	6.1	7.1	7.5	7.5	8.4	11.6	10.1
Females, 16 years and over	6,656	6,430	6,178	5,823	5,657	5,451	5,228	89,860	89,139	88,312	87,632	86,939	85,943	85,210
In civilian labor force	3,466	3,272	3,023	2,935	2,785	2,578	2,509	50,521	49,688	48,710	47,956	46,455	45,148	44,555
Percent in civilian labor force	52.1	50.9	48.9	50.4	49.2	47.3	46.0	56.2	55.7	55.2	54.7	53.4	52.5	52.3
Percent unemployed	7.0	9.5	9.5	10.5	11.5	16.3	13.6	5.4	6.4	7.0	7.2	7.5	9.3	8.7
OCCUPATION [4]														
Employed males, 16 years and over	4,719	4,497	4,271	3,906	3,769	3,466	3,522	56,819	55,871	55,081	54,524	53,410	51,158	51,796
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(NA)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(NA)
Managerial and professional specialty	13.0	10.8	11.2	11.6	11.5	11.6	(NA)	27.3	26.5	25.9	26.2	26.1	26.3	(NA)
Technical, sales, and administrative support	15.4	15.6	15.9	14.6	14.9	14.3	(NA)	20.3	20.3	20.6	20.2	20.2	20.0	(NA)
Service occupations	14.8	14.3	16.0	14.9	15.4	15.5	(NA)	9.0	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.3	9.4	(NA)
Farming, forestry, and fishing	8.2	10.1	6.2	6.0	7.6	7.3	(NA)	3.7	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.4	4.8	(NA)
Precision production, craft, and repair	20.5	21.1	20.1	23.3	20.4	19.5	(NA)	19.4	19.9	20.1	20.1	19.8	19.7	(NA)
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	28.1	28.0	30.7	29.6	30.2	31.7	(NA)	20.3	19.9	19.8	19.8	20.2	19.8	(NA)
Employed females, 16 years and over	3,224	2,960	2,736	2,625	2,463	2,157	2,167	47,803	46,526	45,293	44,495	42,971	40,946	40,692
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(NA)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(NA)
Managerial and professional specialty	15.7	14.6	13.7	12.6	12.8	12.4	(NA)	25.9	25.5	24.6	24.4	23.9	22.9	(NA)
Technical, sales, and administrative support	41.1	41.3	40.8	42.7	40.1	42.0	(NA)	45.3	45.5	46.1	45.9	45.1	46.0	(NA)
Service occupations	21.7	23.5	23.6	22.3	22.7	22.9	(NA)	17.4	17.6	18.0	17.9	18.4	18.6	(NA)
Farming, forestry, and fishing	1.5	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.1	(NA)	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	(NA)
Precision production, craft, and repair	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.5	3.1	3.4	(NA)	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.2	1.9	(NA)
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	16.6	15.5	16.9	17.7	19.9	18.2	(NA)	8.3	8.4	8.1	8.6	9.4	9.5	(NA)
MEDIAN EARNINGS OF PERSONS IN PREVIOUS YEAR [5]														
Current dollars:														
Males with earnings (dollars)	12,527	11,958	12,035	11,857	11,396	10,553	10,850	20,496	19,588	18,457	17,451	16,459	15,743	15,359
Females with earnings (dollars)	8,554	8,258	7,919	7,669	7,275	7,061	6,597	10,745	10,110	9,452	8,776	8,288	7,726	7,264
In 1987 dollars:														
Males with earnings (dollars)	12,527	12,394	12,715	12,974	13,001	12,425	13,558	20,496	20,303	19,500	19,095	18,776	18,536	19,193
Females with earnings (dollars)	8,554	8,559	8,366	8,391	8,299	8,314	8,244	10,745	10,479	9,986	9,603	9,455	9,097	9,077

Table 4. Selected Economic Characteristics of the Hispanic Population: March 1982 to 1988—Con.

(For the United States. Numbers in thousands. For meaning of symbols, see text)

Characteristics	Hispanic origin							Not of Hispanic origin						
	1988	1987	1986 [3]	1985	1984	1983 [2]	1982 [1]	1988	1987	1986 [3]	1985	1984	1983 [2]	1982 [1]
FAMILY INCOME IN PREVIOUS YEAR														
Total families	4,588	4,403	4,206	3,939	3,788	3,628	3,730	60,545	60,088	59,352	58,767	58,226	57,798	57,319
Percent with income:														
Less than $25,000	59.5	60.8	63.5	64.2	70.7	72.2	72.4	38.1	40.3	43.0	45.6	49.7	52.5	55.0
$25,000 or more	40.6	39.2	36.5	35.7	29.3	27.8	27.6	62.1	59.7	57.0	54.4	50.3	47.5	45.0
Current dollars:														
Median income ..(dollars)	20,306	19,995	19,027	18,833	16,907	16,129	16,510	31,610	30,231	28,473	26,951	25,142	23,900	22,794
Mean income ....(dollars)	25,736	24,439	23,152	22,568	20,374	19,625	19,481	37,388	35,693	33,638	31,620	29,144	27,819	26,204
In 1987 dollars:														
Median income ...(dollars)	20,306	20,725	20,102	20,607	19,288	18,990	20,631	31,610	31,334	30,082	29,490	28,682	28,140	28,483
Mean income ....(dollars)	25,736	25,331	24,460	24,694	23,243	23,106	24,343	37,388	36,996	35,539	34,599	33,247	32,754	32,745
BELOW POVERTY LEVEL IN PREVIOUS YEAR														
Families .....(thous.)	1,183	1,085	1,074	991	985	986	875	5,876	5,938	6,149	6,286	6,696	6,577	6,022
Percent below poverty level [6]	25.8	24.7	25.5	25.2	26.0	27.2	23.5	9.7	9.9	10.4	10.7	11.5	11.4	10.5
Family householder— [7]														
65 years old and over:														
Number	70	58	54	58	50	60	72	682	659	653	655	794	843	788
Percent	21.7	17.4	16.6	19.4	18.5	22.8	25.2	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.9	8.5	9.0	8.6
Not a high school graduate: [8]														
Number	768	678	698	633	611	693	575	2,398	2,330	2,485	2,596	2,869	2,898	2,728
Percent	36.4	33.6	34.0	32.5	32.0	37.4	31.2	18.6	17.8	18.6	18.9	20.3	19.6	18.1
Female, no husband present:														
Number	555	528	521	483	455	457	426	3,081	3,085	2,953	3,014	3,117	3,002	2,843
Percent	51.8	51.2	53.1	53.4	52.9	55.3	53.1	32.3	32.8	32.0	32.7	34.5	34.6	33.0
Unrelated individuals:														
Number	589	553	532	545	458	439	356	6,254	6,293	6,193	6,065	6,403	6,034	6,134
Percent	30.5	32.8	33.2	36.8	33.6	34.6	31.1	20.2	21.0	20.8	21.1	23.0	22.7	23.1

[1] The use of independent estimates of the Hispanic population as control totals for CPS estimates of the total Hispanic population by sex and detailed age was first implemented for the March 1982 CPS. The use of independently derived estimates of the Hispanic population as control totals was implemented to eliminate random annual fluctuations in the CPS estimates for the total Hispanic population and to establish a post-census time series of Hispanic estimates more comparable to the 1980 census count of Hispanics. See U.S. Bureau of the Census report, Current Population Reports, Series P-20, No. 396, "Persons of Spanish Origin in the United States: March 1982," for a detailed explanation of the methodology used.

[2] The methodology used to develop the independent estimates of Hispanics for March 1982 was preliminary. Beginning in March 1983, a refined methodology was used to produce the independent estimates of the Hispanic population used as control totals for the CPS estimates of Hispanics by sex and detailed age. See U.S. Bureau of the Census report, Current Population Reports, Series P-20, No. 422, "The Hispanic Population in the United States: March 1985," for a detailed discussion of the refined methodology.

[3] Beginning with population estimates and CPS controls for January 1986, the Census Bureau made two major modifications in the method used to produce national estimates for the population by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin. The first change was an allowance for net undocumented immigration into the United States that had occurred since the 1980 census. The second change was an increase in the estimate of migration out of the United States by legal residents. See U.S. Bureau of the Census report, Current Population Reports, Series P-20, No. 416, "The Hispanic Population in the United States: March 1986 and 1987 (Advance Report)," for a detailed explanation of the methodology used beginning in 1986.

[4] Data on labor force status and occupation groups shown in this report reflect characteristics of the population for March of the respective survey year and are not adjusted for seasonal change. Data released by the Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, may not agree entirely with data shown in this report due to differences in methodological procedures and seasonal adjustment of the data.

[5] For civilian persons 15 years old and over.

[6] Percent of all families of specified origin.

[7] Percents based on householders with specified characteristics and of specified origin.

[8] Householders 25 years old and over.

Table 5. Total and Hispanic Populations, by Broad Age Groups, Sex, and Type of Origin: March 1988

(For the United States)

SEX AND AGE	TOTAL POPULATION	SPANISH ORIGIN						NOT OF SPANISH ORIGIN
		TOTAL	MEXICAN	PUERTO RICAN	CUBAN	CENTRAL OR SOUTH AMERICAN	OTHER SPANISH	
BOTH SEXES								
MEDIAN AGE. . . . . .YEARS. .	32.2	25.5	23.9	24.9	38.7	27.6	29.7	32.9
PERCENT:								
UNDER 5 YEARS OLD	7.6	10.7	11.8	10.6	4.7	8.5	9.8	7.3
18 YEARS OLD AND OVER	73.7	64.9	61.7	62.7	81.9	71.9	71.2	74.4
65 YEARS OLD AND OVER	11.8	4.6	3.9	3.9	13.1	2.6	9.0	12.5
MALE								
MEDIAN AGE. . . . . .YEARS. .	31.2	25.1	23.9	23.8	36.9	26.5	29.6	31.9
PERCENT:								
UNDER 5 YEARS OLD	8.0	11.0	12.0	11.5	4.7	8.4	10.1	7.7
18 YEARS OLD AND OVER	72.3	64.4	62.5	59.5	79.4	70.1	69.9	73.0
65 YEARS OLD AND OVER	10.1	4.1	3.5	3.7	9.8	1.8	8.3	10.6
FEMALE								
MEDIAN AGE. . . . . .YEARS. .	33.2	26.1	23.9	25.7	40.9	28.8	29.9	33.8
PERCENT:								
UNDER 5 YEARS OLD	7.2	10.5	11.6	9.8	4.6	8.7	9.4	6.9
18 YEARS OLD AND OVER	75.0	65.3	61.0	65.4	84.6	73.5	72.6	75.8
65 YEARS OLD AND OVER	13.5	5.2	4.3	4.1	16.4	3.3	9.6	14.2

Table 6. Total and Hispanic Populations, by Age, Sex, and Type of Origin: March 1988

(For the United States)

SEX AND AGE	TOTAL POPULATION	SPANISH ORIGIN						NOT OF SPANISH ORIGIN[1]
		TOTAL	MEXICAN	PUERTO RICAN	CUBAN	CENTRAL OR SOUTH AMERICAN	OTHER SPANISH	
BOTH SEXES								
TOTAL . . . . . THOUSANDS. .	241 155	19 431	12 110	2 471	1 035	2 242	1 573	221 724
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
UNDER 5 YEARS	7.6	10.7	11.8	10.6	4.7	8.5	9.8	7.3
5 AND 6 YEARS	3.0	4.2	4.6	4.7	2.1	3.2	3.2	2.9
7 TO 9 YEARS.	4.4	6.0	6.5	6.6	2.7	4.8	5.4	4.2
10 TO 13 YEARS.	5.5	7.3	8.0	7.9	4.4	5.3	5.5	5.3
14 AND 15 YEARS	2.8	3.5	3.9	3.6	2.2	2.8	2.4	2.7
16 AND 17 YEARS	3.1	3.4	3.5	3.9	2.0	3.4	2.5	3.0
18 AND 19 YEARS	3.0	3.5	3.8	3.2	2.5	3.6	2.8	2.9
20 AND 21 YEARS	2.9	3.6	3.7	3.5	3.6	4.4	2.5	2.9
22 TO 24 YEARS.	4.9	6.5	6.8	6.1	4.8	7.0	5.6	4.7
25 TO 29 YEARS.	8.9	10.5	10.0	10.7	9.7	13.0	10.8	8.8
30 TO 34 YEARS.	8.9	9.0	9.0	7.5	6.5	10.6	10.5	8.9
35 TO 44 YEARS.	14.4	13.5	12.8	14.3	12.8	16.7	13.8	14.5
45 TO 54 YEARS.	9.9	7.7	6.7	7.4	14.2	8.9	9.0	10.1
55 TO 64 YEARS.	9.0	5.9	5.1	6.0	14.8	5.1	7.1	9.2
65 TO 74 YEARS.	7.2	2.9	2.4	2.7	7.1	1.6	5.7	7.6
75 YEARS AND OVER	4.6	1.8	1.5	1.2	5.9	1.0	3.3	4.8
18 YEARS AND OVER	73.7	64.9	61.7	62.7	81.9	71.9	71.2	74.4
21 YEARS AND OVER	69.2	59.5	56.1	57.7	77.8	66.4	66.9	70.1
MEDIAN AGE. . . . . YEARS. .	32.2	25.5	23.9	24.9	38.7	27.6	29.7	32.9
MALE								
TOTAL . . . . . THOUSANDS. .	117 260	9 746	6 239	1 155	527	1 060	766	107 514
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
UNDER 5 YEARS	8.0	11.0	12.0	11.5	4.7	8.4	10.1	7.7
5 AND 6 YEARS	3.2	4.2	4.3	5.7	2.0	3.7	3.4	3.1
7 TO 9 YEARS.	4.6	6.2	6.4	7.7	3.3	5.8	4.9	4.5
10 TO 13 YEARS.	5.8	7.2	7.5	8.5	5.9	5.4	6.0	5.7
14 AND 15 YEARS	2.9	3.6	3.9	3.6	1.9	3.3	2.7	2.8
16 AND 17 YEARS	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.5	2.6	3.4	3.1	3.2
18 AND 19 YEARS	3.1	3.6	3.9	3.0	2.6	3.4	3.2	3.0
20 AND 21 YEARS	3.0	4.0	4.1	2.8	4.5	5.2	2.3	2.9
22 TO 24 YEARS.	4.9	6.7	7.0	6.1	4.4	7.5	5.3	4.8
25 TO 29 YEARS.	9.1	10.9	11.0	9.3	9.5	13.5	9.9	8.9
30 TO 34 YEARS.	9.1	9.6	9.6	7.5	5.7	12.2	12.4	9.0
35 TO 44 YEARS.	14.6	13.1	12.8	14.1	13.7	14.1	12.6	14.7
45 TO 54 YEARS.	9.8	7.3	6.3	7.5	14.6	8.2	9.5	10.1
55 TO 64 YEARS.	8.7	5.1	4.3	5.6	14.5	4.1	6.3	9.0
65 TO 74 YEARS.	6.6	2.6	2.2	2.5	6.0	1.2	5.2	7.0
75 YEARS AND OVER	3.5	1.5	1.3	1.1	3.8	0.6	3.1	3.7
18 YEARS AND OVER	72.3	64.4	62.5	59.5	79.4	70.1	69.9	73.0
21 YEARS AND OVER	67.8	59.0	56.6	55.3	74.8	64.6	65.2	68.6
MEDIAN AGE. . . . . YEARS. .	31.2	25.1	23.9	23.8	36.9	26.5	29.6	31.9
FEMALE								
TOTAL . . . . . THOUSANDS. .	123 895	9 685	5 871	1 317	508	1 182	808	114 209
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
UNDER 5 YEARS	7.2	10.5	11.6	9.8	4.6	8.7	9.4	6.9
5 AND 6 YEARS	2.9	4.2	4.9	3.8	2.2	2.8	2.9	2.8
7 TO 9 YEARS.	4.2	5.8	6.6	5.7	1.8	4.0	5.9	4.0
10 TO 13 YEARS.	5.2	7.3	8.4	7.4	2.9	5.3	5.0	5.0
14 AND 15 YEARS	2.6	3.5	3.9	3.6	2.4	2.4	2.1	2.5
16 AND 17 YEARS	2.9	3.4	3.6	4.3	1.4	3.4	2.1	2.9
18 AND 19 YEARS	2.9	3.5	3.7	3.4	2.4	3.8	2.5	2.9
20 AND 21 YEARS	2.9	3.3	3.1	4.2	2.8	3.6	2.8	2.9
22 TO 24 YEARS.	4.8	6.4	6.6	6.1	5.1	6.6	5.8	4.7
25 TO 29 YEARS.	8.8	10.2	9.1	11.9	9.9	12.5	11.8	8.6
30 TO 34 YEARS.	8.7	8.3	8.3	7.5	7.4	9.1	8.7	8.8
35 TO 44 YEARS.	14.2	13.9	12.8	14.5	11.8	19.0	14.8	14.2
45 TO 54 YEARS.	9.9	8.0	7.2	7.3	13.8	9.6	8.6	10.1
55 TO 64 YEARS.	9.2	6.6	5.9	6.4	15.0	6.0	7.9	9.5
65 TO 74 YEARS.	7.9	3.2	2.7	2.8	8.3	1.9	6.2	8.3
75 YEARS AND OVER	5.6	2.0	1.6	1.2	8.1	1.3	3.5	5.9
18 YEARS AND OVER	75.0	65.3	61.0	65.4	84.6	73.5	72.6	75.8
21 YEARS AND OVER	70.6	60.1	55.7	59.8	80.9	68.0	68.6	71.5
MEDIAN AGE. . . . . YEARS. .	33.2	26.1	23.9	25.7	40.9	28.8	29.9	33.8

[1]INCLUDES PERSONS WHO DID NOT KNOW OR DID NOT REPORT ON ORIGIN.

Table 7. Marital Status, by Type of Hispanic Origin and Sex: March 1988

(For the United States. Numbers in thousands)

MARITAL STATUS	TOTAL SPANISH ORIGIN		MEXICAN		PUERTO RICAN		CUBAN		CENTRAL OR SOUTH AMERICAN		OTHER SPANISH	
	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
NUMBER												
PERSONS 15 YEARS AND OVER .	6 776	6 831	4 216	3 918	749	934	436	446	805	923	570	609
SINGLE (NEVER MARRIED).	2 502	1 865	1 544	1 051	280	304	122	97	331	262	225	151
MARRIED	3 807	3 963	2 377	2 342	415	469	268	248	454	547	294	357
WIDOWED	113	423	60	226	15	58	22	46	4	47	12	47
DIVORCED.	354	580	235	300	39	103	25	55	16	67	39	55
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION												
PERSONS 15 YEARS AND OVER .	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SINGLE (NEVER MARRIED).	36.9	27.3	36.6	26.8	37.4	32.6	28.0	21.7	41.2	28.3	39.6	24.8
MARRIED	56.2	58.0	56.4	59.8	55.4	50.3	61.5	55.7	56.4	59.2	51.5	58.5
WIDOWED	1.7	6.2	1.4	5.8	2.1	6.2	4.9	10.3	0.4	5.1	2.1	7.7
DIVORCED.	5.2	8.5	5.6	7.6	5.2	11.0	5.6	12.4	2.0	7.3	6.8	9.0

Table 8. Marital Status, by Age, Type of Hispanic Origin, and Sex: March 1988

(For the United States. For meaning of symbols, see text)

TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN, SEX, AND MARITAL STATUS	TOTAL, 15 YEARS AND OVER	AGE (YEARS)											
		15	16 TO 19	20 TO 24	25 TO 29	30 TO 34	35 TO 39	40 TO 44	45 TO 49	50 TO 54	55 TO 59	60 TO 64	65 AND OVER
SPANISH ORIGIN													
MALE. . . . . .THOUSANDS. .	6 776	167	681	1 038	1 060	940	750	527	370	345	281	218	398
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SINGLE (NEVER MARRIED).	36.9	99.8	97.8	72.5	39.3	27.9	12.1	9.0	8.0	3.2	8.4	5.0	6.2
MARRIED, SPOUSE PRESENT	49.3	0.2	1.9	22.7	52.4	56.4	63.9	71.4	71.6	76.1	72.7	72.1	65.6
MARRIED, SPOUSE ABSENT.	6.9	-	0.3	4.1	5.3	8.9	13.0	10.4	9.5	12.0	5.3	8.0	5.1
WIDOWED	1.7	-	-	-	-	0.2	-	0.6	-	2.5	3.9	7.9	17.8
DIVORCED.	5.2	-	-	0.7	2.9	6.7	10.9	8.6	11.0	6.3	9.7	6.9	5.2
FEMALE. . . . . .THOUSANDS. .	6 831	174	668	937	984	800	803	544	416	357	340	303	505
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SINGLE (NEVER MARRIED).	27.3	98.8	84.9	52.7	26.9	16.7	9.9	7.0	5.2	7.1	5.9	5.2	6.5
MARRIED, SPOUSE PRESENT	51.0	-	11.6	39.5	56.6	63.1	68.9	67.0	67.5	68.1	56.5	53.0	35.4
MARRIED, SPOUSE ABSENT.	7.0	0.7	2.6	4.3	8.6	8.1	7.6	11.1	8.1	7.8	11.8	7.5	5.0
WIDOWED	6.2	-	-	0.3	0.6	1.1	1.6	2.3	4.6	6.7	15.4	23.8	42.2
DIVORCED.	8.5	0.5	1.0	3.2	7.3	10.9	12.0	12.5	14.5	10.3	10.4	10.5	10.6
MEXICAN ORIGIN													
MALE. . . . . .THOUSANDS. .	4 216	105	458	695	684	600	472	325	205	187	153	113	221
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SINGLE (NEVER MARRIED).	36.6	99.6	97.4	71.3	36.6	23.0	9.7	8.3	5.5	0.3	6.1	2.6	6.4
MARRIED, SPOUSE PRESENT	49.2	0.4	2.1	23.4	53.4	58.5	64.8	75.5	74.5	78.8	73.1	74.0	63.4
MARRIED, SPOUSE ABSENT.	7.1	-	0.5	4.5	6.1	10.6	12.9	9.0	7.6	12.1	7.7	9.0	5.4
WIDOWED	1.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.6	3.5	5.7	20.5
DIVORCED.	5.6	-	-	0.8	3.9	7.9	12.6	7.2	12.4	7.2	9.6	8.7	4.3
FEMALE. . . . . .THOUSANDS. .	3 918	128	426	571	533	486	468	283	237	187	181	167	252
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SINGLE (NEVER MARRIED).	26.8	99.0	81.6	49.5	21.6	13.0	7.4	6.3	2.7	6.5	6.5	5.3	5.4
MARRIED, SPOUSE PRESENT	54.3	-	13.9	43.6	64.2	67.9	74.0	69.0	72.8	76.2	58.6	51.7	39.5
MARRIED, SPOUSE ABSENT.	5.5	1.0	2.9	4.1	6.8	6.1	4.5	11.2	6.1	3.5	10.9	5.3	3.2
WIDOWED	5.8	-	-	0.4	0.7	0.9	1.7	2.3	4.7	5.2	17.2	27.4	40.8
DIVORCED.	7.6	-	1.5	2.3	6.6	10.1	12.5	11.0	13.7	8.5	6.8	10.3	11.2
OTHER SPANISH[1]													
MALE. . . . . .THOUSANDS. .	2 559	63	223	343	376	341	278	203	165	158	128	105	177
PERCENT	100.0	(B)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SINGLE (NEVER MARRIED).	37.5	(B)	98.6	74.9	44.4	36.4	16.3	10.2	11.0	6.6	11.1	7.6	6.0
MARRIED, SPOUSE PRESENT	49.4	(B)	1.4	21.1	50.6	52.7	62.3	64.9	67.9	72.8	72.3	70.1	68.4
MARRIED, SPOUSE ABSENT.	6.5	(B)	-	3.3	3.9	6.0	13.2	12.6	11.7	11.8	2.5	7.0	4.8
WIDOWED	2.0	(B)	-	-	0.1	0.4	-	1.4	-	3.6	4.3	10.4	14.4
DIVORCED.	4.6	(B)	-	0.6	0.9	4.5	8.1	10.9	9.3	5.2	9.8	5.0	6.4
FEMALE. . . . . .THOUSANDS. .	2 912	46	242	366	451	315	335	261	178	170	159	137	253
PERCENT	100.0	(B)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SINGLE (NEVER MARRIED).	27.9	(B)	90.6	57.8	33.1	19.2	13.5	7.6	8.6	7.8	5.1	5.1	7.7
MARRIED, SPOUSE PRESENT	46.5	(B)	7.4	33.0	47.6	55.9	61.9	64.9	60.5	59.2	54.2	54.6	31.4
MARRIED, SPOUSE ABSENT.	9.2	(B)	2.0	4.7	10.8	11.2	11.9	11.1	10.7	12.4	12.9	10.2	6.9
WIDOWED	6.8	(B)	-	-	0.4	1.5	1.4	2.4	4.6	8.4	13.3	19.3	43.6
DIVORCED.	9.6	(B)	-	4.5	8.2	12.2	11.3	14.0	15.6	12.2	14.6	10.7	10.4

[1] INCLUDES PUERTO RICAN, CUBAN, CENTRAL OR SOUTH AMERICAN, AND OTHER SPANISH ORIGIN.

Table 9. Educational Attainment, by Type of Hispanic Origin, Age, and Sex: March 1988

(For the United States)

SEX, YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED, AND AGE	TOTAL POPULATION	SPANISH ORIGIN			NOT OF SPANISH ORIGIN
		TOTAL	MEXICAN	OTHER SPANISH[1]	
MALE					
PERCENT COMPLETED LESS THAN 5 YEARS OF SCHOOL					
TOTAL, 25 YEARS AND OVER. . .	2.6	11.7	15.6	5.6	1.9
25 TO 29 YEARS.	1.1	5.7	8.1	1.3	0.6
30 TO 34 YEARS.	1.2	6.8	9.2	2.7	0.6
35 TO 44 YEARS.	1.5	9.8	12.8	4.7	0.8
45 TO 64 YEARS.	2.7	16.5	24.1	7.6	1.9
65 YEARS AND OVER	6.6	30.3	41.4	16.4	5.7
PERCENT COMPLETED 4 YEARS OF HIGH SCHOOL OR MORE					
TOTAL, 25 YEARS AND OVER. . .	76.4	52.0	45.8	61.6	78.2
25 TO 29 YEARS.	84.7	59.9	51.2	75.8	87.5
30 TO 34 YEARS.	86.0	62.4	55.4	74.8	88.3
35 TO 44 YEARS.	86.2	55.7	53.1	59.8	88.6
45 TO 64 YEARS.	73.0	42.8	32.9	54.6	74.8
65 YEARS AND OVER	52.7	22.6	14.8	32.3	53.8
PERCENT COMPLETED 4 YEARS OF COLLEGE OR MORE					
TOTAL, 25 YEARS AND OVER. . .	24.0	12.0	8.1	17.9	24.9
FEMALE					
PERCENT COMPLETED LESS THAN 5 YEARS OF SCHOOL					
TOTAL, 25 YEARS AND OVER. . .	2.3	12.7	16.3	8.3	1.6
25 TO 29 YEARS.	0.9	6.3	8.4	3.8	0.4
30 TO 34 YEARS.	0.9	6.6	7.8	4.6	0.5
35 TO 44 YEARS.	1.3	8.9	11.9	5.1	0.7
45 TO 64 YEARS.	2.4	18.7	23.6	12.8	1.4
65 YEARS AND OVER	5.1	28.6	39.9	17.3	4.4
PERCENT COMPLETED 4 YEARS OF HIGH SCHOOL OR MORE					
TOTAL, 25 YEARS AND OVER. . .	75.9	50.0	43.4	58.1	77.7
25 TO 29 YEARS.	87.0	64.9	57.7	73.4	89.3
30 TO 34 YEARS.	87.9	59.5	53.6	68.6	90.1
35 TO 44 YEARS.	85.9	56.2	49.3	64.8	88.4
45 TO 64 YEARS.	73.1	38.2	30.0	48.0	75.3
65 YEARS AND OVER	54.5	22.3	16.7	27.8	55.5
PERCENT COMPLETED 4 YEARS OF COLLEGE OR MORE					
TOTAL, 25 YEARS AND OVER. . .	17.0	8.1	6.0	10.8	17.6

[1]INCLUDES PUERTO RICAN, CUBAN, CENTRAL OR SOUTH AMERICAN, AND OTHER SPANISH ORIGIN.

Table 10. Years of School Completed, by Age, Sex, and Type of Hispanic Origin: March 1988

(For the United States. For meaning of symbols, see text)

SEX, TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN, AND AGE	TOTAL (THOUSANDS)	YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED								MEDIAN SCHOOL YEARS COMPLETED	PERCENT HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES	PERCENT HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES, 1 OR MORE YEARS OF COLLEGE
		PERCENT	ELEMENTARY SCHOOL			HIGH SCHOOL		COLLEGE				
			0 TO 4 YEARS	5 TO 7 YEARS	8 YEARS	1 TO 3 YEARS	4 YEARS	1 TO 3 YEARS	4 YEARS OR MORE			
BOTH SEXES												
SPANISH ORIGIN												
TOTAL, 15 YEARS AND OVER. .	13 606	100.0	9.5	13.8	7.5	20.4	28.4	12.5	7.9	11.8	48.8	20.4
15 TO 19 YEARS.	1 691	100.0	0.7	8.1	14.8	57.6	16.0	2.8	-	10.3	18.9	2.8
20 TO 24 YEARS.	1 975	100.0	3.2	9.3	4.5	19.7	39.5	19.8	4.1	12.3	63.3	23.8
25 YEARS AND OVER	9 940	100.0	12.2	15.7	6.9	14.2	28.3	12.6	10.0	12.0	51.0	22.7
25 TO 34 YEARS.	3 785	100.0	6.3	11.8	4.3	15.8	32.8	17.1	11.9	12.4	61.7	29.0
25 TO 29 YEARS.	2 044	100.0	6.0	10.0	4.4	17.3	34.3	16.7	11.3	12.4	62.3	28.9
30 TO 34 YEARS.	1 741	100.0	6.7	14.0	4.2	14.0	30.9	17.5	12.6	12.4	61.1	30.2
35 TO 44 YEARS.	2 624	100.0	9.3	15.5	5.1	14.1	31.4	13.8	10.7	12.2	55.9	24.6
45 TO 64 YEARS.	2 629	100.0	17.7	18.5	9.5	14.0	23.8	7.9	8.6	9.8	40.3	16.5
65 YEARS AND OVER	903	100.0	29.4	24.4	14.9	8.9	14.0	4.3	4.1	7.5	22.4	9.4
MEXICAN ORIGIN												
TOTAL, 15 YEARS AND OVER. .	8 134	100.0	11.9	16.0	7.5	21.7	27.1	10.5	5.4	10.9	42.9	15.9
15 TO 19 YEARS.	1 116	100.0	0.7	9.6	16.1	56.0	15.0	2.6	-	10.2	17.6	2.6
20 TO 24 YEARS.	1 266	100.0	3.5	12.7	5.1	21.1	40.2	15.2	2.3	12.2	57.6	17.5
25 YEARS AND OVER	5 752	100.0	16.0	17.9	6.4	15.1	26.5	11.0	7.1	10.8	44.6	18.1
25 TO 34 YEARS.	2 302	100.0	8.4	15.1	4.6	17.6	31.6	14.3	8.4	12.1	54.3	22.7
25 TO 29 YEARS.	1 216	100.0	8.2	12.6	5.3	19.8	33.9	13.5	6.7	12.1	54.0	20.2
30 TO 34 YEARS.	1 085	100.0	8.6	17.9	3.9	15.0	29.1	15.4	10.2	12.2	54.6	25.6
35 TO 44 YEARS.	1 547	100.0	12.4	18.4	4.7	13.1	29.7	13.0	8.7	12.0	51.3	21.6
45 TO 64 YEARS.	1 430	100.0	23.8	19.6	9.9	15.4	19.9	6.2	5.2	8.7	31.3	11.4
65 YEARS AND OVER	473	100.0	40.6	24.7	9.8	9.0	11.5	2.9	1.4	6.0	15.8	4.3
PUERTO RICAN ORIGIN												
TOTAL, 15 YEARS AND OVER. .	1 683	100.0	7.2	10.4	8.4	25.7	27.7	12.7	7.9	11.8	48.3	20.6
15 TO 19 YEARS.	214	100.0	0.9	3.8	14.6	61.5	17.6	1.6	-	10.4	19.2	1.6
20 TO 24 YEARS.	238	100.0	0.9	5.4	4.3	27.6	34.3	21.6	6.0	12.3	61.8	27.5
25 YEARS AND OVER	1 231	100.0	9.6	12.5	8.2	19.1	28.1	13.0	9.6	12.0	50.7	22.6
25 TO 34 YEARS.	449	100.0	2.2	5.6	4.9	19.6	37.4	18.8	11.5	12.5	67.7	30.3
25 TO 29 YEARS.	265	100.0	0.7	3.9	3.6	18.0	40.2	20.1	13.4	12.6	73.7	33.5
30 TO 34 YEARS.	185	100.0	4.2	8.0	6.8	21.9	33.4	16.9	8.9	12.3	59.1	25.8
35 TO 44 YEARS.	354	100.0	5.3	11.6	5.8	21.6	30.1	14.4	11.2	12.2	55.7	25.6
45 TO 64 YEARS.	332	100.0	15.9	20.8	11.7	19.5	19.2	5.5	7.3	9.2	32.1	12.8
65 YEARS AND OVER	96	100.0	37.9	19.8	19.8	5.7	8.5	6.2	2.2	6.6	16.8	5.4
OTHER SPANISH ORIGIN[1]												
TOTAL, 15 YEARS AND OVER. .	3 789	100.0	5.2	10.9	7.0	15.4	31.6	16.5	13.4	12.4	61.5	29.9
15 TO 19 YEARS.	361	100.0	0.5	6.1	10.6	60.1	18.3	4.3	-	10.7	22.7	4.3
20 TO 24 YEARS.	470	100.0	3.7	7.3	2.7	11.9	40.4	31.2	7.8	12.7	79.4	39.0
25 YEARS AND OVER	2 958	100.0	6.0	12.8	7.2	10.5	31.9	15.7	15.9	12.4	63.4	31.6
25 TO 34 YEARS.	1 034	100.0	3.5	7.2	5.4	10.2	33.3	22.5	19.9	12.8	75.7	42.4
25 TO 29 YEARS.	563	100.0	3.6	7.3	2.8	11.5	32.5	22.2	20.1	12.8	74.8	42.3
30 TO 34 YEARS.	471	100.0	3.4	7.2	4.1	8.6	34.2	22.9	19.7	12.8	76.8	42.6
35 TO 44 YEARS.	722	100.0	4.7	11.3	5.4	12.6	35.7	15.3	15.0	12.4	66.0	30.3
45 TO 64 YEARS.	868	100.0	8.3	15.8	8.0	9.5	31.9	11.7	14.7	12.3	58.3	26.4
65 YEARS AND OVER	334	100.0	10.9	25.4	20.8	9.6	19.0	5.8	8.5	8.7	33.3	14.3
MALE												
SPANISH ORIGIN												
TOTAL, 15 YEARS AND OVER. .	6 776	100.0	9.3	14.3	6.9	20.5	27.2	12.6	9.3	11.9	49.1	21.9
15 TO 19 YEARS.	868	100.0	0.8	8.8	15.7	57.5	14.6	2.6	-	10.2	17.2	2.6
20 TO 24 YEARS.	1 038	100.0	4.8	10.5	3.2	20.0	37.2	19.8	4.4	12.3	61.4	24.3
25 YEARS AND OVER	4 889	100.0	11.7	16.1	6.1	14.2	27.2	12.8	12.0	12.1	52.0	24.8
25 TO 34 YEARS.	2 000	100.0	6.2	12.9	3.7	16.2	32.1	16.5	12.5	12.3	61.1	28.9
25 TO 29 YEARS.	1 060	100.0	5.7	11.8	4.1	18.5	33.4	14.6	11.9	12.3	59.9	26.5
30 TO 34 YEARS.	940	100.0	6.8	14.1	3.1	13.5	30.7	18.6	13.1	12.4	62.4	31.7
35 TO 44 YEARS.	1 277	100.0	9.8	16.6	4.6	13.4	28.2	14.5	13.0	12.2	55.7	27.5
45 TO 64 YEARS.	1 214	100.0	16.5	18.4	9.2	13.1	23.5	7.3	12.0	10.3	42.8	19.3
65 YEARS AND OVER	398	100.0	30.3	23.2	14.0	9.9	11.0	5.4	6.2	7.5	22.6	11.6

SEE FOOTNOTE(S) AT END OF TABLE.

Table 10. Years of School Completed, by Age, Sex, and Type of Hispanic Origin: March 1988—Continued

(For the United States. For meaning of symbols, see text)

SEX, TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN, AND AGE	TOTAL (THOUSANDS)	YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED								MEDIAN SCHOOL YEARS COMPLETED	PERCENT HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES	PERCENT HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES, 1 OR MORE YEARS OF COLLEGE
		PERCENT	ELEMENTARY SCHOOL			HIGH SCHOOL		COLLEGE				
			0 TO 4 YEARS	5 TO 7 YEARS	8 YEARS	1 TO 3 YEARS	4 YEARS	1 TO 3 YEARS	4 YEARS OR MORE			
MALE--CONTINUED												
MEXICAN ORIGIN												
TOTAL, 15 YEARS AND OVER. .	4 216	100.0	11.9	16.8	6.6	21.2	26.5	10.8	6.2	11.0	43.5	17.0
15 TO 19 YEARS.	562	100.0	0.9	9.4	16.3	57.4	13.7	2.3	-	10.2	16.0	2.3
20 TO 24 YEARS.	695	100.0	4.8	14.0	3.5	21.5	37.9	15.3	2.8	12.2	56.1	18.2
25 YEARS AND OVER	2 959	100.0	15.6	18.8	5.5	14.3	26.3	11.4	8.1	11.0	45.8	19.5
25 TO 34 YEARS.	1 283	100.0	8.6	16.0	4.5	17.7	31.1	13.8	8.3	12.1	53.2	22.1
25 TO 29 YEARS.	684	100.0	8.1	13.9	5.8	21.0	33.4	11.2	6.6	12.0	51.2	17.8
30 TO 34 YEARS.	600	100.0	9.2	18.5	2.9	14.0	28.5	16.8	10.2	12.2	55.4	27.0
35 TO 44 YEARS.	796	100.0	12.8	19.8	3.1	11.1	28.8	14.8	9.6	12.1	53.1	24.3
45 TO 64 YEARS.	658	100.0	24.1	20.7	9.7	12.7	19.6	5.3	7.9	8.5	32.9	13.2
65 YEARS AND OVER	221	100.0	41.4	25.9	7.2	10.6	9.4	2.9	2.6	5.8	14.8	5.4
PUERTO RICAN ORIGIN												
TOTAL, 15 YEARS AND OVER. .	749	100.0	6.5	9.5	8.0	25.9	27.5	13.1	9.5	12.0	50.1	22.6
15 TO 19 YEARS.	97	100.0	1.2	4.3	19.7	57.5	16.0	1.3	-	10.0	17.3	1.3
20 TO 24 YEARS.	103	100.0	2.1	3.8	0.9	27.9	31.7	24.7	8.9	12.5	65.3	33.6
25 YEARS AND OVER	550	100.0	8.2	11.5	7.2	20.0	28.7	13.1	11.3	12.1	53.1	24.4
25 TO 34 YEARS.	193	100.0	1.2	4.1	2.4	20.3	39.4	19.0	13.5	12.6	71.9	32.5
25 TO 29 YEARS.	107	100.0	-	4.5	-	20.7	39.6	20.2	15.0	12.6	74.8	35.2
30 TO 34 YEARS.	86	100.0	2.7	3.8	5.4	19.8	39.2	17.4	11.7	12.5	68.3	29.1
35 TO 44 YEARS.	163	100.0	5.4	13.4	7.3	21.4	24.0	15.1	13.4	12.1	52.5	28.5
45 TO 64 YEARS.	151	100.0	11.2	16.9	9.9	21.9	26.0	5.5	8.6	10.4	40.1	14.1
65 YEARS AND OVER	42	100.0	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
OTHER SPANISH ORIGIN[1]												
TOTAL, 15 YEARS AND OVER. .	1 810	100.0	4.3	10.5	7.1	16.5	28.5	16.5	16.6	12.4	61.6	33.1
15 TO 19 YEARS.	189	100.0	0.5	9.3	12.0	57.7	16.3	4.1	-	10.4	20.4	4.1
20 TO 24 YEARS.	240	100.0	0.1	3.1	3.2	12.4	37.3	30.8	7.1	12.7	75.2	37.9
25 YEARS AND OVER	1 381	100.0	4.5	11.9	7.0	11.5	28.7	15.7	20.5	12.5	64.9	36.2
25 TO 34 YEARS.	524	100.0	2.2	8.4	2.2	10.7	32.1	22.1	22.4	12.8	76.5	44.5
25 TO 29 YEARS.	269	100.0	1.8	9.4	1.4	11.2	31.0	21.0	24.2	12.8	76.1	45.1
30 TO 34 YEARS.	254	100.0	2.7	7.2	2.9	10.2	33.2	23.3	20.4	12.8	77.0	43.7
35 TO 44 YEARS.	318	100.0	4.4	10.1	6.8	15.1	28.7	13.5	21.4	12.5	63.6	34.9
45 TO 64 YEARS.	405	100.0	6.3	15.3	8.1	10.4	29.0	11.2	19.8	12.3	60.0	31.1
65 YEARS AND OVER	134	100.0	8.7	20.2	23.5	9.9	14.8	9.6	13.3	8.9	37.7	22.9
FEMALE												
SPANISH ORIGIN												
TOTAL, 15 YEARS AND OVER. .	6 831	100.0	9.7	13.4	8.1	20.4	29.6	12.3	6.5	11.8	48.5	18.8
15 TO 19 YEARS.	843	100.0	0.6	7.4	13.8	57.7	17.5	3.1	-	10.4	20.6	3.1
20 TO 24 YEARS.	937	100.0	1.4	8.0	5.9	19.3	42.1	19.7	3.6	12.4	65.4	23.3
25 YEARS AND OVER	5 051	100.0	12.7	15.4	7.6	14.3	29.3	12.5	8.1	12.0	50.0	20.6
25 TO 34 YEARS.	1 784	100.0	6.4	10.7	5.1	15.4	33.4	17.8	11.3	12.4	62.5	29.1
25 TO 29 YEARS.	984	100.0	6.3	8.1	4.7	16.0	35.3	19.0	10.6	12.4	64.9	29.6
30 TO 34 YEARS.	800	100.0	6.6	13.8	5.5	14.6	31.1	16.3	12.1	12.3	59.5	28.4
35 TO 44 YEARS.	1 347	100.0	8.9	14.6	5.5	14.8	34.4	13.2	8.6	12.2	56.2	21.8
45 TO 64 YEARS.	1 416	100.0	18.7	18.6	9.8	14.7	24.0	8.5	5.7	9.5	38.2	14.2
65 YEARS AND OVER	505	100.0	28.6	25.4	15.7	8.1	16.3	3.4	2.5	7.5	22.3	5.9
MEXICAN ORIGIN												
TOTAL, 15 YEARS AND OVER. .	3 918	100.0	12.0	15.1	8.5	22.1	27.6	10.2	4.5	10.8	42.3	14.7
15 TO 19 YEARS.	554	100.0	0.5	9.7	15.9	54.7	16.2	2.9	-	10.2	19.1	2.9
20 TO 24 YEARS.	571	100.0	1.8	11.0	7.1	20.6	42.9	15.0	1.6	12.2	59.4	16.6
25 YEARS AND OVER	2 793	100.0	16.3	17.0	7.4	16.0	26.8	10.6	6.0	10.6	43.4	16.6
25 TO 34 YEARS.	1 019	100.0	8.1	14.0	4.8	17.3	32.3	15.0	8.5	12.2	55.8	23.5
25 TO 29 YEARS.	533	100.0	8.4	11.0	4.7	18.3	34.5	16.3	6.9	12.2	57.7	23.2
30 TO 34 YEARS.	486	100.0	7.8	17.3	5.0	16.3	29.8	13.6	10.2	12.1	53.6	23.8
35 TO 44 YEARS.	751	100.0	11.9	17.0	6.4	15.3	30.6	11.1	7.7	11.8	49.3	18.8
45 TO 64 YEARS.	772	100.0	23.6	18.6	10.1	17.7	20.2	7.0	2.8	8.8	30.0	9.8
65 YEARS AND OVER	252	100.0	39.9	23.7	12.0	7.6	13.4	2.8	0.4	6.2	16.7	3.3

SEE FOOTNOTE(S) AT END OF TABLE.

Table 10. Years of School Completed, by Age, Sex, and Type of Hispanic Origin: March 1988—Continued

(For the United States. For meaning of symbols, see text)

SEX, TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN, AND AGE	TOTAL (THOUSANDS)	YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED								MEDIAN SCHOOL YEARS COMPLETED	PERCENT HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES	PERCENT HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES, 1 OR MORE YEARS OF COLLEGE
		PERCENT	ELEMENTARY SCHOOL			HIGH SCHOOL		COLLEGE				
			0 TO 4 YEARS	5 TO 7 YEARS	8 YEARS	1 TO 3 YEARS	4 YEARS	1 TO 3 YEARS	4 YEARS OR MORE			
FEMALE—CONTINUED												
PUERTO RICAN ORIGIN												
TOTAL, 15 YEARS AND OVER. .	934	100.0	7.8	11.1	8.8	25.5	27.8	12.4	6.5	11.6	46.8	19.0
15 TO 19 YEARS.	117	100.0	0.7	3.4	10.5	64.7	18.9	1.8	-	10.7	20.8	1.8
20 TO 24 YEARS.	136	100.0	-	6.6	6.8	27.3	36.3	19.2	3.8	12.3	59.3	23.0
25 YEARS AND OVER	681	100.0	10.7	13.3	8.9	18.3	27.7	12.9	8.2	11.8	48.8	21.1
25 TO 34 YEARS.	256	100.0	2.9	6.6	6.8	19.1	35.9	18.7	10.0	12.4	64.6	28.7
25 TO 29 YEARS.	157	100.0	1.2	3.5	6.1	16.2	40.6	20.0	12.3	12.6	73.0	32.3
30 TO 34 YEARS.	98	100.0	5.5	11.7	8.0	23.7	28.2	16.5	6.4	12.0	51.1	22.9
35 TO 44 YEARS.	191	100.0	5.3	10.0	4.5	21.8	35.2	13.8	9.3	12.2	58.4	23.2
45 TO 64 YEARS.	181	100.0	19.9	24.1	13.1	17.5	13.6	5.5	6.3	8.5	25.4	11.7
65 YEARS AND OVER	53	100.0	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
OTHER SPANISH ORIGIN[1]												
TOTAL, 15 YEARS AND OVER. .	1 978	100.0	6.0	11.2	6.9	14.4	34.4	16.5	10.5	12.3	61.4	27.0
15 TO 19 YEARS.	171	100.0	0.5	2.6	8.9	62.8	20.5	4.6	-	11.0	25.1	4.6
20 TO 24 YEARS.	230	100.0	1.2	1.4	2.3	11.4	43.6	31.6	8.5	12.8	83.7	40.1
25 YEARS AND OVER	1 577	100.0	7.3	13.5	7.4	9.6	34.6	15.7	11.9	12.4	62.1	27.5
25 TO 34 YEARS.	510	100.0	4.8	6.0	4.7	9.6	34.5	22.9	17.4	12.7	74.9	40.4
25 TO 29 YEARS.	294	100.0	5.2	5.3	4.1	11.8	33.8	23.4	16.4	12.7	73.6	39.8
30 TO 34 YEARS.	216	100.0	4.2	7.1	5.5	6.6	35.4	22.3	18.8	12.8	76.6	41.1
35 TO 44 YEARS.	404	100.0	5.0	12.2	4.3	10.7	41.1	16.8	9.9	12.4	67.8	26.7
45 TO 64 YEARS.	463	100.0	10.0	16.4	8.0	8.7	34.5	12.1	10.3	12.2	56.9	22.3
65 YEARS AND OVER	200	100.0	12.4	28.8	19.0	9.4	21.9	3.2	5.3	8.5	30.3	8.4

[1] INCLUDES CUBAN, CENTRAL OR SOUTH AMERICAN, AND OTHER SPANISH ORIGIN.

Table 11. Enrollment Status of Hispanic and Non-Hispanic Persons 3 to 34 Years Old, by Age and Sex: October 1985 and 1986

(For the United States. Numbers in thousands. For meaning of symbols, see text)

Sex and Age	Total persons	Percent enrolled in school			Percent not enrolled in school		
		Total	Below college level[1]	In college	Total	High school graduate	Not high school graduate
OCTOBER 1985							
HISPANIC ORIGIN							
18 to 21 years old							
Total	1,144	32.8	10.6	22.3	67.1	37.8	29.3
Male	551	29.4	11.6	17.6	70.6	32.7	37.7
Female	594	36.0	9.6	26.4	63.8	42.4	21.4
NOT OF HISPANIC ORIGIN							
18 to 21 years old							
Total	13,739	44.0	5.7	38.3	56.0	43.2	12.8
Male	6,709	45.4	7.2	38.2	54.6	40.9	13.8
Female	7,029	42.8	4.3	38.5	57.3	45.4	11.9
OCTOBER 1986							
HISPANIC ORIGIN							
Both Sexes							
Total, 3 to 34 years	11,530	47.8	41.9	5.9	52.2	25.9	26.3
3 to 17 years	5,469	85.7	85.5	0.2	14.3	0.2	14.1
18 to 21 years	1,374	31.9	9.7	22.2	68.0	36.8	31.2
22 to 24 years	1,139	12.8	0.7	12.1	87.2	49.0	38.2
25 to 29 years	1,949	8.6	0.7	8.0	91.4	52.9	38.5
30 to 34 years	1,600	4.6	0.4	4.2	95.4	54.9	40.5
Male							
Total, 3 to 34 years	5,892	46.9	41.3	5.6	53.1	25.8	27.3
3 to 17 years	2,742	85.9	85.7	0.2	14.1	0.1	14.0
18 to 21 years	716	30.4	9.5	21.1	69.6	35.3	34.4
22 to 24 years	622	11.7	-	11.7	88.3	47.5	40.8
25 to 29 years	977	8.7	0.9	7.7	91.3	51.0	40.3
30 to 34 years	836	3.8	0.6	3.1	96.2	56.4	39.8
Female							
Total, 3 to 34 years	5,638	48.8	42.6	6.1	51.2	26.0	25.3
3 to 17 years	2,727	85.5	85.3	0.2	14.5	0.3	14.2
18 to 21 years	658	33.4	9.9	23.6	66.4	38.6	27.8
22 to 24 years	517	14.0	1.5	12.5	86.0	50.8	35.1
25 to 29 years	973	8.6	0.4	8.2	91.4	54.7	36.7
30 to 34 years	764	5.6	0.2	5.3	94.4	53.3	41.1
NOT OF HISPANIC ORIGIN							
Both Sexes							
Total, 3 to 34 years	109,155	48.2	39.1	9.1	51.8	41.0	10.8
3 to 17 years	46,804	89.5	89.1	0.4	10.5	0.2	10.3
18 to 21 years	13,079	44.8	6.8	38.1	55.2	43.5	11.7
22 to 24 years	10,920	18.4	0.3	18.1	81.6	69.8	11.8
25 to 29 years	19,429	8.8	0.3	8.5	91.2	79.7	11.5
30 to 34 years	18,922	6.1	0.2	5.9	93.9	83.7	10.2
Male							
Total, 3 to 34 years	54,371	49.6	40.5	9.0	50.4	39.4	11.1
3 to 17 years	24,023	89.5	89.1	0.3	10.5	0.2	10.3
18 to 21 years	6,352	46.8	8.9	37.9	53.2	40.7	12.5
22 to 24 years	5,231	19.9	0.4	19.5	80.1	67.8	12.3
25 to 29 years	9,517	9.5	0.2	9.3	90.5	78.8	11.7
30 to 34 years	9,248	5.8	0.2	5.6	94.2	83.6	10.6

Table 11. **Enrollment Status of Hispanic and Non-Hispanic Persons 3 to 34 Years Old, by Age and Sex: October 1985 and 1986**—Con.

(For the United States. Numbers in thousands. For meaning of symbols, see text)

Sex and Age	Total persons	Percent enrolled in school			Percent not enrolled in school		
		Total	Below college level[1]	In college	Total	High school graduate	Not high school graduate
Female							
Total, 3 to 34 years	54,784	46.9	37.8	9.1	53.1	42.6	10.5
3 to 17 years	22,783	89.5	89.0	0.5	10.5	0.3	10.2
18 to 21 years	6,727	43.0	4.8	38.2	57.0	46.0	11.0
22 to 24 years	5,689	17.0	0.2	16.8	83.0	71.6	11.4
25 to 29 years	9,911	8.2	0.4	7.8	91.8	80.6	11.2
30 to 34 years	9,674	6.4	0.3	6.1	93.6	83.8	9.8

[1] Includes nursery school, kindergarten, and grades 1 to 12.

Table 12. Reported Voting and Registration of Eligible Hispanic and Non-Hispanic Persons, by Selected Characteristics: November 1988

(Citizens of the United States 18 years old and over. Numbers in thousands)

Characteristics	Hispanic origin			Not of Hispanic origin		
	Total, 18 years old and over, eligible	Percent registered	Percent voted	Total, 18 years old and over, eligible	Percent registered	Percent voted
PREVIOUS PRESIDENTIAL ELECTIONS[1]						
1976	4,924	50.6	42.6	137,241	69.4	61.6
1980	5,565	53.6	44.1	145,177	70.3	62.4
1984	6,444	58.9	48.0	156,183	71.9	63.3
NOVEMBER 1988						
Total	8,078	56.6	45.9	160,417	71.1	61.4
SEX						
Male	3,851	55.6	45.5	75,889	69.8	60.6
Female	4,227	57.5	46.3	84,528	72.2	62.2
AGE						
18 to 24 years	1,632	41.3	27.4	22,165	52.5	39.7
25 to 34 years	2,266	52.2	41.5	37,133	63.3	52.6
35 to 44 years	1,650	60.9	51.0	31,532	74.2	65.7
45 to 54 years	986	63.8	54.6	22,081	78.5	70.8
55 to 64 years	878	73.2	63.0	19,945	80.3	72.3
65 years old and over	667	66.0	58.9	27,559	80.3	70.5
RESIDENCE						
Metropolitan areas	7,353	56.1	45.7	122,683	71.1	62.1
Central cities	4,014	54.9	45.0	46,210	71.0	61.3
Outside central cities	3,340	57.6	46.5	76,472	71.2	62.5
Nonmetropolitan areas	726	61.7	48.5	37,732	71.0	59.3
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT						
Elementary: Less than 8 years	1,191	47.7	38.0	7,033	55.2	40.8
8 years	488	47.7	40.0	7,226	61.0	48.6
High School: 1 to 3 years	1,349	43.0	30.2	18,570	56.7	44.6
4 years	2,939	54.2	42.6	64,668	67.5	57.3
College: 1 to 3 years	1,343	71.3	60.7	31,647	76.5	67.2
4 years or more	767	83.3	77.1	31,274	87.3	81.5
LABOR FORCE STATUS						
In civilian labor force	5,546	58.0	47.3	107,522	70.8	61.5
Employed	5,127	59.4	48.5	102,571	71.5	62.4
Unemployed	419	41.8	32.9	4,951	55.6	42.5
Not in labor force	2,533	53.5	42.9	52,894	71.7	61.2
OCCUPATION						
Total employed	5,127	59.4	48.5	102,571	71.5	62.4
Managerial and professional	916	78.4	71.2	28,000	84.0	77.8
Technical, sales, & admin. support	1,563	61.8	50.7	32,007	74.3	65.6
Service occupations	829	54.4	40.0	12,406	63.9	53.0
Farming, forestry, and fishing	150	58.0	43.3	2,713	68.9	55.8
Precision prod., craft & repair	674	55.0	43.6	12,285	61.1	50.6
Operators, fabricators, & laborers	995	45.2	35.2	15,159	57.6	45.8
FAMILY INCOME[2]						
Total	7,023	56.6	46.1	128,958	72.2	63.0
Under $5,000	597	41.2	30.0	4,769	54.2	39.5
$5,000 to $9,999	831	48.7	40.8	9,102	58.9	45.8
$10,000 to $14,999	1,038	48.7	37.2	13,236	64.1	53.5
$15,000 to $19,999	1,341	54.7	41.5	22,081	68.2	58.1
$20,000 to $24,999	567	54.7	40.4	11,102	71.9	61.9
$25,000 to $34,999	997	63.5	54.2	21,110	75.3	67.1
$35,000 to $49,999	830	69.9	61.2	22,888	80.6	72.9
$50,000 and over	446	82.5	75.3	15,992	84.6	78.3
Income not reported	377	50.9	43.0	8,674	65.9	58.1

[1]Data shown are for both sexes combined.
[2]Refers to total family income received by all family members during the 12 months prior to November 1988 survey.

Table 13. Hispanic and Non-Hispanic Women 18 to 44 Years Old Who Have Had a Child in the Last Year per 1,000 Women, by Selected Characteristics: June 1988

(For the United States. Numbers in thousands. For meaning of symbols, see text)

Characteristic	Number of women		Percent childless		Women who have had a child in the last year					
					Number		Total births per 1,000 women		First birth per 1,000 women	
	Hispanic	Not Hispanic	Hispanic	Not Hispanic	Hispanic	Not Hispanic	Hispanic	Not Hispanic	Hispanic	Not Hispanic
AGE										
Total	4,326	48,260	33.6	38.4	406	3,261	94.0	67.6	32.9	23.6
18 to 29 years old	2,204	21,802	50.0	60.8	269	2,115	121.9	97.0	53.7	40.9
18 to 24 years old	1,229	11,938	61.9	75.5	144	1,002	117.2	83.9	72.7	45.1
25 to 29 years old	975	9,864	35.0	42.9	125	1,113	128.0	112.8	29.7	35.8
30 to 44 years old	2,122	26,458	16.5	19.9	138	1,145	64.9	43.3	11.2	9.4
30 to 34 years old	828	10,010	20.4	25.4	74	810	89.4	80.9	25.5	19.9
35 to 39 years old	715	8,871	17.3	17.8	48	276	67.5	31.1	3.8	5.2
40 to 44 years old	579	7,576	10.0	15.1	16	59	26.8	7.8	-	0.5
MARITAL STATUS										
Total	4,326	48,260	33.6	38.4	406	3,261	94.0	67.6	32.9	23.6
Currently married	2,639	28,850	17.2	19.5	302	2,562	114.6	88.8	38.0	29.2
Married, husband present	2,330	26,945	18.2	19.9	274	2,426	117.6	90.0	38.6	30.0
Married, husband absent[1]	309	1,905	9.1	13.7	28	136	92.1	71.4	33.6	17.3
Widowed or divorced	373	4,984	17.2	21.3	22	175	57.9	35.1	20.6	3.8
Single	1,314	14,425	71.3	81.9	82	524	62.7	36.3	26.0	19.3
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT										
Total	4,326	48,260	33.6	38.4	406	3,261	94.0	67.6	32.9	23.6
Not a high school graduate	1,729	5,823	21.5	28.7	219	437	126.5	75.0	30.9	22.3
High school, 4 years	1,528	20,449	37.0	31.6	116	1,467	76.1	71.7	34.6	24.3
College: 1 or more years	1,068	21,989	48.4	47.2	71	1,357	66.8	61.7	33.6	23.4
1 to 3 years	809	11,989	48.4	46.3	62	716	76.3	59.7	33.2	22.2
4 or more years	260	9,999	48.1	48.3	10	639	37.4	63.9	34.8	24.8
LABOR FORCE STATUS										
Total	4,326	48,260	33.6	38.4	406	3,261	94.0	67.6	32.9	23.6
Labor force	2,719	35,818	41.7	44.0	149	1,717	54.8	47.9	23.0	18.9
Employed	2,500	33,643	42.3	44.1	118	1,543	47.3	45.9	18.7	17.8
Unemployed	219	2,175	34.4	43.3	30	174	139.5	80.0	73.3	35.4
Not in labor force	1,607	12,442	19.9	22.0	258	1,544	160.3	124.1	49.5	37.2
OCCUPATION OF EMPLOYED WOMEN										
Total employed	2,500	33,643	42.3	44.1	118	1,543	47.3	45.9	18.7	17.8
Managerial and professional	329	9,052	49.1	45.6	8	396	23.4	43.7	12.4	18.2
Technical, sales, and administrative support	1,041	15,232	51.3	46.4	45	743	43.0	48.8	25.1	19.0
Service occupations	559	5,530	34.3	42.9	37	241	66.6	43.6	26.8	15.4
Farming, forestry, and fishing	59	337	(B)	42.7	-	14	(B)	41.5	(B)	11.9
Precision production, craft, and repair	73	771	(B)	35.9	1	20	(B)	25.9	(B)	14.3
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	440	2,721	32.4	31.2	27	129	62.0	47.4	-	17.3
FAMILY INCOME										
Total	4,326	48,260	33.6	38.4	406	3,261	94.0	67.6	32.9	23.6
Under $10,000	1,111	6,410	27.6	31.4	150	650	135.2	101.4	31.0	30.4
$10,000 to $14,999	646	4,365	29.9	39.7	61	318	94.5	72.9	29.8	24.1
$15,000 to $19,999	421	3,839	30.4	37.7	41	270	97.5	70.3	48.1	20.6
$20,000 to $29,999	900	8,800	35.8	38.6	80	575	88.8	65.3	39.7	28.8
$30,000 to $34,999	327	4,289	34.1	35.6	18	265	55.6	61.8	20.5	21.7
$35,000 to $49,999	422	8,720	38.7	36.1	42	594	99.5	68.1	51.6	22.7
$50,000 or more	331	9,333	49.1	44.3	10	476	29.2	51.0	8.7	18.6
Income not reported	167	2,504	39.3	44.2	4	112	26.3	44.7	6.8	17.2

Table 13. **Hispanic and Non-Hispanic Women 18 to 44 Years Old Who Have Had a Child in the Last Year per 1,000 Women, by Selected Characteristics: June 1988**—Con.

(For the United States. Numbers in thousands. For meaning of symbols, see text)

Characteristic	Number of women		Percent childless		Women who have had a child in the last year					
					Number		Total births per 1,000 women		First birth per 1,000 women	
	Hispanic	Not Hispanic	Hispanic	Not Hispanic	Hispanic	Not Hispanic	Hispanic	Not Hispanic	Hispanic	Not Hispanic
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE										
Total	4,326	48,260	33.6	38.4	406	3,261	94.0	67.6	32.9	23.6
Metropolitan	4,025	37,981	33.6	40.6	389	2,489	96.6	65.5	33.1	23.5
In central cities	2,371	14,564	33.0	42.7	228	1,010	96.3	69.3	32.4	26.2
Outside central cities	1,654	23,417	34.6	39.4	161	1,479	97.1	63.2	34.1	21.7
Nonmetropolitan	300	10,280	32.9	30.0	17	772	58.2	75.1	29.5	24.3

[1] Includes separated women.

Table 14. Employment Status and Major Occupation Group of the Total and Hispanic Populations, by Sex and Type of Origin: March 1988

(For the United States. For meaning of symbols, see text)

EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND OCCUPATION	TOTAL POPULATION	SPANISH ORIGIN					NOT OF SPANISH ORIGIN
		TOTAL	MEXICAN	PUERTO RICAN	CUBAN	OTHER[1]	
BOTH SEXES							
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER . . . . . .THOUSANDS. .	185 069	13 264	7 902	1 646	868	2 848	171 804
IN CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE. . . . . .THOUSANDS. .	119 725	8 682	5 292	875	567	1 948	111 043
PERCENT UNEMPLOYED.	6.0	8.5	9.8	9.2	3.1	6.4	5.8
EMPLOYED. . . . .THOUSANDS. .	112 565	7 943	4 776	794	550	1 823	104 622
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS	12.4	7.1	5.9	8.0	14.4	7.5	12.8
PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS.	13.4	7.0	5.2	9.4	10.7	9.3	13.9
TECHNICIANS AND RELATED SUPPORT . .	3.1	1.8	1.5	1.0	2.4	2.7	3.2
SALES OCCUPATIONS	12.0	9.3	8.5	5.9	14.6	11.1	12.2
ADMINISTRATIVE, INCLUDING CLERICAL.	16.2	14.7	13.6	21.6	16.7	14.2	16.3
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD OCCUPATIONS . . .	0.8	1.6	1.5	0.3	0.9	2.9	0.7
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, EXC PVT HH . .	12.4	16.0	15.1	17.2	10.8	19.3	12.1
FARMING, FORESTRY, AND FISHING. . .	2.6	5.5	7.9	1.1	0.9	2.3	2.4
PRECISION, CRAFT AND REPAIR	11.7	13.6	15.0	11.6	10.1	11.9	11.6
MACH.OPRS.,ASMBLRS.,AND INSPECTORS.	7.2	13.1	14.2	12.8	11.2	11.0	6.7
TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING.	4.1	4.0	3.9	4.4	3.6	4.0	4.1
HANDLERS, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS, HELPERS, AND LABORERS.	4.1	6.4	7.6	6.8	3.6	3.8	4.0
MALE							
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER . . . . . .THOUSANDS. .	88 552	6 608	4 112	728	431	1 337	81 944
IN CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE. . . . . .THOUSANDS. .	65 738	5 216	3 308	499	333	1 076	60 522
PERCENT UNEMPLOYED.	6.4	9.5	11.0	8.2	4.1	7.4	6.1
EMPLOYED. . . . .THOUSANDS. .	61 538	4 719	2 945	458	319	997	56 819
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS	13.8	6.9	6.0	7.6	14.7	6.9	14.4
PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS.	12.4	6.0	4.3	7.5	9.0	9.5	12.9
TECHNICIANS AND RELATED SUPPORT . .	3.0	1.9	1.3	1.0	3.6	3.7	3.1
SALES OCCUPATIONS	11.3	7.1	6.2	5.1	15.0	8.0	11.6
ADMINISTRATIVE, INCLUDING CLERICAL.	5.7	6.4	4.8	10.5	9.3	8.1	5.6
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD OCCUPATIONS . . .	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, EXC PVT HH . .	9.4	14.8	13.3	19.0	10.7	18.7	8.9
FARMING, FORESTRY, AND FISHING. . .	4.1	8.2	11.5	1.8	1.6	3.3	3.7
PRECISION, CRAFT AND REPAIR	19.5	20.5	22.1	17.5	15.0	19.0	19.4
MACH.OPRS.,ASMBLRS.,AND INSPECTORS.	7.7	12.8	13.9	13.2	10.9	9.9	7.2
TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING.	6.9	6.2	5.9	7.4	5.2	6.9	6.9
HANDLERS, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS, HELPERS, AND LABORERS.	6.3	9.1	10.6	9.3	5.0	5.9	6.1
FEMALE							
PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER . . . . . .THOUSANDS. .	96 516	6 656	3 790	918	437	1 511	89 860
IN CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE. . . . . .THOUSANDS. .	53 987	3 466	1 985	376	234	872	50 521
PERCENT UNEMPLOYED.	5.5	7.0	7.7	10.5	1.7	5.3	5.4
EMPLOYED. . . . .THOUSANDS. .	51 027	3 224	1 831	337	230	826	47 803
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS	10.6	7.3	5.8	8.5	14.1	8.2	10.8
PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS.	14.6	8.4	6.7	12.0	13.2	9.1	15.1
TECHNICIANS AND RELATED SUPPORT . .	3.3	1.6	1.8	1.1	0.7	1.5	3.4
SALES OCCUPATIONS	12.9	12.5	12.3	6.9	14.1	14.9	12.9
ADMINISTRATIVE, INCLUDING CLERICAL.	28.9	27.0	27.6	36.7	27.0	21.6	29.0
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD OCCUPATIONS . . .	1.6	4.1	3.9	0.7	2.0	6.4	1.5
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, EXC PVT HH . .	16.0	17.7	18.1	14.6	11.0	19.9	15.9
FARMING, FORESTRY, AND FISHING. . .	0.9	1.5	2.1	-	-	1.0	0.9
PRECISION, CRAFT AND REPAIR	2.3	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.2	3.2	2.2
MACH.OPRS.,ASMBLRS.,AND INSPECTORS.	6.5	13.6	14.7	12.1	11.7	12.4	6.1
TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING.	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.2	1.4	0.6	0.8
HANDLERS, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS, HELPERS, AND LABORERS.	1.5	2.3	2.7	3.4	1.7	1.2	1.4

[1]INCLUDES CENTRAL OR SOUTH AMERICAN ORIGIN AND OTHER SPANISH ORIGIN.

Table 15. Median Earnings in 1987 of Hispanic Civilians, by Occupation, Class of Worker, and Sex: March 1988

(Numbers in dollars. Persons 15 years old and over. For the United States. For meaning of symbols, see text)

OCCUPATION AND CLASS OF WORKER	MALE		FEMALE	
	SPANISH ORIGIN	NOT OF SPANISH ORIGIN	SPANISH ORIGIN	NOT OF SPANISH ORIGIN
TOTAL WITH EARNINGS	12 527	20 496	8 554	10 745
OCCUPATION				
MANAGERIAL AND PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY	27 773	33 356	20 224	19 358
PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	27 877	33 084	20 975	19 544
HEALTH TECHNOLOGISTS AND TECHNICIANS	(B)	20 618	(B)	14 946
ENGINEERING AND SCIENCE TECHNICIANS	(B)	25 065	(B)	17 446
TECHNICIANS, EXCLUDING HEALTH, ENGINEERING AND SCIENCE	(B)	28 564	(B)	20 414
SALES OCCUPATIONS	15 609	21 967	5 886	6 296
ADMINSTRATIVE, INCLUDING CLERICAL	13 769	18 972	11 898	12 240
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD OCCUPATIONS	(B)	(B)	3 537	1 527
PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	17 258	20 980	(B)	4 463
OTHER SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	8 186	6 292	5 774	5 238
FARMING, FORESTRY AND FISHING	7 376	6 170	3 496	2 411
MECHANICS AND REPAIRERS	17 190	21 607	(B)	20 657
CONSTRUCTION TRADES AND EXTRACTIVE	12 828	20 067	(B)	7 558
PRECISION PRODUCTION	16 690	25 019	10 959	11 292
MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS, AND INSPECTORS	13 430	18 190	7 791	10 468
TRANSPORTATION OCCUPATIONS	15 163	17 776	(B)	7 312
MATERIAL MOVING EQUIPMENT OPERATORS	15 760	20 080	(B)	(B)
HANDLERS, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS, HELPERS AND LABORERS	9 388	7 871	6 147	6 216
CLASS OF WORKER				
PRIVATE WAGE OR SALARY WORKERS	12 089	20 271	8 176	10 425
IN AGRICULTURE	7 043	5 812	3 646	4 116
NOT IN AGRICULTURE	12 791	20 682	8 322	10 492
GOVERNMENT WAGE OR SALARY WORKERS	21 052	24 225	14 191	15 430
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	24 528	26 160	16 826	16 536
OTHER GOVERNMENT WORKERS	19 514	22 629	11 796	14 828
SELF EMPLOYED WORKERS	12 165	16 060	6 683	4 697
IN NONAGRICULTURAL INDUSTRIES	12 821	17 316	6 630	4 855
UNPAID FAMILY WORKERS	(B)	(B)	(B)	1 341

Table 16. Income in 1987 of All Persons and Hispanic Persons, by Type of Origin and Sex: March 1988

(Persons 15 years old and over. For the United States. For meaning of symbols, see text)

SEX AND INCOME	TOTAL	SPANISH ORIGIN						NOT OF SPANISH ORIGIN
		TOTAL	MEXICAN	PUERTO RICAN	CUBAN	CENTRAL OR SOUTH AMERICAN	OTHER SPANISH	
BOTH SEXES								
TOTAL PERSONS . . . .THOUSANDS. .	188 452	13 606	8 134	1 683	882	1 728	1 179	174 845
TOTAL WITH INCOME. .THOUSANDS. .	174 902	11 470	6 724	1 427	789	1 478	1 052	163 433
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS.	11.8	12.3	12.7	11.5	10.2	12.2	12.3	11.8
$2,000 TO $2,999.	4.1	4.9	5.1	5.5	3.4	3.8	5.2	4.1
$3,000 TO $3,999.	4.4	5.4	4.9	6.3	6.4	6.5	5.4	4.3
$4,000 TO $4,999.	4.7	5.9	5.7	8.4	6.9	3.8	5.6	4.7
$5,000 TO $5,999.	4.2	5.1	4.9	6.7	4.6	4.3	6.0	4.1
$6,000 TO $6,999.	4.0	5.8	6.0	6.2	4.5	5.8	4.8	3.9
$7,000 TO $8,499.	5.7	7.7	8.3	6.0	7.0	8.4	5.7	5.6
$8,500 TO $9,999.	4.2	5.0	5.5	4.1	2.6	6.1	3.8	4.2
$10,000 TO $12,499.	8.3	10.3	10.9	8.8	8.9	10.8	9.2	8.1
$12,500 TO $14,999.	6.0	6.0	6.5	5.8	5.6	4.2	5.8	6.0
$15,000 TO $17,499.	6.4	6.5	6.2	6.9	6.5	7.8	5.9	6.4
$17,500 TO $19,999.	4.7	4.3	4.2	4.4	5.1	4.4	4.0	4.7
$20,000 TO $24,999.	8.6	7.3	7.0	7.7	9.0	7.1	7.8	8.7
$25,000 TO $29,999.	6.3	4.5	4.3	4.0	5.0	4.3	6.6	6.4
$30,000 TO $34,999.	4.8	3.1	2.7	2.3	4.6	4.4	3.8	5.0
$35,000 TO $49,999.	7.2	4.0	3.6	4.0	5.6	4.0	5.7	7.4
$50,000 TO $74,999.	3.1	1.3	1.2	0.9	2.2	1.5	1.8	3.2
$75,000 AND OVER.	1.4	0.5	0.3	0.5	2.1	0.4	0.7	1.5
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	12 047	9 383	9 167	8 363	11 248	9 753	10 340	12 274
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	16 942	12 893	12 258	12 189	16 513	13 244	14 696	17 226
MALE								
TOTAL PERSONS . . . .THOUSANDS. .	90 284	6 776	4 216	749	436	805	570	83 508
TOTAL WITH INCOME. .THOUSANDS. .	85 623	6 120	3 804	648	408	732	528	79 503
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS.	6.8	6.7	6.7	7.2	5.3	7.3	6.4	6.9
$2,000 TO $2,999.	2.7	3.2	3.4	3.9	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.6
$3,000 TO $3,999.	2.6	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.7	4.5	3.6	2.5
$4,000 TO $4,999.	3.1	4.8	5.3	5.6	5.0	2.2	3.7	3.0
$5,000 TO $5,999.	3.0	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.1	2.8	5.7	2.9
$6,000 TO $6,999.	2.8	4.7	5.1	5.6	4.0	3.5	3.5	2.7
$7,000 TO $8,499.	4.5	7.4	7.9	4.8	6.2	8.0	6.6	4.3
$8,500 TO $9,999.	3.7	5.1	5.3	4.6	2.0	7.2	4.4	3.6
$10,000 TO $12,499.	7.8	12.2	13.1	9.5	8.3	13.3	10.6	7.5
$12,500 TO $14,999.	5.8	6.7	7.2	6.3	6.8	4.4	6.4	5.8
$15,000 TO $17,499.	6.5	7.5	7.1	7.7	9.2	9.1	5.8	6.4
$17,500 TO $19,999.	5.0	4.8	4.6	5.3	4.6	5.0	5.3	5.1
$20,000 TO $24,999.	10.2	9.3	8.6	12.1	11.8	8.7	9.4	10.2
$25,000 TO $29,999.	8.5	6.1	5.9	6.6	5.1	6.1	7.1	8.7
$30,000 TO $34,999.	7.2	4.4	3.8	3.7	5.9	6.0	5.5	7.4
$35,000 TO $49,999.	11.6	6.1	5.4	6.0	8.3	6.6	8.7	12.0
$50,000 TO $74,999.	5.5	2.1	1.8	2.0	3.6	2.1	3.3	5.7
$75,000 AND OVER.	2.6	0.8	0.4	1.1	3.8	0.8	1.4	2.7
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	17 752	12 019	11 533	12 874	15 625	12 262	13 632	18 398
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	22 684	16 031	14 888	16 233	21 520	16 493	19 142	23 196
FEMALE								
TOTAL PERSONS . . . .THOUSANDS. .	98 168	6 831	3 918	934	446	923	609	91 337
TOTAL WITH INCOME. .THOUSANDS. .	89 279	5 349	2 920	778	381	746	524	83 930
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS.	16.5	18.6	20.4	15.2	15.5	17.1	18.3	16.4
$2,000 TO $2,999.	5.5	6.8	7.3	6.8	4.6	5.2	7.8	5.4
$3,000 TO $3,999.	6.1	7.1	6.2	8.4	9.4	8.4	7.1	6.0
$4,000 TO $4,999.	6.3	7.1	6.3	10.8	8.8	5.3	7.6	6.2
$5,000 TO $5,999.	5.4	6.1	5.6	8.7	5.2	5.7	6.2	5.3
$6,000 TO $6,999.	5.2	6.9	7.1	6.6	5.0	8.2	6.1	5.1
$7,000 TO $8,499.	6.9	8.1	8.9	7.0	7.8	8.8	4.8	6.8
$8,500 TO $9,999.	4.7	4.9	5.7	3.7	3.2	5.1	3.2	4.7
$10,000 TO $12,499.	8.7	8.1	7.9	8.2	9.6	8.3	7.7	8.8
$12,500 TO $14,999.	6.2	5.2	5.6	5.4	4.2	4.1	5.2	6.2
$15,000 TO $17,499.	6.3	5.4	5.0	6.2	3.6	6.6	6.0	6.3
$17,500 TO $19,999.	4.3	3.8	3.8	3.7	5.7	3.8	2.6	4.3
$20,000 TO $24,999.	7.1	5.1	4.9	4.0	5.9	5.6	6.3	7.2
$25,000 TO $29,999.	4.2	2.8	2.2	1.8	4.9	2.6	6.2	4.3
$30,000 TO $34,999.	2.6	1.6	1.1	1.2	3.2	2.8	2.0	2.7
$35,000 TO $49,999.	2.9	1.7	1.3	2.3	2.6	1.5	2.6	3.0
$50,000 TO $74,999.	0.8	0.5	0.5	-	0.7	0.8	0.3	0.8
$75,000 AND OVER.	0.3	0.1	0.1	-	0.2	0.1	-	0.3
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	8 101	6 611	6 593	6 013	7 296	7 030	6 496	8 223
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	11 435	9 303	8 833	8 819	11 155	10 058	10 221	11 571

Table 17. Income in 1987 of Hispanic- and Mexican-Origin Persons, by Age and Sex: March 1988

(For the United States)

TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN, SEX, AND AGE	NUMBER OF PERSONS (THOUSANDS)	NUMBER OF PERSONS WITH INCOME (THOUSANDS)	PERCENT	$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS	$2,000 TO $2,999	$3,000 TO $3,999	$4,000 TO $4,999	$5,000 TO $5,999
SPANISH ORIGIN								
MALE, 15 YEARS AND OVER. . .	6 776	6 120	100.0	6.7	3.2	3.9	4.8	4.2
15 TO 24 YEARS	1 886	1 407	100.0	18.7	6.4	6.3	7.3	6.6
25 TO 44 YEARS	3 277	3 158	100.0	2.7	2.0	2.3	3.1	2.8
45 TO 64 YEARS	1 214	1 166	100.0	3.3	2.4	3.9	3.7	3.5
65 YEARS AND OVER.	398	389	100.0	6.0	3.2	8.8	13.2	9.7
FEMALE, 15 YEARS AND OVER. .	6 831	5 349	100.0	18.6	6.8	7.1	7.1	6.1
15 TO 24 YEARS	1 779	1 175	100.0	29.9	8.2	9.5	6.7	5.6
25 TO 44 YEARS	3 131	2 611	100.0	15.0	5.4	5.0	4.5	5.5
45 TO 64 YEARS	1 416	1 100	100.0	19.0	5.5	6.8	7.0	7.3
65 YEARS AND OVER.	505	463	100.0	9.6	14.1	14.0	23.5	8.1
MEXICAN ORIGIN								
MALE, 15 YEARS AND OVER. . .	4 216	3 804	100.0	6.7	3.4	3.9	5.3	4.3
15 TO 24 YEARS	1 257	958	100.0	18.4	6.6	7.1	7.8	7.3
25 TO 44 YEARS	2 079	2 001	100.0	2.5	1.9	2.1	3.7	2.7
45 TO 64 YEARS	658	629	100.0	2.7	2.7	3.6	3.3	2.7
65 YEARS AND OVER.	221	216	100.0	5.4	4.3	7.2	15.1	10.8
FEMALE, 15 YEARS AND OVER. .	3 918	2 920	100.0	20.4	7.3	6.2	6.3	5.6
15 TO 24 YEARS	1 125	684	100.0	31.8	7.9	10.0	6.4	5.5
25 TO 44 YEARS	1 769	1 431	100.0	16.8	5.3	3.6	3.8	5.1
45 TO 64 YEARS	772	571	100.0	21.8	6.5	6.6	5.7	5.3
65 YEARS AND OVER.	252	234	100.0	6.0	19.3	9.7	22.9	9.9

TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN, SEX, AND AGE	$6,000 TO $6,999	$7,000 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $19,999	$20,000 TO $24,999	$25,000 AND OVER	MEDIAN INCOME OF PERSONS WITH INCOME (DOLS.)	MEAN INCOME OF PERSONS WITH INCOME (DOLS.)
SPANISH ORIGIN								
MALE, 15 YEARS AND OVER. . .	4.7	12.5	18.9	12.2	9.3	19.5	12 019	16 031
15 TO 24 YEARS	6.5	15.4	19.7	7.4	3.1	2.6	6 725	7 947
25 TO 44 YEARS	3.6	11.5	20.1	14.6	11.7	25.6	15 537	18 539
45 TO 64 YEARS	3.5	10.0	16.3	13.5	11.6	28.4	16 011	21 059
65 YEARS AND OVER.	11.2	18.0	14.2	6.5	4.4	4.6	6 803	9 847
FEMALE, 15 YEARS AND OVER. .	6.9	13.0	13.4	9.2	5.1	6.6	6 611	9 303
15 TO 24 YEARS	5.8	13.6	11.3	6.5	2.0	1.0	4 367	5 964
25 TO 44 YEARS	7.3	13.4	15.4	12.2	7.0	9.3	8 347	11 239
45 TO 64 YEARS	6.8	12.4	13.9	7.4	5.8	8.1	6 655	9 711
65 YEARS AND OVER.	8.3	10.7	5.7	4.0	0.3	1.7	4 526	5 894
MEXICAN ORIGIN								
MALE, 15 YEARS AND OVER. . .	5.1	13.2	20.3	11.7	8.6	17.4	11 533	14 888
15 TO 24 YEARS	7.0	15.2	19.2	6.7	2.7	1.8	6 392	7 537
25 TO 44 YEARS	3.6	11.9	21.6	14.4	11.3	24.3	14 988	17 901
45 TO 64 YEARS	4.2	12.2	19.6	13.5	10.7	24.7	14 704	18 829
65 YEARS AND OVER.	12.6	19.6	15.5	4.1	3.4	2.0	6 568	8 108
FEMALE, 15 YEARS AND OVER. .	7.1	14.6	13.6	8.9	4.9	5.2	6 593	8 833
15 TO 24 YEARS	7.0	15.4	9.7	4.7	1.0	0.6	4 047	5 419
25 TO 44 YEARS	6.8	14.9	16.0	12.8	7.4	7.5	8 437	10 925
45 TO 64 YEARS	7.9	13.6	15.2	5.9	5.1	6.5	6 528	8 890
65 YEARS AND OVER.	7.7	13.1	6.0	4.2	0.4	1.0	4 657	5 874

Table 18. Income in 1987 of Hispanic- and Mexican-Origin Persons, by Residence and Sex: March 1988

(Persons 15 years old and over. For the United States. For meaning of symbols, see text)

TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN, SEX, AND INCOME	TOTAL	IN METROPOLITAN AREAS			OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREAS
		TOTAL	IN CENTRAL CITIES	OUTSIDE CENTRAL CITIES	
SPANISH ORIGIN					
BOTH SEXES					
TOTAL PERSONS . . . .THOUSANDS. .	13 606	12 642	7 300	5 342	964
TOTAL WITH INCOME. .THOUSANDS. .	11 470	10 656	6 086	4 570	814
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS.	12.3	11.8	11.6	12.1	18.3
$2,000 TO $2,999.	4.9	4.8	5.1	4.5	5.6
$3,000 TO $3,999.	5.4	5.4	5.7	5.1	5.2
$4,000 TO $4,999.	5.9	5.8	6.3	5.1	7.4
$5,000 TO $5,999.	5.1	5.1	5.6	4.5	5.0
$6,000 TO $6,999.	5.8	5.7	6.2	5.1	6.1
$7,000 TO $8,499.	7.7	7.5	8.4	6.4	10.3
$8,500 TO $9,999.	5.0	5.0	5.8	4.0	5.6
$10,000 TO $12,499.	10.3	10.4	10.9	9.7	9.4
$12,500 TO $14,999.	6.0	6.0	5.8	6.3	6.1
$15,000 TO $17,499.	6.5	6.7	6.9	6.4	4.1
$17,500 TO $19,999.	4.3	4.3	4.5	4.1	4.2
$20,000 TO $24,999.	7.3	7.4	6.5	8.7	5.5
$25,000 TO $29,999.	4.5	4.6	3.8	5.8	3.1
$30,000 TO $34,999.	3.1	3.2	2.5	4.1	1.6
$35,000 TO $49,999.	4.0	4.2	3.4	5.4	1.8
$50,000 TO $74,999.	1.9	1.4	1.0	2.0	0.6
$75,000 AND OVER.	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.7	0.2
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	9 389	9 637	8 831	10 821	7 362
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	12 893	13 129	12 009	14 606	9 882
MALE					
TOTAL PERSONS . . . .THOUSANDS. .	6 776	6 285	3 565	2 720	491
TOTAL WITH INCOME. .THOUSANDS. .	6 120	5 676	3 187	2 490	444
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS.	6.7	6.5	6.7	6.4	8.7
$2,000 TO $2,999.	3.2	3.1	2.9	3.4	3.7
$3,000 TO $3,999.	3.9	4.0	4.1	3.8	3.5
$4,000 TO $4,999.	4.8	4.6	4.8	4.4	5.9
$5,000 TO $5,999.	4.2	4.2	4.6	3.8	4.6
$6,000 TO $6,999.	4.7	4.6	4.9	4.3	5.8
$7,000 TO $8,499.	7.4	7.0	7.9	5.9	12.2
$8,500 TO $9,999.	5.1	5.1	5.9	4.1	5.4
$10,000 TO $12,499.	12.2	12.3	13.1	11.2	11.8
$12,500 TO $14,999.	6.7	6.6	6.4	6.8	7.7
$15,000 TO $17,499.	7.5	7.6	8.2	6.7	5.8
$17,500 TO $19,999.	4.8	4.7	5.5	3.7	5.3
$20,000 TO $24,999.	9.3	9.4	8.6	10.5	7.2
$25,000 TO $29,999.	6.1	6.2	5.3	7.4	4.5
$30,000 TO $34,999.	4.4	4.5	3.5	5.8	2.2
$35,000 TO $49,999.	6.1	6.3	5.3	7.6	3.1
$50,000 TO $74,999.	2.1	2.2	1.5	3.1	1.2
$75,000 AND OVER.	0.8	0.9	0.6	1.2	0.4
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	12 019	12 182	11 549	13 541	9 914
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	16 031	16 290	14 950	18 005	12 722
FEMALE					
TOTAL PERSONS . . . .THOUSANDS. .	6 831	6 357	3 735	2 622	473
TOTAL WITH INCOME. .THOUSANDS. .	5 349	4 980	2 899	2 081	370
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS.	18.6	17.8	16.9	19.1	29.7
$2,000 TO $2,999.	6.8	6.7	7.4	5.7	7.9
$3,000 TO $3,999.	7.1	7.1	7.4	6.7	7.2
$4,000 TO $4,999.	7.1	7.1	7.9	5.9	8.0
$5,000 TO $5,999.	6.1	6.2	6.6	5.5	5.5
$6,000 TO $6,999.	6.9	7.0	7.6	6.1	6.6
$7,000 TO $8,499.	8.1	8.1	8.9	7.1	8.0
$8,500 TO $9,999.	4.9	4.9	5.6	3.8	5.8
$10,000 TO $12,499.	8.1	8.2	8.5	7.9	6.6
$12,500 TO $14,999.	5.2	5.3	5.0	5.8	4.2
$15,000 TO $17,499.	5.4	5.7	5.4	6.1	2.0
$17,500 TO $19,999.	3.8	3.9	3.4	4.5	2.9
$20,000 TO $24,999.	5.1	5.2	4.2	6.6	3.5
$25,000 TO $29,999.	2.8	2.9	2.1	4.0	1.3
$30,000 TO $34,999.	1.6	1.6	1.4	2.0	0.8
$35,000 TO $49,999.	1.7	1.8	1.2	2.7	0.2
$50,000 TO $74,999.	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.6	-
$75,000 AND OVER.	0.1	0.1	-	0.1	-
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	6 611	6 742	6 491	7 226	4 652
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	9 303	9 513	8 777	10 540	6 469

Table 18. Income in 1987 of Hispanic- and Mexican-Origin Persons, by Residence and Sex: March 1988 —Continued

(Persons 15 years old and over. For the United States. For meaning of symbols, see text)

TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN, SEX, AND INCOME	TOTAL	IN METROPOLITAN AREAS			OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREAS
		TOTAL	IN CENTRAL CITIES	OUTSIDE CENTRAL CITIES	
MEXICAN ORIGIN					
BOTH SEXES					
TOTAL PERSONS . . . .THOUSANDS. .	8 134	7 402	4 072	3 330	732
TOTAL WITH INCOME. .THOUSANDS. .	6 724	6 116	3 347	2 770	608
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS.	12.7	12.1	12.0	12.2	18.5
$2,000 TO $2,999.	5.1	5.1	5.3	4.8	5.0
$3,000 TO $3,999.	4.9	4.9	5.0	4.7	5.2
$4,000 TO $4,999.	5.7	5.6	5.6	5.6	7.0
$5,000 TO $5,999.	4.9	4.9	4.7	5.1	4.7
$6,000 TO $6,999.	6.0	5.8	6.2	5.3	7.2
$7,000 TO $8,499.	8.3	8.1	8.7	7.4	10.5
$8,500 TO $9,999.	5.5	5.5	6.5	4.1	5.7
$10,000 TO $12,499.	10.9	11.0	11.9	9.9	9.6
$12,500 TO $14,999.	6.5	6.5	6.3	6.7	6.4
$15,000 TO $17,499.	6.2	6.5	6.9	6.1	3.5
$17,500 TO $19,999.	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.3	4.9
$20,000 TO $24,999.	7.0	7.2	6.0	8.7	4.8
$25,000 TO $29,999.	4.3	4.5	3.7	5.4	2.8
$30,000 TO $34,999.	2.7	2.8	2.6	3.0	1.6
$35,000 TO $49,999.	3.6	3.8	3.3	4.5	1.7
$50,000 TO $74,999.	1.2	1.3	1.0	1.7	0.7
$75,000 AND OVER.	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	9 167	9 455	9 056	10 150	7 355
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	12 258	12 495	11 831	13 296	9 879
MALE					
TOTAL PERSONS . . . .THOUSANDS. .	4 216	3 833	2 087	1 746	383
TOTAL WITH INCOME. .THOUSANDS. .	3 804	3 460	1 878	1 582	345
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS.	6.7	6.5	6.4	6.6	9.0
$2,000 TO $2,999.	3.4	3.4	3.2	3.6	3.4
$3,000 TO $3,999.	3.9	4.0	3.9	4.1	3.5
$4,000 TO $4,999.	5.3	5.2	5.0	5.4	6.4
$5,000 TO $5,999.	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.1
$6,000 TO $6,999.	5.1	4.9	5.2	4.5	6.7
$7,000 TO $8,499.	7.9	7.5	8.2	6.8	12.0
$8,500 TO $9,999.	5.3	5.3	6.2	4.2	4.9
$10,000 TO $12,499.	13.1	13.2	14.4	11.7	12.5
$12,500 TO $14,999.	7.2	7.1	6.7	7.5	8.5
$15,000 TO $17,499.	7.1	7.3	8.2	6.2	5.6
$17,500 TO $19,999.	4.6	4.4	5.1	3.6	5.8
$20,000 TO $24,999.	8.6	8.8	7.4	10.5	6.5
$25,000 TO $29,999.	5.9	6.1	5.3	7.1	4.1
$30,000 TO $34,999.	3.8	4.0	3.6	4.4	2.3
$35,000 TO $49,999.	5.4	5.7	5.2	6.2	2.8
$50,000 TO $74,999.	1.8	1.9	1.3	2.6	1.3
$75,000 AND OVER.	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.5
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	11 533	11 678	11 311	12 214	9 993
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	14 868	15 103	14 334	16 015	12 728
FEMALE					
TOTAL PERSONS . . . .THOUSANDS. .	3 918	3 569	1 985	1 584	349
TOTAL WITH INCOME. .THOUSANDS. .	2 920	2 656	1 469	1 188	263
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS.	20.4	19.4	19.0	19.8	30.9
$2,000 TO $2,999.	7.3	7.3	8.0	6.4	7.1
$3,000 TO $3,999.	6.2	6.0	6.5	5.5	7.4
$4,000 TO $4,999.	6.3	6.2	6.5	5.8	7.8
$5,000 TO $5,999.	5.6	5.6	5.1	6.2	5.4
$6,000 TO $6,999.	7.1	7.1	7.6	6.4	7.7
$7,000 TO $8,499.	8.9	8.9	9.4	8.3	8.6
$8,500 TO $9,999.	5.7	5.6	7.0	4.0	6.7
$10,000 TO $12,499.	7.9	8.2	8.7	7.5	5.7
$12,500 TO $14,999.	5.6	5.8	5.9	5.8	3.6
$15,000 TO $17,499.	5.0	5.5	5.1	5.9	0.7
$17,500 TO $19,999.	3.8	3.8	2.8	5.2	3.8
$20,000 TO $24,999.	4.9	5.1	4.1	6.4	2.6
$25,000 TO $29,999.	2.7	2.3	1.7	3.1	1.0
$30,000 TO $34,999.	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.1	0.7
$35,000 TO $49,999.	1.3	1.4	0.9	2.1	0.2
$50,000 TO $74,999.	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.5	-
$75,000 AND OVER.	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	6 593	6 778	6 641	6 978	4 584
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	9 835	9 098	8 631	9 675	6 153

Table 19. Income in 1987 of Hispanic- and Mexican- Origin Persons, by Sex and Years of School Completed: March 1988

(Persons 25 years old and over. For the United States. For meaning of symbols, see text)

TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN, SEX, AND INCOME	TOTAL	YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED								MEDIAN YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED	PERCENT COMPLETED 4 YEARS OF HIGH SCHOOL OR MORE
		ELEMENTARY SCHOOL				HIGH SCHOOL		COLLEGE			
		NONE	1 TO 4	5 TO 7	8	1 TO 3	4	1 TO 3	4 OR MORE		
SPANISH ORIGIN											
BOTH SEXES											
TOTAL PERSONS . . . .THOUSANDS. .	9 940	344	870	1 563	682	1 415	2 815	1 257	995	12.0	51.0
TOTAL WITH INCOME. .THOUSANDS. .	8 868	290	732	1 337	593	1 216	2 564	1 185	974	12.1	53.1
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(X)	(X)
$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS.	8.9	11.2	8.5	10.8	11.6	10.3	9.0	7.0	4.5	11.1	45.3
$2,000 TO $2,999.	4.2	12.0	6.3	6.5	6.4	3.6	3.3	2.1	1.3	8.5	33.1
$3,000 TO $3,999.	4.7	7.1	7.6	7.5	7.6	5.6	3.0	3.3	1.6	8.8	31.2
$4,000 TO $4,999.	5.6	16.7	12.8	9.0	6.8	5.9	3.4	1.9	1.0	7.7	24.2
$5,000 TO $5,999.	4.8	6.2	7.3	5.7	7.8	5.5	4.3	3.0	2.3	9.7	39.1
$6,000 TO $6,999.	5.7	8.6	10.3	6.8	5.4	6.1	5.8	3.6	1.3	9.9	40.6
$7,000 TO $8,499.	7.3	12.8	11.8	11.1	9.0	7.7	6.2	3.4	3.4	9.0	35.7
$8,500 TO $9,999.	4.9	5.0	6.8	6.2	7.0	6.3	4.0	3.0	3.4	10.0	39.3
$10,000 TO $12,499.	10.0	9.2	12.8	10.7	10.7	13.2	9.8	8.2	5.6	11.1	45.4
$12,500 TO $14,999.	6.4	3.4	5.8	7.2	5.8	7.3	7.2	7.0	3.1	12.1	57.4
$15,000 TO $17,499.	7.1	4.3	4.7	4.7	6.0	6.9	8.9	10.1	5.1	12.4	63.5
$17,500 TO $19,999.	4.9	-	1.4	3.0	3.7	4.3	7.1	6.9	4.7	12.5	71.3
$20,000 TO $24,999.	8.7	1.1	1.8	4.3	6.4	8.4	11.1	10.9	14.8	12.6	72.4
$25,000 TO $29,999.	5.5	1.0	0.4	2.9	3.0	4.1	5.7	9.7	17.0	12.9	77.0
$30,000 TO $34,999.	3.9	0.6	0.4	1.5	0.7	2.2	4.3	7.0	10.3	13.3	82.9
$35,000 TO $49,999.	5.1	-	0.8	1.9	1.4	1.4	5.0	9.3	15.7	14.1	87.3
$50,000 TO $74,999.	1.7	0.6	0.3	0.1	0.6	0.8	1.6	2.9	6.1	14.3	87.5
$75,000 AND OVER.	0.6	0.2	-	0.1	-	0.4	0.2	0.5	3.7	(B)	(B)
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	10 975	5 486	6 725	7 490	7 734	9 768	12 912	16 829	24 109	(X)	(X)
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	14 592	7 113	7 899	9 595	9 872	11 841	15 208	18 898	28 145	(X)	(X)
MALE											
TOTAL PERSONS . . . .THOUSANDS. .	4 889	148	422	785	299	692	1 332	625	585	12.1	57.0
TOTAL WITH INCOME. .THOUSANDS. .	4 713	146	402	736	288	654	1 276	612	579	12.1	57.3
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(X)	(X)
$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS.	3.1	4.0	3.2	4.7	3.8	2.4	3.1	1.7	2.8	10.2	45.2
$2,000 TO $2,999.	2.2	4.6	3.4	4.2	3.2	1.1	1.9	0.9	1.0	8.0	34.5
$3,000 TO $3,999.	3.2	8.0	5.8	5.2	4.4	3.3	1.2	4.1	0.7	8.2	29.2
$4,000 TO $4,999.	4.1	14.0	9.3	6.9	3.1	4.5	2.3	1.3	1.0	7.3	22.5
$5,000 TO $5,999.	3.5	3.5	8.2	3.0	5.5	4.3	2.7	2.2	2.6	9.7	37.4
$6,000 TO $6,999.	4.2	7.7	9.4	5.8	4.0	5.0	3.4	2.3	0.6	8.6	30.9
$7,000 TO $8,499.	6.8	17.0	12.6	10.1	7.5	7.0	4.9	2.9	3.4	8.4	31.3
$8,500 TO $9,999.	4.9	7.8	8.3	6.1	7.3	6.6	3.6	2.9	2.1	9.3	35.2
$10,000 TO $12,499.	11.5	15.3	16.3	15.5	13.9	14.6	9.8	7.0	5.8	9.7	37.1
$12,500 TO $14,999.	7.2	4.4	8.0	10.7	8.5	8.2	6.4	7.2	2.5	10.0	41.4
$15,000 TO $17,499.	8.3	8.2	7.6	6.2	10.1	9.3	10.2	9.9	4.1	12.1	54.8
$17,500 TO $19,999.	5.3	-	1.9	3.4	6.1	6.4	8.3	5.8	7.9	12.3	69.0
$20,000 TO $24,999.	11.1	1.4	2.8	7.1	11.7	12.6	14.3	13.0	13.6	12.4	65.0
$25,000 TO $29,999.	7.5	1.9	0.6	4.7	5.3	6.9	8.9	10.2	12.8	12.7	71.0
$30,000 TO $34,999.	5.6	0.8	0.7	2.7	1.5	3.4	7.2	10.5	9.7	12.9	80.4
$35,000 TO $49,999.	7.7	-	1.3	3.2	3.0	2.5	8.4	13.8	19.8	13.7	85.0
$50,000 TO $74,999.	2.7	1.1	0.5	0.3	1.2	1.5	2.9	3.4	8.8	14.0	87.1
$75,000 AND OVER.	1.1	0.4	-	0.2	-	0.8	0.3	1.0	5.9	(B)	(B)
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	14 753	7 729	8 289	10 655	12 027	12 881	17 601	20 615	27 435	(Y)	(X)
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	18 445	9 513	9 717	12 479	13 941	15 626	19 691	22 466	32 984	(Y)	(X)
FEMALE											
TOTAL PERSONS . . . .THOUSANDS. .	5 051	195	448	778	383	723	1 482	632	410	12.0	50.0
TOTAL WITH INCOME. .THOUSANDS. .	4 175	144	330	581	305	562	1 288	573	396	12.1	54.0
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(X)	(X)
$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS.	15.5	18.6	15.0	18.8	19.0	19.6	14.9	12.7	7.0	11.2	45.3
$2,000 TO $2,999.	6.4	19.6	9.8	9.6	9.4	6.5	4.7	3.5	1.7	8.6	32.5
$3,000 TO $3,999.	6.4	6.1	9.9	10.6	10.7	8.3	4.8	2.5	2.9	9.0	32.4
$4,000 TO $4,999.	7.3	19.4	17.2	11.7	10.3	7.6	4.5	2.5	1.0	6.0	25.3
$5,000 TO $5,999.	6.2	9.0	6.2	9.2	10.0	6.9	5.8	3.8	2.0	9.7	46.2
$6,000 TO $6,999.	7.3	9.6	11.5	8.2	6.8	7.3	8.1	5.1	2.4	10.9	46.9
$7,000 TO $8,499.	8.0	8.5	11.0	12.5	10.5	8.5	7.5	4.0	3.4	9.6	39.9
$8,500 TO $9,999.	4.9	2.3	5.0	6.3	6.8	5.9	4.6	3.1	5.2	11.2	46.2
$10,000 TO $12,499.	8.4	3.0	8.6	4.3	7.7	11.5	9.9	9.6	5.3	12.2	58.2
$12,500 TO $14,999.	5.6	2.3	3.1	2.5	3.2	6.3	8.1	6.8	4.1	12.4	62.4
$15,000 TO $17,499.	5.6	0.4	1.2	2.7	2.0	4.5	7.6	10.2	6.6	12.7	77.9
$17,500 TO $19,999.	4.4	-	0.9	2.4	1.4	1.8	6.0	8.2	7.9	12.8	83.1
$20,000 TO $24,999.	5.9	0.8	0.5	0.6	1.3	3.5	8.0	8.6	16.6	12.9	88.0
$25,000 TO $29,999.	3.3	-	-	0.5	0.9	0.9	2.5	9.2	10.9	14.3	92.1
$30,000 TO $34,999.	2.0	0.4	-	-	-	0.7	1.3	3.3	11.2	16.1	94.6
$35,000 TO $49,999.	2.1	-	0.3	0.2	-	0.2	1.7	4.6	9.7	15.1	96.7
$50,000 TO $74,999.	0.6	-	-	-	-	-	0.2	2.3	2.1	(B)	(B)
$75,000 AND OVER.	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	-	0.7	(B)	(B)
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	7 175	4 295	4 694	4 951	5 064	6 150	8 464	13 657	20 246	(X)	(X)
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	10 243	4 675	5 682	5 844	6 004	7 434	10 768	15 086	21 064	(X)	(X)

Table 19. Income in 1987 of Hispanic- and Mexican-Origin Persons, by Sex and Years of School Completed: March 1988—Continued

(Persons 25 years old and over. For the United States. For meaning of symbols, see text)

TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN, SEX, AND INCOME	TOTAL	YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED								MEDIAN YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED	PERCENT COMPLETED 4 YEARS OF HIGH SCHOOL OR MORE
		ELEMENTARY SCHOOL				HIGH SCHOOL		COLLEGE			
		NONE	1 TO 4	5 TO 7	8	1 TO 3	4	1 TO 3	4 OR MORE		
MEXICAN ORIGIN											
BOTH SEXES											
TOTAL PERSONS . . . .THOUSANDS. .	5 752	276	641	1 030	368	870	1 526	633	407	10.8	44.6
TOTAL WITH INCOME. .THOUSANDS. .	5 082	233	525	864	312	740	1 404	610	393	11.4	47.4
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(X)	(X)
$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS.	9.0	10.4	8.3	11.4	10.8	12.2	8.8	5.7	2.8	9.7	36.8
$2,000 TO $2,999.	4.4	12.4	6.5	6.5	6.4	2.6	3.7	1.6	0.7	7.5	28.9
$3,000 TO $3,999.	3.8	6.9	6.6	5.2	6.3	3.8	2.3	2.3	0.8	8.0	25.5
$4,000 TO $4,999.	5.3	18.2	11.7	6.8	5.5	5.1	3.0	1.2	0.4	6.7	18.8
$5,000 TO $5,999.	4.3	6.3	6.6	4.6	6.1	5.0	3.7	2.9	1.5	9.2	34.2
$6,000 TO $6,999.	5.6	7.2	10.8	6.6	5.3	5.4	5.0	3.7	1.4	8.7	34.4
$7,000 TO $8,499.	8.0	12.4	11.4	12.2	10.0	7.7	6.4	3.1	4.1	8.3	30.8
$8,500 TO $9,999.	5.3	5.9	7.6	5.7	6.6	7.2	4.2	2.7	4.4	9.6	34.5
$10,000 TO $12,499.	10.8	9.5	13.9	12.1	12.0	13.8	11.0	6.1	4.4	9.9	38.0
$12,500 TO $14,999.	7.3	3.2	6.4	8.5	5.8	8.9	7.8	8.8	4.3	11.3	46.4
$15,000 TO $17,499.	7.0	4.8	4.7	4.6	7.2	7.0	9.0	10.7	4.2	12.2	58.0
$17,500 TO $19,999.	4.9	-	1.7	3.3	3.2	5.0	7.2	7.3	5.1	12.4	66.2
$20,000 TO $24,999.	8.6	0.3	2.0	4.6	8.3	8.2	10.1	12.7	20.6	12.6	68.6
$25,000 TO $29,999.	5.4	1.2	0.1	3.6	3.1	4.0	6.3	9.5	14.1	12.7	73.1
$30,000 TO $34,999.	3.5	0.8	0.5	2.3	1.1	1.6	4.8	6.7	8.0	12.7	77.9
$35,000 TO $49,999.	4.6	-	0.8	1.9	1.9	1.4	4.7	11.1	16.5	13.5	84.3
$50,000 TO $74,999.	1.6	0.7	0.2	-	0.4	0.9	2.0	3.8	5.3	13.3	86.9
$75,000 AND OVER.	0.3	-	-	0.1	-	-	0.1	0.2	3.4	(B)	(B)
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	10 980	5 345	6 946	8 102	8 437	10 164	13 154	17 918	24 144	(X)	(X)
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	14 069	7 026	8 033	10 192	10 654	11 589	15 548	20 045	27 663	(X)	(X)
MALE											
TOTAL PERSONS . . . .THOUSANDS. .	2 959	128	334	557	162	423	778	336	240	11.0	45.8
TOTAL WITH INCOME. .THOUSANDS. .	2 846	126	321	538	156	401	741	327	236	11.0	45.8
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(X)	(X)
$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS.	2.8	3.0	2.7	4.7	1.6	2.3	3.3	0.9	1.0	8.9	37.9
$2,000 TO $2,999.	2.3	5.3	2.8	4.0	2.9	0.8	2.0	1.1	0.6	(B)	(B)
$3,000 TO $3,999.	2.9	7.9	5.3	5.4	5.0	2.3	1.4	2.2	0.5	7.3	23.1
$4,000 TO $4,999.	4.3	15.3	8.6	6.8	3.1	4.8	2.2	0.6	0.7	6.6	15.5
$5,000 TO $5,999.	3.3	4.1	8.6	2.8	3.5	4.7	1.8	2.2	1.2	8.0	24.3
$6,000 TO $6,999.	4.4	6.4	10.9	5.6	4.4	4.1	2.6	2.1	1.1	7.0	23.0
$7,000 TO $8,499.	7.4	16.0	12.2	10.2	7.7	8.3	4.7	1.8	4.1	7.6	24.0
$8,500 TO $9,999.	5.2	8.3	8.3	5.1	5.1	8.0	3.6	3.2	2.2	9.1	28.7
$10,000 TO $12,499.	12.5	15.4	17.8	16.4	15.7	14.4	11.1	4.6	5.4	8.6	30.8
$12,500 TO $14,999.	8.1	4.3	8.2	11.8	8.7	9.9	6.3	9.2	2.8	9.3	35.9
$15,000 TO $17,499.	8.3	8.8	7.0	5.9	11.0	8.8	10.0	11.0	3.3	12.0	50.1
$17,500 TO $19,999.	5.1	-	2.4	4.1	4.8	7.2	7.4	5.9	2.3	12.1	54.7
$20,000 TO $24,999.	10.6	0.6	2.8	6.9	14.6	11.5	13.8	13.7	16.3	12.3	61.6
$25,000 TO $29,999.	7.6	2.2	0.2	5.6	4.9	6.5	10.6	11.0	14.3	12.5	68.6
$30,000 TO $34,999.	5.1	1.0	0.9	3.6	2.2	2.2	7.6	10.2	8.8	12.7	75.4
$35,000 TO $49,999.	7.0	-	1.1	2.8	3.9	2.6	7.9	15.9	22.4	13.3	82.3
$50,000 TO $74,999.	2.4	1.3	0.4	-	0.8	1.7	3.7	4.0	7.7	(B)	(B)
$75,000 AND OVER.	0.5	-	-	0.2	-	-	0.1	0.3	5.1	(B)	(B)
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	13 972	7 739	8 383	11 138	12 768	12 572	17 867	21 594	27 604	(X)	(X)
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	17 363	9 218	9 609	12 839	14 818	14 760	19 958	23 358	32 250	(X)	(X)
FEMALE											
TOTAL PERSONS . . . .THOUSANDS. .	2 793	148	307	474	206	447	748	297	167	10.6	43.4
TOTAL WITH INCOME. .THOUSANDS. .	2 236	107	204	326	156	339	664	283	157	11.9	49.4
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(X)	(X)
$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS.	16.9	19.0	17.1	22.5	20.0	23.8	14.8	11.2	5.4	9.8	36.5
$2,000 TO $2,999.	7.1	20.7	12.4	10.6	9.9	4.8	5.6	2.3	0.9	7.7	28.2
$3,000 TO $3,999.	5.0	5.6	8.6	8.2	7.7	5.6	3.3	2.3	1.1	8.5	27.3
$4,000 TO $4,999.	6.3	21.5	16.7	6.9	7.9	5.3	3.9	1.8	-	7.0	21.8
$5,000 TO $5,999.	5.6	8.8	3.6	7.5	8.7	5.5	5.8	3.8	1.9	9.7	41.7
$6,000 TO $6,999.	7.2	8.1	10.8	8.2	6.3	7.0	7.6	5.7	1.9	10.1	43.2
$7,000 TO $8,499.	8.9	8.1	10.2	15.6	12.3	7.0	8.4	4.7	4.2	9.0	37.9
$8,500 TO $9,999.	5.5	3.0	6.4	6.6	8.0	6.3	5.0	2.0	7.7	10.1	41.4
$10,000 TO $12,499.	8.5	2.6	7.8	5.1	8.3	13.1	10.8	7.8	2.8	12.0	51.5
$12,500 TO $14,999.	6.2	1.9	3.6	3.0	2.9	7.8	9.4	8.3	1.5	12.3	63.9
$15,000 TO $17,499.	5.5	-	1.0	2.6	3.3	5.0	7.8	10.3	5.6	12.5	72.2
$17,500 TO $19,999.	4.7	-	0.6	1.9	1.7	2.5	7.0	8.8	9.2	12.7	82.4
$20,000 TO $24,999.	6.1	-	0.8	0.7	1.9	4.3	5.9	11.5	27.1	13.8	84.3
$25,000 TO $29,999.	2.7	-	-	0.3	1.2	1.1	1.6	7.8	13.8	(B)	(B)
$30,000 TO $34,999.	1.4	0.6	-	-	-	0.9	1.6	2.6	6.8	(B)	(B)
$35,000 TO $49,999.	1.7	-	0.4	0.3	-	-	1.1	5.3	7.8	(B)	(B)
$50,000 TO $74,999.	0.6	-	-	-	-	-	0.2	3.6	1.6	(B)	(B)
$75,000 AND OVER.	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	0.2	-	0.7	(B)	(B)
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	7 320	4 214	4 717	5 252	5 528	6 702	8 709	15 025	21 056	(X)	(X)
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	9 877	4 454	5 556	5 819	6 468	7 838	10 629	16 210	20 794	(X)	(X)

Table 20. Income in 1987 of Hispanic- and Mexican- Origin Persons in the Employed Civilian Labor Force, by Occupation and Sex: March 1988

(Persons 15 years old and over. For the United States. For meaning of symbols, see text)

TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN, SEX, AND INCOME OF PERSONS IN THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	TOTAL WORKERS	EXEC., ADMIN., AND MANAG. WORKERS	PROF. SPECIALTY WORKERS	TECHNICIANS AND RELATED WORKERS	SALES WORKERS	ADMIN. SUPPORT WORKERS INCLUD. CLERICAL	PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD WORKERS	SERVICE WORKERS EXCEPT PRIVATE HHLD.	FARM FISHING AND FORESTRY WORKERS	PRECISN PROD.REPAIR,AND CRAFT WORKERS	MACHINE OPERATORS,ASSEMBLERS INSPECT.	TRANSPORT.AND MATERIAL MOVING WORKERS	HANDLERS EQUIP. CLEANERS HELPERS LABORERS
SPANISH ORIGIN													
BOTH SEXES													
TOTAL PERSONS . . . .THOUSANDS. .	7 963	563	556	141	744	1 172	132	1 274	434	1 081	1 042	315	510
TOTAL WITH INCOME. .THOUSANDS. .	7 764	558	549	139	714	1 150	119	1 225	420	1 073	1 012	312	494
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS.	5.4	1.7	3.2	1.9	8.7	5.6	16.8	9.5	5.8	2.7	3.6	2.4	6.2
$2,000 TO $2,999.	2.8	0.8	1.5	2.0	4.5	1.8	11.6	4.0	2.5	2.0	1.3	1.6	6.3
$3,000 TO $3,999.	3.7	1.3	0.8	2.2	6.1	2.7	15.1	5.8	7.4	2.4	2.4	0.9	4.6
$4,000 TO $4,999.	2.9	1.5	0.7	1.2	3.6	3.1	8.5	4.4	3.5	1.7	2.4	2.3	4.2
$5,000 TO $5,999.	4.1	1.3	1.9	0.6	4.6	4.1	8.7	6.6	7.8	1.8	4.5	2.8	4.9
$6,000 TO $6,999.	4.8	1.8	0.5	2.3	5.0	5.1	11.8	7.3	7.2	3.0	6.0	1.0	6.1
$7,000 TO $8,499.	8.2	1.7	2.3	4.1	8.2	5.6	9.6	12.0	10.9	7.2	13.3	3.8	11.3
$8,500 TO $9,999.	5.3	3.1	3.3	1.9	5.4	5.3	6.3	6.3	6.5	4.4	7.5	3.3	6.5
$10,000 TO $12,499.	12.8	8.7	4.3	6.4	11.7	13.1	2.6	13.3	20.5	14.6	13.7	14.5	17.1
$12,500 TO $14,999.	7.5	3.1	3.5	8.4	6.1	11.3	1.4	6.1	8.6	7.1	10.1	10.0	8.2
$15,000 TO $17,499.	8.4	8.2	4.0	9.2	7.3	12.7	3.2	7.6	5.7	9.6	8.5	12.4	5.8
$17,500 TO $19,999.	5.8	6.2	6.8	11.1	4.7	6.3	0.3	4.3	2.9	8.0	6.8	6.2	2.9
$20,000 TO $24,999.	9.8	11.5	15.9	13.4	7.0	10.4	1.7	5.9	6.9	13.1	10.0	15.8	5.4
$25,000 TO $29,999.	6.3	11.2	15.1	12.3	4.5	6.0	1.6	2.4	1.9	8.3	3.6	10.5	5.0
$30,000 TO $34,999.	4.2	9.7	10.3	13.2	3.8	3.2	0.8	1.2	0.4	5.6	3.3	3.1	2.8
$35,000 TO $49,999.	5.5	16.6	15.9	8.6	4.0	3.1	-	2.4	1.0	7.5	2.8	6.3	1.9
$50,000 TO $74,999.	1.9	7.9	6.6	1.2	3.1	0.5	-	0.7	0.1	1.2	0.4	3.1	1.0
$75,000 AND OVER.	0.7	3.5	3.5	-	1.8	-	-	-	0.3	-	-	-	-
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	12 538	24 491	25 368	19 720	10 834	13 300	4 757	8 584	9 609	15 824	11 661	16 496	9 998
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	16 149	28 290	29 237	20 752	15 972	14 417	5 828	10 850	10 575	17 544	13 581	18 565	11 934
MALE													
TOTAL PERSONS . . . .THOUSANDS. .	4 734	327	284	91	337	302	1	702	387	970	603	293	436
TOTAL WITH INCOME. .THOUSANDS. .	4 655	326	283	89	331	298	1	669	380	966	593	292	428
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS.	3.4	0.7	2.8	2.9	5.0	6.4	(B)	3.8	4.8	2.4	2.3	2.6	5.3
$2,000 TO $2,999.	2.2	0.3	0.6	-	2.7	1.6	(B)	3.6	1.7	2.0	0.7	1.7	6.2
$3,000 TO $3,999.	2.6	1.1	0.7	2.2	0.9	1.3	(B)	4.2	7.4	2.5	1.4	0.1	4.5
$4,000 TO $4,999.	2.5	1.7	0.4	-	1.7	2.3	(B)	4.2	3.4	1.8	2.3	2.1	4.2
$5,000 TO $5,999.	3.5	1.2	3.3	0.3	3.7	3.4	(B)	6.1	7.3	2.0	3.1	2.1	3.8
$6,000 TO $6,999.	3.7	1.2	0.3	3.6	2.2	3.0	(B)	5.6	7.2	3.1	4.4	1.0	5.6
$7,000 TO $8,499.	7.4	2.3	2.2	6.4	6.3	4.2	(B)	12.0	10.2	6.5	8.9	2.9	11.6
$8,500 TO $9,999.	4.8	1.0	3.5	3.0	3.3	4.7	(B)	8.3	6.3	3.8	5.5	3.2	5.5
$10,000 TO $12,499.	13.5	7.4	4.4	5.8	12.0	14.2	(B)	12.9	21.9	14.7	12.9	13.7	17.7
$12,500 TO $14,999.	7.3	2.4	1.9	9.6	5.2	8.8	(B)	6.0	9.2	7.0	11.4	9.7	8.7
$15,000 TO $17,499.	8.5	6.7	2.6	6.8	10.0	9.6	(B)	9.3	6.1	9.2	9.5	13.3	6.5
$17,500 TO $19,999.	5.6	3.3	4.7	4.3	5.5	3.3	(B)	5.2	2.9	7.5	9.2	6.6	3.4
$20,000 TO $24,999.	10.9	10.4	9.9	10.2	11.9	12.1	(B)	8.2	7.5	13.9	12.3	16.9	5.5
$25,000 TO $29,999.	7.5	10.3	17.7	14.1	8.2	8.0	(B)	4.0	2.1	8.4	5.3	10.8	5.4
$30,000 TO $34,999.	5.3	10.7	7.8	18.3	7.0	8.3	(B)	2.0	0.4	5.9	5.4	3.4	2.9
$35,000 TO $49,999.	7.3	20.4	20.8	10.6	6.6	8.4	(B)	3.4	1.1	7.9	4.8	6.7	2.2
$50,000 TO $74,999.	2.8	12.9	10.5	1.9	4.3	0.3	(B)	1.3	0.1	1.4	0.6	3.3	1.1
$75,000 AND OVER.	1.1	6.1	5.9	-	3.6	-	(B)	-	0.3	-	-	-	-
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	14 676	30 024	28 303	22 178	16 763	15 017	(B)	10 458	10 184	16 131	14 362	17 060	10 469
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	18 446	34 075	34 205	22 079	22 102	17 300	(B)	13 041	11 003	17 874	16 077	19 169	12 494
FEMALE													
TOTAL PERSONS . . . .THOUSANDS. .	3 229	235	271	50	406	870	131	571	47	112	439	22	75
TOTAL WITH INCOME. .THOUSANDS. .	3 109	232	266	50	383	852	118	556	41	107	418	20	66
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)	100.0	100.0	(B)	(B)
$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS.	8.4	3.1	3.6	(B)	11.8	5.4	16.3	16.5	(B)	5.2	5.4	(B)	(B)
$2,000 TO $2,999.	3.6	1.5	2.4	(B)	6.1	1.9	11.7	4.6	(B)	2.2	2.3	(B)	(B)
$3,000 TO $3,999.	5.2	1.7	0.9	(B)	10.6	3.1	15.2	7.7	(B)	1.3	3.7	(B)	(B)
$4,000 TO $4,999.	3.5	1.2	1.0	(B)	5.2	3.3	8.6	4.7	(B)	1.1	2.5	(B)	(B)
$5,000 TO $5,999.	5.0	1.6	0.5	(B)	5.4	4.3	8.8	7.3	(B)	-	6.5	(B)	(B)
$6,000 TO $6,999.	6.4	2.6	0.6	(B)	7.5	5.9	11.9	9.4	(B)	2.0	8.2	(B)	(B)
$7,000 TO $8,499.	9.3	0.7	2.5	(B)	9.8	6.1	9.7	11.9	(B)	13.5	19.6	(B)	(B)
$8,500 TO $9,999.	6.2	6.0	3.1	(B)	7.2	5.5	6.3	4.0	(B)	9.2	10.3	(B)	(B)
$10,000 TO $12,499.	11.7	10.6	4.1	(B)	11.5	12.7	2.7	13.8	(B)	13.5	14.7	(B)	(B)
$12,500 TO $14,999.	7.8	4.2	5.1	(B)	6.9	12.1	1.4	6.3	(B)	7.8	8.2	(B)	(B)
$15,000 TO $17,499.	8.4	10.4	5.5	(B)	4.9	13.7	3.2	5.6	(B)	13.1	7.1	(B)	(B)
$17,500 TO $19,999.	5.9	10.3	9.0	(B)	4.0	7.4	-	3.3	(B)	17.0	3.4	(B)	(B)
$20,000 TO $24,999.	8.1	13.0	22.2	(B)	2.8	9.8	1.7	3.1	(B)	5.7	6.7	(B)	(B)
$25,000 TO $29,999.	4.4	12.6	12.3	(B)	1.2	5.3	1.6	0.6	(B)	6.7	1.3	(B)	(B)
$30,000 TO $34,999.	2.6	8.3	13.0	(B)	1.1	1.4	0.8	0.2	(B)	2.6	0.2	(B)	(B)
$35,000 TO $49,999.	2.6	11.3	10.8	(B)	1.7	1.3	-	1.2	(B)	4.1	-	(B)	(B)
$50,000 TO $74,999.	0.7	0.9	2.4	(B)	2.1	0.6	-	-	(B)	-	-	(B)	(B)
$75,000 AND OVER.	0.1	-	1.0	(B)	0.3	-	-	-	(B)	-	-	(B)	(B)
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	10 526	19 064	22 211	(B)	7 518	12 866	4 781	6 991	(B)	13 107	8 776	(B)	(B)
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	12 709	20 141	23 962	(B)	10 683	13 409	5 828	8 213	(B)	14 554	10 042	(B)	(B)

Table 20. Income in 1987 of Hispanic- and Mexican-Origin Persons in the Employed Civilian Labor Force, by Occupation and Sex: March 1988—Continued

(Persons 15 years old and over. For the United States. For meaning of symbols, see text)

TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN, SEX, AND INCOME OF PERSONS IN THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	TOTAL WORKERS	EXEC., ADMIN., AND MANAG. WORKERS	PROF. SPECIALTY WORKERS	TECHNICIANS AND RELATED WORKERS	SALES WORKERS	ADMIN. SUPPORT WORKERS INCLUD. CLERICAL	PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD WORKERS	SERVICE WORKERS EXCEPT PRIVATE HHLD.	FARM FISHING AND FORESTRY WORKERS	PRECISN PROD.REPAIR,AND CRAFT WORKERS	MACHINE OPERATORS,ASSEMBLERS INSPECT.	TRANSPORT.AND MATERIAL MOVING WORKERS	HANDLERS EQUIP. CLEANERS HELPERS LABORERS
MEXICAN ORIGIN													
BOTH SEXES													
TOTAL PERSONS . . . .THOUSANDS. .	4 789	284	252	71	413	648	71	725	380	718	677	187	366
TOTAL WITH INCOME. .THOUSANDS. .	4 674	282	247	68	396	638	60	695	369	712	664	186	357
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)	100.0	100.0	(B)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS.	5.9	2.6	2.9	(B)	8.0	6.2	(B)	11.6	5.4	3.5	3.7	3.0	5.8
$2,000 TO $2,999.	3.0	0.7	1.2	(B)	4.9	0.9	(B)	5.2	2.7	1.7	1.2	2.6	7.3
$3,000 TO $3,999.	3.8	1.8	1.2	(B)	4.4	3.5	(B)	6.5	8.0	2.3	2.1	1.0	4.3
$4,000 TO $4,999.	3.2	2.0	1.0	(B)	3.4	3.7	(B)	4.8	3.9	2.2	3.0	2.3	2.6
$5,000 TO $5,999.	4.4	1.3	2.5	(B)	6.5	4.0	(B)	6.2	8.2	2.4	4.3	2.3	4.7
$6,000 TO $6,999.	5.2	2.5	0.7	(B)	4.4	6.7	(B)	7.2	6.6	3.4	6.8	0.9	6.3
$7,000 TO $8,499.	8.8	1.6	3.4	(B)	6.5	6.6	(B)	12.0	11.1	8.6	12.7	3.3	12.1
$8,500 TO $9,999.	5.9	3.7	4.6	(B)	7.1	5.3	(B)	6.6	6.4	5.3	7.6	3.3	6.7
$10,000 TO $12,499.	13.2	11.3	1.6	(B)	11.7	12.1	(B)	13.2	19.8	14.4	13.4	15.9	18.3
$12,500 TO $14,999.	7.8	3.0	2.2	(B)	8.1	13.2	(B)	5.3	9.0	6.6	9.9	9.9	7.8
$15,000 TO $17,499.	7.8	7.2	1.8	(B)	7.3	11.9	(B)	6.9	6.0	9.1	7.9	9.8	6.3
$17,500 TO $19,999.	5.4	7.8	8.2	(B)	4.4	5.5	(B)	2.0	2.5	7.5	8.5	6.2	1.8
$20,000 TO $24,999.	9.2	7.3	24.2	(B)	6.8	9.3	(B)	4.9	7.1	12.7	9.2	11.4	5.3
$25,000 TO $29,999.	5.9	11.3	15.1	(B)	4.1	4.5	(B)	2.1	1.7	8.0	4.0	15.6	4.7
$30,000 TO $34,999.	3.6	7.9	8.3	(B)	4.4	3.0	(B)	1.6	0.2	4.6	3.5	2.5	2.5
$35,000 TO $49,999.	4.9	18.0	13.8	(B)	2.9	2.7	(B)	3.5	1.1	6.8	2.1	7.2	2.0
$50,000 TO $74,999.	1.7	9.3	4.0	(B)	3.6	0.9	(B)	0.6	-	1.1	0.2	2.7	1.3
$75,000 AND OVER.	0.4	0.7	3.5	(B)	1.3	-	(B)	-	0.3	-	-	-	-
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	11 862	22 877	23 572	(B)	10 977	12 702	(B)	8 027	9 457	14 903	11 599	16 393	10 029
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	14 986	25 273	26 797	(B)	15 457	13 819	(B)	10 408	10 502	16 739	13 353	18 839	12 089
MALE													
TOTAL PERSONS . . . .THOUSANDS. .	2 954	177	127	38	185	142	-	394	341	652	408	174	318
TOTAL WITH INCOME. .THOUSANDS. .	2 912	176	125	36	181	142	-	374	336	649	406	173	313
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)	100.0	100.0	(B)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS.	3.5	-	2.3	(B)	6.0	7.0	(B)	4.6	4.2	3.0	1.7	3.3	4.4
$2,000 TO $2,999.	2.4	0.5	-	(B)	1.9	-	(B)	5.2	1.7	1.9	0.4	2.8	7.2
$3,000 TO $3,999.	3.1	2.0	0.9	(B)	0.9	1.7	(B)	4.0	8.4	2.3	1.8	0.1	4.9
$4,000 TO $4,999.	2.8	2.2	0.8	(B)	1.5	2.6	(B)	5.4	3.7	2.2	3.0	2.4	2.5
$5,000 TO $5,999.	4.0	1.0	4.6	(B)	5.7	2.4	(B)	5.5	7.5	2.6	4.3	1.4	3.7
$6,000 TO $6,999.	4.0	1.2	-	(B)	0.6	2.9	(B)	6.1	6.3	3.7	5.0	1.0	5.6
$7,000 TO $8,499.	7.9	2.5	3.2	(B)	5.5	5.2	(B)	11.3	10.1	8.1	7.4	2.4	12.2
$8,500 TO $9,999.	5.1	1.9	5.1	(B)	1.9	5.0	(B)	8.9	6.5	4.4	5.0	3.6	5.8
$10,000 TO $12,499.	14.6	9.4	-	(B)	11.2	13.5	(B)	15.4	21.0	14.5	14.1	14.7	18.7
$12,500 TO $14,999.	7.7	3.4	1.7	(B)	7.4	13.7	(B)	5.0	9.9	7.0	10.8	9.5	8.2
$15,000 TO $17,499.	7.9	7.9	2.0	(B)	8.7	9.5	(B)	7.6	6.6	8.7	8.7	10.5	7.1
$17,500 TO $19,999.	5.2	4.3	3.9	(B)	4.8	2.6	(B)	2.0	2.7	6.9	11.7	6.7	2.1
$20,000 TO $24,999.	10.1	6.9	16.8	(B)	13.1	7.8	(B)	6.2	7.8	13.3	11.3	12.2	6.0
$25,000 TO $29,999.	7.4	10.9	19.9	(B)	8.0	7.6	(B)	3.9	1.8	8.5	5.6	16.0	5.1
$30,000 TO $34,999.	4.8	8.2	7.6	(B)	9.7	9.0	(B)	2.9	0.2	4.7	5.7	2.7	2.8
$35,000 TO $49,999.	6.6	22.6	18.8	(B)	5.2	8.8	(B)	5.0	1.2	7.1	3.4	7.7	2.3
$50,000 TO $74,999.	2.3	13.7	6.5	(B)	5.6	0.7	(B)	1.0	-	1.2	0.3	2.9	1.5
$75,000 AND OVER.	0.5	1.1	5.9	(B)	2.1	-	(B)	-	0.4	-	-	-	-
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	13 350	27 764	26 834	(B)	17 091	14 269	(B)	9 834	10 183	15 099	14 237	17 080	10 513
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	16 965	29 097	31 911	(B)	21 055	17 367	(B)	12 705	11 000	17 027	15 636	19 422	12 778
FEMALE													
TOTAL PERSONS . . . .THOUSANDS. .	1 835	107	125	33	228	506	71	331	39	66	269	13	49
TOTAL WITH INCOME. .THOUSANDS. .	1 762	106	122	33	215	496	60	321	34	62	257	13	44
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)	100.0	100.0	(B)	100.0	(B)	(B)	100.0	(B)	(B)
$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS.	9.9	6.8	3.5	(B)	9.7	6.0	(B)	19.7	(B)	(B)	7.0	(B)	(B)
$2,000 TO $2,999.	3.9	0.9	2.4	(B)	7.4	1.1	(B)	5.2	(B)	(B)	2.6	(B)	(B)
$3,000 TO $3,999.	5.0	1.3	1.4	(B)	7.3	4.0	(B)	9.4	(B)	(B)	2.7	(B)	(B)
$4,000 TO $4,999.	3.7	1.6	1.1	(B)	5.1	4.0	(B)	4.1	(B)	(B)	3.1	(B)	(B)
$5,000 TO $5,999.	5.2	1.9	0.3	(B)	7.3	4.5	(B)	7.0	(B)	(B)	4.3	(B)	(B)
$6,000 TO $6,999.	7.3	4.8	1.4	(B)	7.7	7.7	(B)	8.5	(B)	(B)	9.6	(B)	(B)
$7,000 TO $8,499.	10.3	-	3.7	(B)	7.4	7.1	(B)	12.7	(B)	(B)	21.1	(B)	(B)
$8,500 TO $9,999.	7.1	6.6	4.1	(B)	11.5	5.3	(B)	3.9	(B)	(B)	11.8	(B)	(B)
$10,000 TO $12,499.	11.0	14.6	3.3	(B)	12.0	11.7	(B)	10.8	(B)	(B)	12.2	(B)	(B)
$12,500 TO $14,999.	7.8	2.4	2.7	(B)	8.6	13.1	(B)	5.7	(B)	(B)	8.5	(B)	(B)
$15,000 TO $17,499.	7.6	5.9	1.6	(B)	6.1	12.6	(B)	6.0	(B)	(B)	6.6	(B)	(B)
$17,500 TO $19,999.	5.8	13.6	12.6	(B)	4.1	6.4	(B)	2.0	(B)	(B)	3.5	(B)	(B)
$20,000 TO $24,999.	7.7	8.1	31.8	(B)	1.6	9.7	(B)	3.3	(B)	(B)	5.8	(B)	(B)
$25,000 TO $29,999.	3.3	12.0	10.1	(B)	0.8	3.7	(B)	-	(B)	(B)	1.4	(B)	(B)
$30,000 TO $34,999.	1.6	7.3	9.0	(B)	-	1.3	(B)	-	(B)	(B)	-	(B)	(B)
$35,000 TO $49,999.	2.1	10.3	8.7	(B)	1.0	1.0	(B)	1.7	(B)	(B)	-	(B)	(B)
$50,000 TO $74,999.	0.7	2.0	1.3	(B)	1.9	0.9	(B)	-	(B)	(B)	-	(B)	(B)
$75,000 AND OVER.	0.1	-	1.0	(B)	0.3	-	(B)	-	(B)	(B)	-	(B)	(B)
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	9 517	18 112	21 357	(B)	8 114	12 202	(B)	6 547	(B)	(B)	8 478	(B)	(B)
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	11 717	18 918	21 521	(B)	10 753	12 806	(B)	7 733	(B)	(B)	9 749	(B)	(B)

Table 21. Income in 1987 of Hispanic- and Mexican-Origin Persons, by Sex and Relationship to Householder: March 1988

(Persons 15 years old and over. For the United States. For meaning of symbols, see text)

TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN AND INCOME	MALE							FEMALE						
		IN FAMILIES							IN FAMILIES					
		HOUSEHOLDER			HUSBAND OF HOUSEHOLDER	OTHER RELATIVE OF HOUSEHOLDER	UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS		HOUSEHOLDER			WIFE OF HOUSEHOLDER	OTHER RELATIVE OF HOUSEHOLDER	UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS
	TOTAL	TOTAL	WIFE PRESENT	WIFE ABSENT				TOTAL	TOTAL	HUSBAND PRESENT	HUSBAND ABSENT			
SPANISH ORIGIN														
TOTAL PERSONS . . . .THOUSANDS. .	5 521	3 253	2 941	312	256	2 011	1 211	6 054	1 335	263	1 072	3 080	1 638	721
TOTAL WITH INCOME. .THOUSANDS. .	4 911	3 191	2 896	295	243	1 477	1 167	4 628	1 226	210	1 016	2 359	1 043	677
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS.	7.3	2.3	2.2	3.4	3.8	18.8	4.0	20.2	8.8	17.7	6.9	23.3	26.8	7.8
$2,000 TO $2,999.	3.2	1.7	1.9	0.3	3.2	6.5	2.6	7.4	7.3	6.3	7.5	7.1	8.2	3.1
$3,000 TO $3,999.	3.8	2.4	2.3	3.1	3.5	6.7	4.7	7.1	6.7	5.8	6.8	6.0	10.1	7.1
$4,000 TO $4,999.	4.8	3.2	3.1	4.3	3.3	8.3	5.2	6.2	8.3	5.0	9.0	4.3	8.2	13.5
$5,000 TO $5,999.	3.9	3.0	2.8	4.8	2.5	6.0	5.6	6.1	8.9	6.4	9.5	4.8	5.6	6.4
$6,000 TO $6,999.	4.1	2.9	2.8	3.8	4.2	6.5	7.0	6.8	9.3	6.9	9.8	5.5	6.9	6.7
$7,000 TO $8,499.	6.9	5.7	5.6	6.8	8.7	9.3	9.4	7.8	10.0	11.2	9.8	6.3	8.6	10.3
$8,500 TO $9,999.	5.2	5.0	4.6	8.8	8.5	5.2	4.9	5.1	5.5	2.2	6.1	5.5	3.7	4.2
$10,000 TO $12,499.	11.5	11.5	11.4	13.0	16.1	10.6	15.0	8.0	8.4	8.0	8.5	8.0	7.6	8.3
$12,500 TO $14,999.	7.0	7.8	7.7	8.8	5.7	5.4	5.5	5.5	6.3	6.2	6.4	5.7	3.8	3.9
$15,000 TO $17,499.	7.4	8.6	8.6	8.7	6.0	4.9	8.0	5.5	5.7	9.4	4.9	6.3	3.4	5.1
$17,500 TO $19,999.	5.1	5.9	5.9	5.7	6.1	3.3	3.2	3.8	3.0	2.8	3.0	4.6	3.0	3.7
$20,000 TO $24,999.	9.2	12.0	12.3	9.2	8.4	3.4	9.7	4.5	4.9	5.0	4.8	5.4	2.3	8.9
$25,000 TO $29,999.	6.3	8.0	8.4	4.0	4.7	2.8	5.5	2.4	2.5	2.8	2.4	3.2	0.5	5.4
$30,000 TO $34,999.	4.7	6.3	6.4	5.2	4.8	1.2	3.1	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.9	0.5	2.3
$35,000 TO $49,999.	6.3	8.8	9.1	6.4	6.3	0.9	5.1	1.5	2.4	2.5	2.4	1.4	0.7	3.0
$50,000 TO $74,999.	2.4	3.5	3.6	2.3	3.1	0.1	0.9	0.4	0.5	-	0.6	0.6	0.1	0.9
$75,000 AND OVER.	0.9	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.1	-	0.6	0.1	0.1	-	0.1	0.1	-	-
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	17 348	16 266	16 607	12 979	11 916	6 571	11 090	6 436	7 115	7 246	7 085	6 825	4 597	7 786
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	16 443	20 061	20 353	17 193	17 187	8 504	14 505	8 991	10 127	9 636	10 229	9 530	6 437	11 396
MEXICAN ORIGIN														
TOTAL PERSONS . . . .THOUSANDS. .	3 465	2 040	1 851	189	128	1 297	722	3 519	630	137	493	1 896	993	360
TOTAL WITH INCOME. .THOUSANDS. .	3 076	1 997	1 819	178	122	957	700	2 549	580	114	466	1 377	592	341
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS.	7.7	2.3	2.1	4.1	5.4	19.3	2.5	22.2	10.5	19.4	8.3	24.9	27.2	7.3
$2,000 TO $2,999.	3.2	1.8	1.9	0.6	3.3	6.2	3.3	8.0	7.5	7.3	7.6	8.0	8.5	2.5
$3,000 TO $3,999.	3.5	2.2	2.1	3.2	1.3	6.6	5.7	6.3	5.4	5.0	5.6	5.1	10.0	5.2
$4,000 TO $4,999.	5.2	3.8	3.8	3.6	1.6	8.6	5.9	5.7	6.4	3.1	7.2	4.5	7.6	11.7
$5,000 TO $5,999.	4.1	2.7	2.7	3.0	1.7	7.4	5.1	5.4	6.0	5.9	6.0	5.4	5.1	7.0
$6,000 TO $6,999.	4.6	3.3	3.2	4.4	5.1	7.3	6.6	6.8	7.5	3.0	8.1	5.5	9.2	7.6
$7,000 TO $8,499.	7.2	5.8	5.8	5.2	8.5	10.1	11.2	8.2	9.4	12.7	8.6	7.3	9.1	13.7
$8,500 TO $9,999.	5.5	5.8	5.2	12.5	8.4	4.3	4.7	5.9	7.3	1.0	8.8	5.9	4.5	5.1
$10,000 TO $12,499.	12.1	12.5	12.3	14.3	20.0	10.3	17.2	7.6	10.5	8.6	11.0	7.3	5.4	9.7
$12,500 TO $14,999.	7.5	8.9	8.7	11.3	6.6	4.7	6.1	5.9	8.1	6.7	8.4	5.8	4.1	3.7
$15,000 TO $17,499.	7.0	8.2	8.5	4.8	8.5	4.2	8.0	5.1	5.6	9.5	4.6	5.5	3.7	4.8
$17,500 TO $19,999.	4.9	5.9	5.8	6.7	5.2	2.8	3.0	3.8	3.2	3.2	3.2	4.8	2.2	3.6
$20,000 TO $24,999.	8.7	11.3	11.5	8.4	5.5	3.7	8.6	4.3	5.7	8.3	5.1	4.9	1.7	9.4
$25,000 TO $29,999.	6.3	8.2	8.5	4.3	5.0	2.4	4.8	1.9	2.7	2.0	2.8	2.3	0.2	4.4
$30,000 TO $34,999.	4.2	5.7	5.9	4.4	3.8	1.1	2.4	0.9	1.3	0.4	1.5	1.0	0.4	2.6
$35,000 TO $49,999.	5.7	8.0	8.2	6.0	6.2	0.8	4.4	1.3	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.4	0.8	1.4
$50,000 TO $74,999.	2.2	3.1	3.2	2.1	2.9	0.2	0.3	0.5	1.0	-	1.2	0.5	0.2	0.3
$75,000 AND OVER.	0.4	0.6	0.5	1.1	0.9	-	0.3	0.1	0.2	-	0.2	0.1	-	-
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	11 837	15 271	15 635	12 342	11 832	6 276	10 744	6 355	8 080	7 500	8 262	6 384	4 561	7 946
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	15 317	18 634	18 836	16 571	16 644	8 228	13 297	8 566	10 767	9 434	11 093	8 638	6 239	10 945

Table 22. Characteristics of Hispanic Families, By Residence, Size, Type of Family and Type of Origin: March 1988

(For the United States)

Characteristics	Hispanic origin			Mexican origin			Puerto Rican origin			Other Hispanic origin[1]			Not of Hispanic origin		
	Total[2]	Married-couple	Female householder, no husband present	Total[2]	Married-couple	Female householder, no husband present	Total[2]	Married-couple	Female householder, no husband present	Total[2]	Married-couple	Female householder, no husband present	Total[2]	Married-couple	Female householder, no husband present
RESIDENCE															
Total families .....(thousands)..	4,588	3,204	1,072	2,671	1,988	493	668	345	294	1,250	870	286	60,545	48,605	9,536
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
In metropolitan areas.....	93.0	92.4	94.3	90.7	90.5	91.3	98.0	98.1	97.7	95.0	94.6	96.0	75.5	74.7	78.7
In central cities.....	54.6	50.9	65.6	50.4	48.9	57.4	72.8	65.1	81.1	53.9	49.8	64.0	27.7	24.8	40.8
Outside central cities	38.4	41.5	28.7	40.4	41.5	34.0	25.2	33.0	16.6	41.1	44.8	31.9	47.8	49.9	37.9
Outside metropolitan areas	7.0	7.6	5.7	9.3	9.5	8.7	2.0	1.9	2.3	5.0	5.4	4.0	24.5	25.3	21.3
SIZE OF FAMILY															
Total families .....(thousands)..	4,588	3,204	1,072	2,671	1,988	493	668	345	294	1,250	870	286	60,545	48,605	9,536
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2 persons	25.5	20.3	32.8	21.9	16.9	30.9	30.6	27.1	32.6	30.4	25.4	36.5	42.4	40.2	48.6
3 persons	24.3	21.8	31.3	21.7	19.7	27.6	28.7	24.1	33.7	27.6	25.6	35.0	23.6	22.5	28.9
4 persons	24.5	27.6	18.6	24.7	27.0	20.2	24.3	29.3	19.8	24.1	28.4	14.6	20.8	22.8	13.7
5 persons	13.6	15.9	9.5	15.1	17.4	10.2	10.6	13.3	8.5	11.9	13.7	9.3	8.6	9.7	4.8
6 persons	6.9	8.0	5.0	8.6	9.8	6.5	3.8	4.1	3.3	5.0	5.6	4.3	2.9	3.1	2.1
7 or more persons.....	5.2	6.3	2.8	7.9	9.2	4.6	2.0	2.0	2.1	1.0	1.4	0.3	1.6	1.6	1.9
PERSONS IN FAMILIES															
Total persons in families.....(thousands)..	17,390	12,821	3,654	10,847	8,498	1,780	2,264	1,219	960	4,279	3,104	914	189,277	154,999	27,904
Mean number of persons	3.79	4.00	3.41	4.06	4.27	3.61	3.39	3.53	3.27	3.42	3.57	3.20	3.13	3.19	2.93
Under 18 years	1.51	1.51	1.70	1.71	1.74	1.84	1.46	1.25	1.80	1.11	1.09	1.35	0.91	0.88	1.17
18 to 64 years	2.14	2.33	1.61	2.22	2.39	1.67	1.84	2.16	1.42	2.12	2.28	1.71	1.90	1.99	1.54
65 years and over	0.14	0.16	0.10	0.14	0.14	0.10	0.09	0.12	0.04	0.19	0.21	0.14	0.31	0.32	0.22
Mean number of own children															
Under 18 years	1.36	1.41	1.45	1.52	1.61	1.48	1.35	1.19	1.63	1.04	1.04	1.22	0.85	0.84	0.98
Under 6 years	0.50	0.53	0.49	0.55	0.60	0.46	0.51	0.47	0.60	0.40	0.40	0.43	0.29	0.30	0.27
Under 3 years	0.25	0.26	0.23	0.26	0.28	0.22	0.24	0.24	0.26	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.14	0.15	0.12

[1]Includes Cuban, Central or South American, and Other Hispanic origin.
[2]Includes families with "Male householder, no wife present" not shown separately.

Table 23. Family Status and Relationship to Householder of Total and Hispanic Persons, by Type of Origin: March 1988

(For the United States. Numbers in thousands)

FAMILY STATUS AND RELATIONSHIP TO HOUSEHOLDER	TOTAL, ALL PERSONS	SPANISH ORIGIN						NOT OF SPANISH ORIGIN
		TOTAL	MEXICAN	PUERTO RICAN	CUBAN	CENTRAL OR SOUTH AMERICAN	OTHER SPANISH	
NUMBER								
ALL PERSONS	241 155	19 431	12 110	2 471	1 035	2 242	1 573	221 724
IN HOUSEHOLDS	240 722	19 401	12 106	2 471	1 034	2 225	1 566	221 320
HOUSEHOLDER	91 066	5 698	3 237	843	417	648	552	85 369
FAMILY	65 133	4 588	2 671	668	311	544	393	60 545
NONFAMILY	25 933	1 109	566	176	106	105	157	24 824
NOT A HOUSEHOLDER	149 656	13 704	8 869	1 627	617	1 577	1 014	135 952
SPOUSE	51 809	3 337	2 024	348	225	434	306	48 473
CHILD	79 197	7 883	5 187	1 042	287	808	560	71 314
OTHER RELATIVE	10 528	1 502	1 009	153	61	201	77	9 026
NONRELATIVE[1]	8 121	982	649	85	44	133	71	7 140
NOT IN HOUSEHOLDS	433	30	4	1	1	17	7	403
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION								
ALL PERSONS	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
IN HOUSEHOLDS	99.8	99.8	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.3	99.5	99.8
HOUSEHOLDER	37.8	29.3	26.7	34.1	40.3	28.9	35.1	38.5
FAMILY	27.0	23.6	22.1	27.0	30.1	24.3	25.1	27.3
NONFAMILY	10.8	5.7	4.7	7.1	10.2	4.7	10.0	11.2
NOT A HOUSEHOLDER	62.1	70.5	73.2	65.8	59.6	70.3	64.5	61.3
SPOUSE	21.5	17.2	16.7	14.1	21.8	19.4	19.4	21.9
CHILD	32.8	40.6	42.8	42.1	27.7	36.0	35.6	32.2
OTHER RELATIVE	4.4	7.7	8.3	6.2	5.9	9.0	4.9	4.1
NONRELATIVE[1]	3.4	5.1	5.4	3.4	4.2	5.9	4.5	3.2
NOT IN HOUSEHOLDS	0.2	0.2	-	-	0.1	0.7	0.5	0.2

[1]INCLUDES UNRELATED SUBFAMILY MEMBERS AND OTHER PERSONS LIVING WITH NO RELATIVES.

Table 24. Persons in Households with Hispanic- and Mexican-Origin Householders, by Family Status and Age: March 1988

(For the United States. For meaning of symbols, see text)

SUBJECT	TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER (YEARS)							
		UNDER 25	25 TO 29	30 TO 34	35 TO 44	45 TO 54	55 TO 64	65 TO 74	75 AND OVER
SPANISH ORIGIN									
HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE									
ALL HOUSEHOLDS. . . .THOUSANDS. .	5 698	560	882	854	1 364	825	687	332	194
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FAMILY HOUSEHOLDER.	80.5	74.3	81.7	83.6	87.5	86.4	74.3	66.9	51.3
MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILY	56.2	38.5	58.7	59.8	62.0	62.5	52.4	48.3	40.9
MALE HOUSEHOLDER, WIFE ABSENT	5.5	11.3	4.5	6.0	4.5	4.7	5.5	4.7	2.6
FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, HUSBAND ABSENT. .	18.8	24.5	18.6	17.9	21.0	19.1	16.4	13.9	7.8
NONFAMILY HOUSEHOLDER	19.5	25.7	18.3	16.4	12.5	13.6	25.7	33.1	48.7
MALE HOUSEHOLDER.	10.7	18.0	11.6	11.3	7.9	9.0	10.2	10.9	12.7
FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER.	8.7	7.7	6.7	5.1	4.7	4.6	15.5	22.1	36.0
AGE OF HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS									
ALL MEMBERS . . . . .THOUSANDS. .	19 329	1 707	2 826	3 145	5 414	3 114	1 967	773	385
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
UNDER 18 YEARS.	36.3	31.6	41.3	47.3	46.4	27.9	16.1	10.4	8.5
18 TO 64 YEARS.	59.2	68.0	58.4	52.2	52.8	69.8	81.1	34.8	21.6
65 YEARS AND OVER	4.6	0.4	0.2	0.5	0.7	2.3	2.8	54.7	69.9
MEMBERS OF MARRIED-COUPLE HOUSEHOLDS . . . . .THOUSANDS. .	12 934	731	1 899	2 183	3 910	2 262	1 261	464	223
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
UNDER 18 YEARS.	37.6	32.9	41.8	49.4	47.4	28.5	15.2	8.5	9.8
18 TO 64 YEARS.	58.5	66.9	58.0	50.2	52.1	69.6	81.6	40.2	23.8
65 YEARS AND OVER	3.9	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	2.0	3.1	51.3	66.4
MEMBERS OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, HUSBAND ABSENT THOUSANDS. .	4 375	508	625	616	1 146	624	512	225	119
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
UNDER 18 YEARS.	42.2	47.4	52.2	56.4	50.9	30.6	21.3	17.0	7.3
18 TO 64 YEARS.	52.1	52.6	47.8	43.1	48.5	67.3	76.9	27.0	17.0
65 YEARS AND OVER	5.7	-	-	0.5	0.6	2.1	1.8	56.0	75.7
MEXICAN ORIGIN									
HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE									
ALL HOUSEHOLDS. . . .THOUSANDS. .	3 237	343	500	511	793	437	362	184	107
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FAMILY HOUSEHOLDER.	82.5	73.6	83.5	87.2	88.2	89.3	77.1	70.6	51.9
MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILY	61.4	43.5	67.7	65.7	67.4	68.4	54.3	49.5	41.1
MALE HOUSEHOLDER, WIFE ABSENT	5.8	12.7	4.1	8.3	4.5	3.5	4.9	5.9	2.7
FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, HUSBAND ABSENT. .	15.2	17.3	11.7	13.2	16.3	17.5	17.9	15.2	8.2
NONFAMILY HOUSEHOLDER	17.5	26.4	16.5	12.8	11.8	10.7	22.9	29.4	48.1
MALE HOUSEHOLDER.	10.1	18.2	12.2	8.6	7.3	8.2	8.6	9.6	16.4
FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER.	7.4	8.2	4.3	4.1	4.4	2.4	14.3	19.8	31.6
AGE OF HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS									
ALL MEMBERS . . . . .THOUSANDS. .	11 939	1 119	1 737	2 040	3 358	1 843	1 141	468	232
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
UNDER 18 YEARS.	38.6	30.0	43.2	48.8	48.2	32.4	19.0	14.9	12.2
18 TO 64 YEARS.	57.4	69.8	56.5	50.8	51.3	66.0	79.3	33.7	23.7
65 YEARS AND OVER	3.9	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	1.5	1.7	51.4	64.1
MEMBERS OF MARRIED-COUPLE HOUSEHOLDS . . . . .THOUSANDS. .	8 578	538	1 332	1 529	2 579	1 424	751	284	140
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
UNDER 18 YEARS.	40.6	34.1	45.0	51.9	48.6	32.2	18.5	12.2	14.2
18 TO 64 YEARS.	56.1	65.6	54.7	47.9	50.9	66.3	79.4	39.1	26.2
65 YEARS AND OVER	3.3	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.5	1.5	2.1	48.7	59.6
MEMBERS OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, HUSBAND ABSENT THOUSANDS. .	2 130	254	224	279	562	317	297	135	62
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)
UNDER 18 YEARS.	43.2	44.0	53.2	55.4	54.2	38.0	23.9	23.7	(B)
18 TO 64 YEARS.	51.2	56.0	46.8	44.3	45.8	60.2	75.3	25.7	(B)
65 YEARS AND OVER	5.7	-	-	0.3	-	1.8	0.7	50.5	(B)

Table 25. Married-Couple Households, by Origin of Husband and Wife: March 1988

(For the United States. Number in thousands. For meaning of symbols, see text)

ORIGIN OF WIFE	TOTAL, ALL PERSONS	ORIGIN OF HUSBAND							
		SPANISH ORIGIN						OTHER ORIGIN	DO NOT KNOW AND NOT REPORTED ON ORIGIN
		TOTAL	MEXICAN	PUERTO RICAN	CUBAN	CENTRAL OR SOUTH AMERICAN	OTHER SPANISH		
NUMBER									
TOTAL, ALL PERSONS	51 809	3 197	1 979	346	244	358	271	47 144	1 468
TOTAL, SPANISH ORIGIN	3 343	2 692	1 702	295	209	302	185	638	13
MEXICAN	2 033	1 698	1 660	10	2	17	8	326	10
PUERTO RICAN	347	282	9	252	5	11	5	65	-
CUBAN	225	197	3	3	183	4	5	28	-
CENTRAL OR SOUTH AMERICAN	435	336	22	24	18	266	7	95	3
OTHER SPANISH	303	179	9	5	1	3	161	124	-
OTHER ORIGIN	47 069	495	273	49	34	54	85	45 638	736
DO NOT KNOW AND NOT REPORTED ON ORIGIN	1 397	10	3	3	1	2	1	668	718
PERCENT BY ORIGIN OF HUSBAND									
TOTAL, ALL PERSONS	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
TOTAL, SPANISH ORIGIN	6.5	84.2	86.0	85.2	85.6	84.3	68.2	1.4	0.9
MEXICAN	3.9	53.1	83.9	3.0	1.0	4.8	3.1	0.7	0.7
PUERTO RICAN	0.7	8.8	0.5	72.9	2.1	3.1	1.7	0.1	-
CUBAN	0.4	6.2	0.1	0.8	74.9	1.1	1.7	0.1	-
CENTRAL OR SOUTH AMERICAN	0.8	10.5	1.1	7.0	7.2	74.4	2.4	0.2	0.2
OTHER SPANISH	0.6	5.6	0.5	1.6	0.4	0.9	59.3	0.3	-
OTHER ORIGIN	90.9	15.5	13.8	14.0	14.1	15.1	31.3	97.2	50.2
DO NOT KNOW AND NOT REPORTED ON ORIGIN	2.7	0.3	0.2	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.5	1.4	48.9
PERCENT BY ORIGIN OF WIFE									
TOTAL, ALL PERSONS	100.0	6.2	3.8	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.5	91.0	2.8
TOTAL, SPANISH ORIGIN	100.0	80.5	50.9	8.8	6.2	9.0	5.5	19.1	0.4
MEXICAN	100.0	83.5	81.6	0.5	0.1	0.8	0.4	16.0	0.5
PUERTO RICAN	100.0	81.2	2.7	72.6	1.5	3.2	1.3	18.8	-
CUBAN	100.0	87.6	1.2	1.2	81.3	1.8	2.0	12.4	-
CENTRAL OR SOUTH AMERICAN	100.0	77.3	5.0	5.6	4.0	61.3	1.5	21.9	0.7
OTHER SPANISH	100.0	59.1	3.0	1.8	0.4	1.0	53.0	40.8	0.1
OTHER ORIGIN	100.0	1.1	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	97.4	1.6
DO NOT KNOW AND NOT REPORTED ON ORIGIN	100.0	0.7	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	47.8	51.4

Table 26. Family Relationship and Presence of Parents for Hispanic- and Mexican- Origin Persons Under 18 Years, by Age: March 1988

(For the United States. For meaning of symbols, see text)

TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN, PRESENCE OF PARENTS, AND FAMILY RELATIONSHIP	TOTAL[1] UNDER 18 YEARS	AGE (YEARS)				
		UNDER 3	3 TO 5	6 TO 9	10 TO 13	14 TO 17
PERSONS OF SPANISH ORIGIN						
TOTAL . . . . . .THOUSANDS. .	6 784	1 238	1 252	1 582	1 410	1 303
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
IN FAMILIES	99.2	99.7	99.8	99.2	99.5	97.9
CHILD OF HOUSEHOLDER.	88.9	84.1	87.9	90.1	91.6	89.9
GRANDCHILD OF HOUSEHOLDER	4.8	10.3	7.6	3.4	2.2	1.4
OTHER RELATIVE OF HOUSEHOLDER . . .	4.6	4.6	3.7	4.1	4.1	6.4
LIVING WITH BOTH PARENTS.	66.3	67.7	66.6	66.3	66.9	63.9
CHILD OF HOUSEHOLDER.	64.1	62.2	64.2	64.6	66.0	63.1
GRANDCHILD OF HOUSEHOLDER	1.2	3.5	1.2	0.8	0.2	0.3
OTHER RELATIVE OF HOUSEHOLDER . . .	0.9	1.6	1.2	0.9	0.6	0.5
LIVING WITH MOTHER ONLY	27.2	26.7	28.4	27.4	26.9	26.3
CHILD OF HOUSEHOLDER.	22.3	18.5	21.5	22.8	23.8	24.6
GRANDCHILD OF HOUSEHOLDER	3.9	6.4	5.7	2.3	1.8	1.1
OTHER RELATIVE OF HOUSEHOLDER . . .	0.8	1.5	0.7	0.9	0.5	0.6
LIVING WITH FATHER ONLY	3.0	3.7	3.1	3.4	2.4	2.3
CHILD OF HOUSEHOLDER.	2.4	3.3	2.3	2.7	1.8	2.1
GRANDCHILD OF HOUSEHOLDER	0.3	0.4	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.1
OTHER RELATIVE OF HOUSEHOLDER . . .	0.2	-	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.1
LIVING WITH NEITHER PARENT.	2.8	1.5	1.7	2.1	3.3	5.3
NOT IN FAMILIES	0.8	0.3	0.2	0.8	0.5	2.1
PERSONS OF MEXICAN ORIGIN						
TOTAL . . . . . .THOUSANDS. .	4 601	844	844	1 083	964	876
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
IN FAMILIES	99.3	99.8	99.8	99.1	99.6	98.5
CHILD OF HOUSEHOLDER.	87.6	82.4	86.5	88.0	90.6	90.0
GRANDCHILD OF HOUSEHOLDER	5.6	11.5	8.5	4.2	2.8	1.8
OTHER RELATIVE OF HOUSEHOLDER . . .	5.0	5.0	4.4	5.0	4.1	6.6
LIVING WITH BOTH PARENTS.	71.5	72.3	73.3	72.3	71.1	68.3
CHILD OF HOUSEHOLDER.	68.7	65.9	70.1	69.9	69.9	67.2
GRANDCHILD OF HOUSEHOLDER	1.4	4.0	1.6	1.0	0.3	0.5
OTHER RELATIVE OF HOUSEHOLDER . . .	1.2	1.8	1.6	1.2	0.7	0.6
LIVING WITH MOTHER ONLY	21.6	22.1	21.2	20.6	22.0	22.3
CHILD OF HOUSEHOLDER.	16.1	12.7	13.9	15.0	18.7	20.2
GRANDCHILD OF HOUSEHOLDER	3.8	7.0	6.2	2.7	2.2	1.3
OTHER RELATIVE OF HOUSEHOLDER . . .	0.9	1.9	0.8	1.1	0.2	0.6
LIVING WITH FATHER ONLY	3.4	4.2	3.5	3.9	2.8	2.6
CHILD OF HOUSEHOLDER.	2.7	3.7	2.5	3.0	2.1	2.5
GRANDCHILD OF HOUSEHOLDER	0.4	0.5	0.8	0.5	0.2	-
OTHER RELATIVE OF HOUSEHOLDER . . .	0.2	-	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.1
LIVING WITH NEITHER PARENT.	2.9	1.3	1.7	2.3	3.7	5.3
NOT IN FAMILIES	0.7	0.2	0.2	0.9	0.4	1.5

[1]EXCLUDES MALES AND FEMALES WHO ARE EITHER HOUSEHOLDERS OR SPOUSES OF HOUSEHOLDERS.

Table 27. Income in 1987 of Hispanic- and Mexican-Origin Families, by Type of Family: March 1988

(For the United States. For meaning of symbols, see text)

TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN AND INCOME	FAMILIES					
		MARRIED-COUPLE				
	TOTAL	TOTAL	WIFE IN PAID LABOR FORCE	WIFE NOT IN PAID LABOR FORCE	MALE HOUSE-HOLDER, WIFE ABSENT	FEMALE HOUSE-HOLDER, HUSBAND ABSENT
SPANISH ORIGIN						
NUMBER. . . . . .THOUSANDS. .	4 588	3 204	1 705	1 499	312	1 072
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
UNDER $2,500.	3.4	1.3	0.5	2.2	5.4	9.0
$2,500 TO $4,999.	5.2	2.5	1.2	4.0	3.6	13.6
$5,000 TO $7,499.	7.3	4.5	2.4	6.9	2.7	17.2
$7,500 TO $9,999.	7.1	5.5	3.0	8.5	9.0	11.1
$10,000 TO $12,499.	7.7	7.9	5.0	11.1	8.2	7.0
$12,500 TO $14,999.	7.0	6.5	4.8	8.5	7.3	8.2
$15,000 TO $17,499.	6.0	5.8	4.5	7.2	6.2	6.6
$17,500 TO $19,999.	5.7	5.4	3.9	7.1	10.1	5.2
$20,000 TO $22,499.	5.8	6.7	7.2	6.1	3.8	4.0
$22,500 TO $24,999.	4.3	4.6	4.7	4.4	6.6	3.0
$25,000 TO $27,499.	4.8	5.4	6.1	4.6	5.5	2.6
$27,500 TO $29,999.	3.7	4.9	4.8	3.6	3.6	2.1
$30,000 TO $32,499.	4.2	4.9	5.5	4.2	5.4	1.7
$32,500 TO $34,999.	3.1	3.7	4.6	2.6	3.3	1.2
$35,000 TO $37,499.	3.4	4.0	5.2	2.8	3.9	1.4
$37,500 TO $39,999.	2.2	2.7	3.5	1.8	1.7	1.0
$40,000 TO $44,999.	4.7	6.1	8.3	3.6	2.4	1.3
$45,000 TO $49,999.	3.6	4.9	5.9	2.6	3.7	1.3
$50,000 TO $59,999.	4.3	5.5	7.1	3.6	2.9	1.0
$60,000 TO $74,999.	3.7	4.6	6.2	2.7	2.9	1.2
$75,000 AND OVER.	2.9	3.9	5.7	1.9	2.0	0.2
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	20 306	24 677	30 882	18 100	19 411	9 805
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	25 736	29 816	35 550	23 295	23 837	14 098
MEXICAN ORIGIN						
NUMBER. . . . . .THOUSANDS. .	2 671	1 989	999	990	189	493
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
UNDER $2,500.	3.1	1.3	0.8	1.9	5.6	9.0
$2,500 TO $4,999.	4.7	3.1	1.6	4.5	3.3	12.0
$5,000 TO $7,499.	5.5	4.1	2.1	6.1	2.8	12.4
$7,500 TO $9,999.	7.2	6.1	3.5	8.8	8.0	11.4
$10,000 TO $12,499.	9.0	8.9	6.0	11.9	9.4	9.3
$12,500 TO $14,999.	7.8	7.3	5.5	9.2	10.5	8.8
$15,000 TO $17,499.	6.1	5.8	4.6	7.1	4.2	8.0
$17,500 TO $19,999.	6.6	6.0	4.5	7.5	13.2	6.3
$20,000 TO $22,499.	5.8	6.6	6.9	6.3	3.1	3.9
$22,500 TO $24,999.	4.6	4.4	4.4	4.4	7.6	4.2
$25,000 TO $27,499.	5.0	5.4	6.0	4.7	6.2	3.1
$27,500 TO $29,999.	3.8	4.2	5.1	3.3	4.3	2.0
$30,000 TO $32,499.	4.5	5.2	5.8	4.6	5.7	1.8
$32,500 TO $34,999.	3.2	3.6	5.0	2.2	4.4	0.9
$35,000 TO $37,499.	2.9	3.3	4.1	2.6	3.8	0.8
$37,500 TO $39,999.	2.2	2.8	3.5	2.1	-	0.8
$40,000 TO $44,999.	4.4	5.5	7.7	3.3	2.2	0.7
$45,000 TO $49,999.	3.6	4.4	6.4	2.3	1.7	1.3
$50,000 TO $59,999.	4.1	4.9	6.5	3.3	2.8	1.4
$60,000 TO $74,999.	3.5	4.2	5.3	3.0	1.6	1.6
$75,000 AND OVER.	2.3	2.9	4.9	0.8	1.7	0.2
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	19 968	22 908	29 600	17 664	18 678	11 284
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	25 010	27 769	33 573	21 902	22 131	15 012

Table 28. Income in 1987 of Total and Hispanic Families, by Size of Family and Type of Origin: March 1988

(For the United States. For meaning of symbols, see text)

ORIGIN AND SIZE OF FAMILY	TOTAL (THOUSANDS)	PERCENT	UNDER $2,500	$2,500 TO $4,999	$5,000 TO $7,499	$7,500 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $12,499	$12,500 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $17,499	$17,500 TO $19,999	$20,000 TO $22,499	$22,500 TO $24,999
TOTAL FAMILIES, ALL ORIGINS	65 133	100.0	1.8	2.6	3.6	3.7	4.6	4.5	4.8	4.7	4.9	4.3
2 PERSON FAMILIES	26 871	100.0	2.2	2.7	4.2	4.9	5.9	5.9	6.3	5.9	5.7	4.6
3 PERSON FAMILIES	15 410	100.0	1.9	3.2	3.5	3.9	3.8	3.9	4.4	4.3	4.7	4.4
4 PERSON FAMILIES	13 729	100.0	1.1	2.0	2.6	3.4	3.1	2.9	3.3	3.4	4.2	3.8
5 PERSON FAMILIES	5 844	100.0	1.3	1.8	3.0	3.5	3.6	3.0	3.4	3.4	4.1	3.9
6 PERSON FAMILIES	2 057	100.0	2.5	2.9	4.0	3.6	5.0	3.5	2.9	3.7	4.2	2.9
7 OR MORE PERSON FAMILIES	1 222	100.0	1.4	3.0	3.0	4.7	4.7	3.9	4.8	4.7	3.3	5.1
TOTAL FAMILIES, SPANISH ORIGIN	4 588	100.0	3.4	5.2	7.3	7.1	7.7	7.0	6.0	5.7	5.8	4.3
2 PERSON FAMILIES	1 170	100.0	5.5	6.4	7.9	8.6	8.2	8.7	7.2	6.0	6.4	4.1
3 PERSON FAMILIES	1 116	100.0	4.3	6.5	8.6	6.3	5.9	7.8	6.6	5.2	6.0	4.3
4 PERSON FAMILIES	1 124	100.0	1.9	3.7	7.1	5.2	7.0	5.3	4.3	5.0	5.6	4.8
5 PERSON FAMILIES	624	100.0	1.7	4.1	5.6	10.3	8.9	5.3	6.3	6.6	5.0	3.1
6 PERSON FAMILIES	317	100.0	1.2	5.0	7.4	4.5	9.4	7.3	5.0	7.3	7.6	4.5
7 OR MORE PERSON FAMILIES	298	100.0	2.4	2.8	3.9	6.5	11.3	6.8	5.8	4.7	3.5	6.8
FAMILIES OF MEXICAN ORIGIN	2 671	100.0	3.1	4.7	5.5	7.2	9.0	7.8	6.1	6.6	5.8	4.6
2 PERSON FAMILIES	586	100.0	4.6	5.1	7.4	8.2	9.2	9.7	7.9	7.3	5.7	3.8
3 PERSON FAMILIES	580	100.0	4.8	6.1	5.7	6.6	8.1	8.8	6.7	6.6	5.7	4.4
4 PERSON FAMILIES	661	100.0	1.9	3.8	4.7	6.6	8.3	6.9	4.4	6.3	6.7	4.4
5 PERSON FAMILIES	404	100.0	1.5	4.1	3.8	10.8	10.9	5.8	5.9	5.9	5.6	4.1
6 PERSON FAMILIES	229	100.0	1.3	5.9	7.7	3.4	7.5	7.6	5.9	7.8	6.7	5.8
7 OR MORE PERSON FAMILIES	211	100.0	2.7	3.1	3.2	5.5	11.5	6.8	5.5	5.3	3.3	7.6
FAMILIES OF PUERTO RICAN ORIGIN	668	100.0	4.2	9.3	15.2	7.9	6.9	6.2	5.8	2.7	6.1	4.0
2 PERSON FAMILIES	204	100.0	5.6	12.7	11.8	7.6	8.6	6.8	7.4	3.1	6.7	4.1
3 PERSON FAMILIES	191	100.0	5.2	12.0	15.5	3.6	4.8	6.5	4.7	2.3	8.7	4.9
4 PERSON FAMILIES	162	100.0	2.7	6.7	18.4	6.9	6.9	5.3	4.2	2.7	3.8	4.3
5 PERSON FAMILIES	71	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
6 PERSON FAMILIES	26	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
7 OR MORE PERSON FAMILIES	13	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
FAMILIES OF OTHER SPANISH ORIGIN[1]	1 250	100.0	3.6	3.9	7.0	6.3	5.3	5.6	5.8	5.4	5.7	4.0
2 PERSON FAMILIES	380	100.0	7.0	5.1	6.4	9.9	6.5	8.0	6.1	5.5	7.3	4.6
3 PERSON FAMILIES	345	100.0	2.9	4.3	9.7	7.3	2.9	6.7	7.4	4.6	5.2	3.9
4 PERSON FAMILIES	301	100.0	1.7	1.7	6.4	1.2	4.3	3.0	4.1	3.4	4.0	5.8
5 PERSON FAMILIES	149	100.0	1.6	4.8	5.7	6.0	5.4	1.9	7.0	10.3	4.2	1.1
6 PERSON FAMILIES	63	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
7 OR MORE PERSON FAMILIES	13	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
TOTAL FAMILIES, NOT OF SPANISH ORIGIN[1]	60 545	100.0	1.7	2.4	3.3	3.5	4.3	4.3	4.8	4.6	4.9	4.3
2 PERSON FAMILIES	25 701	100.0	2.0	2.6	4.0	4.7	5.8	5.8	6.2	5.9	5.7	4.6
3 PERSON FAMILIES	14 295	100.0	1.7	2.9	3.1	3.6	3.7	3.6	4.2	4.2	4.6	4.4
4 PERSON FAMILIES	12 605	100.0	1.0	1.9	2.2	2.2	2.8	2.7	3.2	3.3	4.1	3.7
5 PERSON FAMILIES	5 221	100.0	1.3	1.5	2.7	2.7	2.9	2.8	3.1	3.0	4.0	3.9
6 PERSON FAMILIES	1 739	100.0	2.7	2.5	3.4	3.4	4.2	2.8	3.6	3.1	3.6	2.7
7 OR MORE PERSON FAMILIES	984	100.0	1.1	3.1	5.3	4.2	3.1	3.1	4.5	4.7	3.2	4.7

SEE FOOTNOTE(S) AT END OF TABLE.

Table 28. Income in 1987 of Total and Hispanic Families, by Size of Family and Type of Origin: March 1988—Continued

(For the United States. For meaning of symbols, see text)

ORIGIN AND SIZE OF FAMILY	$25,000 TO $27,499	$27,500 TO $29,999	$30,000 TO $32,499	$32,500 TO $34,999	$35,000 TO $37,499	$37,500 TO $39,999	$40,000 TO $44,999	$45,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 TO $59,999	$60,000 TO $74,999	$75,000 AND OVER	MEDIAN INCOME (DOLS.)	MEAN INCOME (DOLS.)
TOTAL FAMILIES, ALL ORIGINS	4.6	4.2	4.8	3.8	4.4	3.4	6.8	5.5	8.3	6.8	7.8	30 853	36 568
2 PERSON FAMILIES	5.2	4.3	4.7	3.6	3.8	3.0	5.9	4.5	6.3	4.8	5.5	25 810	31 850
3 PERSON FAMILIES	4.4	4.4	4.9	3.7	4.7	3.8	6.8	5.9	9.2	7.2	7.9	32 125	37 432
4 PERSON FAMILIES	4.2	4.1	4.8	4.4	5.0	3.9	7.8	6.8	10.3	9.4	10.5	36 812	42 324
5 PERSON FAMILIES	4.2	4.2	5.1	3.6	5.1	3.7	8.6	6.0	9.8	8.3	10.4	35 889	41 290
6 PERSON FAMILIES	3.4	3.4	4.4	4.1	4.5	2.8	7.7	6.6	9.2	8.5	9.1	34 036	38 873
7 OR MORE PERSON FAMILIES	4.5	4.0	4.3	3.2	3.5	3.2	6.4	4.6	7.9	7.9	9.9	30 551	38 262
TOTAL FAMILIES, SPANISH ORIGIN	4.8	3.7	4.2	3.1	3.4	2.2	4.7	3.6	4.3	3.7	2.9	20 306	25 736
2 PERSON FAMILIES	3.9	3.7	3.5	2.8	2.5	1.8	4.3	2.4	2.5	1.7	1.8	16 612	21 193
3 PERSON FAMILIES	4.8	3.7	3.2	2.9	3.6	1.9	5.0	3.7	3.6	2.9	3.1	19 392	24 907
4 PERSON FAMILIES	5.7	3.8	5.8	3.4	4.0	2.6	4.9	5.0	5.4	5.7	3.7	25 025	29 520
5 PERSON FAMILIES	5.2	4.0	4.2	2.8	3.7	2.7	5.5	3.0	6.1	2.8	3.1	20 592	26 766
6 PERSON FAMILIES	3.1	2.2	3.5	3.6	3.8	2.2	4.6	5.0	4.1	4.3	4.3	20 947	27 664
7 OR MORE PERSON FAMILIES	5.2	4.2	5.3	3.3	2.7	2.5	3.1	2.4	5.9	9.1	2.0	23 360	26 828
FAMILIES OF MEXICAN ORIGIN	5.0	3.8	4.5	3.2	2.9	2.2	4.4	3.6	4.1	3.5	2.3	19 968	25 010
2 PERSON FAMILIES	5.0	3.8	3.8	2.4	1.8	1.3	4.6	2.7	2.2	1.7	1.7	16 828	21 331
3 PERSON FAMILIES	4.8	4.2	2.9	3.5	3.6	1.4	4.4	3.1	3.5	2.2	2.9	18 697	24 136
4 PERSON FAMILIES	5.1	3.7	6.3	3.1	3.1	3.1	4.4	5.4	4.7	5.4	1.8	22 728	26 993
5 PERSON FAMILIES	5.6	3.7	4.9	3.2	2.6	3.1	5.1	2.8	5.9	2.1	2.7	20 631	25 969
6 PERSON FAMILIES	3.7	2.0	3.7	4.6	4.5	2.7	3.6	5.4	3.7	3.2	3.4	21 076	26 119
7 OR MORE PERSON FAMILIES	5.4	4.8	4.8	3.3	2.6	2.3	3.0	2.2	6.1	9.2	1.8	23 492	28 374
FAMILIES OF PUERTO RICAN ORIGIN	4.7	3.7	2.9	3.4	2.8	2.3	2.1	2.3	3.6	2.6	1.4	15 185	20 553
2 PERSON FAMILIES	2.9	3.4	2.0	3.0	1.4	1.8	1.8	1.7	2.8	1.0	2.3	13 886	18 844
3 PERSON FAMILIES	5.8	2.8	2.2	2.9	3.7	4.1	2.2	3.5	1.7	2.3	0.8	16 281	20 074
4 PERSON FAMILIES	7.1	4.1	3.3	4.9	4.3	0.7	1.6	1.7	6.8	3.8	1.8	18 449	23 513
5 PERSON FAMILIES	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
6 PERSON FAMILIES	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
7 OR MORE PERSON FAMILIES	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
FAMILIES OF OTHER SPANISH ORIGIN[1]	4.2	3.5	4.3	2.6	4.8	2.2	6.9	4.2	4.9	4.6	5.1	29 362	30 057
2 PERSON FAMILIES	2.9	2.6	3.9	3.4	4.3	2.7	5.2	2.2	2.9	2.1	1.5	17 951	22 246
3 PERSON FAMILIES	4.4	3.5	4.1	1.8	3.5	1.6	7.6	4.9	4.7	4.3	4.7	22 013	28 886
4 PERSON FAMILIES	6.2	3.9	6.2	3.3	6.0	2.5	7.8	6.1	6.3	7.1	8.9	31 710	38 311
5 PERSON FAMILIES	4.0	5.5	7.0	1.5	7.8	2.2	7.9	3.7	7.9	3.6	5.8	26 140	32 096
6 PERSON FAMILIES	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
7 OR MORE PERSON FAMILIES	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
TOTAL FAMILIES, NOT OF SPANISH ORIGIN[2]	4.6	4.3	4.8	3.9	4.5	3.5	7.0	5.7	8.6	7.1	8.1	31 610	37 388
2 PERSON FAMILIES	5.3	4.4	4.7	3.6	3.9	3.0	6.0	4.6	6.5	5.0	5.7	26 251	32 335
3 PERSON FAMILIES	4.4	4.4	5.1	3.8	4.8	4.0	6.9	6.1	9.6	7.5	8.3	33 178	38 410
4 PERSON FAMILIES	4.0	4.1	4.7	4.5	5.1	4.0	8.1	6.9	10.7	9.7	11.1	37 837	43 465
5 PERSON FAMILIES	4.1	4.2	5.2	3.7	5.2	3.8	9.0	6.4	10.2	8.9	11.3	37 288	42 025
6 PERSON FAMILIES	3.5	3.7	4.5	4.2	4.6	2.9	8.2	6.9	10.2	9.2	10.8	36 133	40 918
7 OR MORE PERSON FAMILIES	4.3	4.0	4.1	3.2	3.7	3.4	7.2	5.1	8.3	7.7	11.8	32 844	40 540

[1] INCLUDES CUBAN, CENTRAL OR SOUTH AMERICAN, AND OTHER SPANISH ORIGIN.
[2] INCLUDES FAMILIES WITH HOUSEHOLDER WHO DID NOT KNOW OR DID NOT REPORT ON ORIGIN.

Table 29. Income in 1987 of Hispanic-, Mexican-, and Puerto Rican-Origin Families, by Number of Related Children Under 18: March 1988

(For the United States. For meaning of symbols, see text)

TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN AND NUMBER OF RELATED CHILDREN	TOTAL (THOUSANDS)	PERCENT	UNDER $2,500	$2,500 TO $4,999	$5,000 TO $7,499	$7,500 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $12,499	$12,500 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $17,499	$17,500 TO $19,999	$20,000 TO $22,499	$22,500 TO $24,999
SPANISH ORIGIN												
TOTAL FAMILIES	4 588	100.0	3.4	5.2	7.3	7.1	7.7	7.0	6.0	5.7	5.8	4.3
NO CHILDREN	1 375	100.0	2.2	2.4	5.5	6.7	7.2	7.3	6.9	6.5	6.7	4.3
1 CHILD	1 093	100.0	4.4	7.3	5.8	6.2	5.7	7.9	5.5	5.8	5.4	4.5
2 CHILDREN	1 149	100.0	4.4	4.8	8.3	5.2	7.0	6.5	5.6	4.4	6.4	4.5
3 CHILDREN	590	100.0	2.6	6.2	9.9	11.5	10.0	5.3	5.8	6.1	4.9	3.4
4 CHILDREN	242	100.0	1.1	9.3	10.4	7.2	14.3	6.6	6.4	6.6	2.8	4.5
5 CHILDREN	81	100.0	3.5	8.1	16.7	15.0	11.4	12.3	7.1	4.2	7.6	1.8
6 OR MORE CHILDREN	59	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
MEXICAN ORIGIN												
TOTAL FAMILIES	2 671	100.0	3.1	4.7	5.5	7.2	9.0	7.8	6.1	6.6	5.8	4.6
NO CHILDREN	700	100.0	1.7	2.7	5.5	6.3	8.1	8.0	8.4	8.3	6.6	4.1
1 CHILD	584	100.0	4.2	6.1	4.6	5.9	6.8	9.3	4.4	6.6	5.6	4.3
2 CHILDREN	700	100.0	3.9	3.5	4.3	6.0	8.9	7.7	5.9	5.3	6.3	4.8
3 CHILDREN	388	100.0	2.4	6.3	6.8	13.6	11.2	5.6	4.7	5.9	5.2	4.4
4 CHILDREN	181	100.0	0.5	8.0	7.4	5.0	12.9	6.5	7.8	7.6	2.9	5.6
5 CHILDREN	64	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(b)	(B)
6 OR MORE CHILDREN	52	(B)	(b)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
PUERTO RICAN ORIGIN												
TOTAL FAMILIES	668	100.0	4.2	9.3	15.2	7.9	6.9	6.2	5.8	2.7	6.1	4.0
NO CHILDREN	177	100.0	2.6	2.5	6.4	6.7	11.1	5.1	7.9	3.6	8.1	5.4
1 CHILD	196	100.0	5.3	13.9	10.1	5.1	4.7	7.2	5.7	3.4	6.4	4.8
2 CHILDREN	168	100.0	5.8	13.2	20.9	5.4	3.4	5.2	3.6	2.3	5.7	3.6
3 CHILDREN	84	100.0	3.9	8.1	23.4	9.9	9.4	8.5	6.5	1.1	4.8	1.2
4 CHILDREN	27	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
5 CHILDREN	9	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
6 OR MORE CHILDREN	6	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)

TYPE OF SPANISH ORIGIN AND NUMBER OF RELATED CHILDREN	$25,000 TO $27,499	$27,500 TO $29,999	$30,000 TO $32,499	$32,500 TO $34,999	$35,000 TO $37,499	$37,500 TO $39,999	$40,000 TO $44,999	$45,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 TO $59,999	$60,000 TO $74,999	$75,000 AND OVER	MEDIAN INCOME (DOLS.)	MEAN INCOME (DOLS.)
SPANISH ORIGIN													
TOTAL FAMILIES	4.8	3.7	4.2	3.1	3.4	2.2	4.7	3.6	4.3	3.7	2.9	20 306	25 736
NO CHILDREN	4.7	4.4	4.0	3.8	2.7	2.2	5.4	4.3	4.8	3.7	4.4	21 987	29 495
1 CHILD	4.7	3.5	4.1	2.8	5.1	2.0	5.0	3.2	3.4	4.2	3.6	20 647	26 220
2 CHILDREN	5.6	3.9	4.9	3.4	3.6	2.5	4.5	4.3	4.9	3.2	2.2	21 538	25 886
3 CHILDREN	4.6	3.5	4.7	1.9	2.2	2.4	4.7	2.1	4.1	3.1	1.0	16 937	21 703
4 CHILDREN	2.4	1.6	2.3	3.2	3.3	2.8	1.5	3.2	3.9	5.3	1.4	15 428	22 789
5 CHILDREN	0.7	2.4	-	-	1.3	-	5.3	0.2	2.5	-	-	11 486	14 699
6 OR MORE CHILDREN	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(b)	(B)
MEXICAN ORIGIN													
TOTAL FAMILIES	5.0	3.8	4.5	3.2	2.9	2.2	4.4	3.6	4.1	3.5	2.3	19 968	25 010
NO CHILDREN	5.4	4.5	3.8	4.2	2.0	1.2	5.3	4.2	3.9	2.8	3.0	20 382	25 862
1 CHILD	5.1	4.1	4.3	2.7	4.5	1.7	4.5	3.3	3.7	4.6	3.8	20 953	27 057
2 CHILDREN	5.4	3.8	5.7	3.3	3.1	3.5	4.0	5.2	4.9	3.3	1.4	21 831	25 569
3 CHILDREN	4.4	3.2	5.2	2.5	1.7	2.2	4.8	1.4	4.2	3.3	1.2	17 199	21 976
4 CHILDREN	3.1	2.2	2.4	4.2	4.4	3.7	1.2	3.3	4.7	4.6	1.8	18 109	24 197
5 CHILDREN	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(b)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
6 OR MORE CHILDREN	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(b)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
PUERTO RICAN ORIGIN													
TOTAL FAMILIES	4.7	3.7	2.9	3.4	2.8	2.3	2.1	2.3	3.6	2.6	1.4	15 185	20 553
NO CHILDREN	4.3	6.2	2.3	3.4	0.9	2.9	3.5	4.8	4.7	3.7	3.9	21 280	26 601
1 CHILD	5.1	3.1	3.2	5.3	4.3	3.3	1.5	1.3	2.3	3.1	0.8	16 606	20 550
2 CHILDREN	6.3	4.0	2.5	2.7	4.8	0.7	1.5	2.2	4.8	1.2	0.4	13 146	18 321
3 CHILDREN	3.8	0.6	5.6	2.3	1.1	2.9	2.0	-	2.6	2.4	-	11 236	16 227
4 CHILDREN	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(b)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(b)	(B)	(B)
5 CHILDREN	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(b)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
6 OR MORE CHILDREN	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(b)	(B)	(E)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(b)	(B)

Table 30. Income in 1987 of Hispanic-, Mexican-, and Puerto Rican-Origin Families, by Residence: March 1988

(For the United States. For meaning of symbols, see text)

ORIGIN AND INCOME	TOTAL	IN METROPOLITAN AREAS			OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREAS
		TOTAL	IN CENTRAL CITIES	OUTSIDE CENTRAL CITIES	
SPANISH ORIGIN					
NUMBER. . . . . .THOUSANDS. .	4 588	4 265	2 505	1 760	323
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
UNDER $2,500.	3.4	3.2	3.8	2.5	5.3
$2,500 TO $4,999.	5.2	5.1	6.8	2.8	5.8
$5,000 TO $7,499.	7.3	7.4	9.3	4.6	6.9
$7,500 TO $9,999.	7.1	6.7	7.7	5.3	11.6
$10,000 TO $12,499.	7.7	7.4	8.1	6.5	11.1
$12,500 TO $14,999.	7.0	6.9	7.2	6.4	8.7
$15,000 TO $17,499.	6.0	6.1	7.0	4.9	4.7
$17,500 TO $19,999.	5.7	5.6	6.3	4.5	7.2
$20,000 TO $22,499.	5.8	5.8	6.0	5.5	6.7
$22,500 TO $24,999.	4.3	4.3	3.7	5.1	4.7
$25,000 TO $27,499.	4.8	4.9	4.8	5.0	2.8
$27,500 TO $29,999.	3.7	3.8	3.4	4.3	3.1
$30,000 TO $32,499.	4.2	4.1	3.2	5.5	4.7
$32,500 TO $34,999.	3.1	3.2	3.1	3.3	1.7
$35,000 TO $37,499.	3.4	3.4	2.7	4.4	3.1
$37,500 TO $39,999.	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.5	2.2
$40,000 TO $44,999.	4.7	4.9	4.1	6.1	2.9
$45,000 TO $49,999.	3.6	3.7	3.1	4.6	2.2
$50,000 TO $59,999.	4.3	4.4	2.8	6.5	2.8
$60,000 TO $74,999.	3.7	3.8	3.1	4.8	1.6
$75,000 AND OVER.	2.9	3.1	1.9	4.8	0.6
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	20 306	20 702	17 602	25 906	15 334
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	25 736	26 196	22 785	31 051	19 660
MEXICAN ORIGIN					
NUMBER. . . . . .THOUSANDS. .	2 671	2 423	1 345	1 078	247
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
UNDER $2,500.	3.1	2.7	3.0	2.4	6.3
$2,500 TO $4,999.	4.7	4.7	6.1	2.9	5.4
$5,000 TO $7,499.	5.5	5.3	5.9	4.7	7.4
$7,500 TO $9,999.	7.2	6.9	7.8	5.8	10.4
$10,000 TO $12,499.	9.0	8.7	9.7	7.5	12.2
$12,500 TO $14,999.	7.8	7.8	8.5	6.9	8.4
$15,000 TO $17,499.	6.1	6.3	7.2	5.2	4.0
$17,500 TO $19,999.	6.6	6.3	7.7	4.7	8.8
$20,000 TO $22,499.	5.8	5.8	5.4	6.2	6.4
$22,500 TO $24,999.	4.6	4.5	3.6	5.7	5.0
$25,000 TO $27,499.	5.0	5.3	5.0	5.6	2.6
$27,500 TO $29,999.	3.8	3.9	3.5	4.5	2.4
$30,000 TO $32,499.	4.5	4.5	3.4	6.0	3.9
$32,500 TO $34,999.	3.2	3.4	3.5	3.2	1.6
$35,000 TO $37,499.	2.9	2.9	2.6	3.3	2.9
$37,500 TO $39,999.	2.2	2.2	1.9	2.5	2.6
$40,000 TO $44,999.	4.4	4.6	4.1	5.2	2.4
$45,000 TO $49,999.	3.6	3.7	3.2	4.4	2.7
$50,000 TO $59,999.	4.1	4.3	3.0	5.9	2.4
$60,000 TO $74,999.	3.5	3.7	3.3	4.2	1.4
$75,000 AND OVER.	2.3	2.4	1.6	3.4	0.7
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	19 968	20 525	18 095	24 188	14 984
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	25 010	25 576	23 305	28 409	19 465
PUERTO RICAN ORIGIN					
NUMBER. . . . . .THOUSANDS. .	668	654	486	168	13
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)
UNDER $2,500.	4.2	4.3	4.6	3.4	(B)
$2,500 TO $4,999.	9.3	9.3	11.3	3.7	(B)
$5,000 TO $7,499.	15.2	15.4	18.0	7.7	(B)
$7,500 TO $9,999.	7.9	7.9	8.7	5.5	(B)
$10,000 TO $12,499.	6.9	6.6	6.4	6.9	(B)
$12,500 TO $14,999.	6.2	6.0	5.4	7.6	(B)
$15,000 TO $17,499.	5.8	5.7	5.9	5.0	(B)
$17,500 TO $19,999.	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.2	(B)
$20,000 TO $22,499.	6.1	6.0	6.8	3.4	(B)
$22,500 TO $24,999.	4.0	4.1	3.5	5.9	(B)
$25,000 TO $27,499.	4.7	4.8	4.3	6.1	(B)
$27,500 TO $29,999.	3.7	3.7	3.5	4.0	(B)
$30,000 TO $32,499.	2.9	2.8	2.1	4.8	(B)
$32,500 TO $34,999.	3.4	3.5	3.1	4.6	(B)
$35,000 TO $37,499.	2.8	2.9	2.2	4.9	(B)
$37,500 TO $39,999.	2.3	2.3	2.6	1.5	(B)
$40,000 TO $44,999.	2.1	2.2	1.6	4.0	(B)
$45,000 TO $49,999.	2.3	2.4	2.1	3.1	(B)
$50,000 TO $59,999.	3.6	3.6	2.0	8.4	(B)
$60,000 TO $74,999.	2.6	2.7	2.4	3.5	(B)
$75,000 AND OVER.	1.4	1.4	0.6	3.7	(B)
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	15 185	15 261	12 956	24 405	(B)
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	20 553	20 648	17 956	28 435	(B)

Table 31. Income in 1987 of Hispanic- and Mexican-Origin Families with Householder 25 Years Old and Over, by Educational Attainment of the Householder: March 1988

(For the United States. For meaning of symbols, see text)

ORIGIN AND INCOME	TOTAL	YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED									MEDIAN YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED
		ELEMENTARY SCHOOL			HIGH SCHOOL			COLLEGE			
		TOTAL	0 TO 7 YEARS	8 YEARS	TOTAL	1 TO 3 YEARS	4 YEARS	TOTAL	1 TO 3 YEARS	4 YEARS OR MORE	
SPANISH ORIGIN											
NUMBER. . . . . .THOUSANDS. .	4 172	1 449	1 165	284	1 806	663	1 143	918	530	388	11.9
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(X)
UNDER $2,500.	2.9	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.1	3.5	2.8	1.7	2.1	1.2	10.3
$2,500 TO $4,999.	4.4	7.0	7.2	5.8	3.8	5.8	2.6	1.5	2.0	0.9	9.4
$5,000 TO $7,499.	7.3	12.1	12.1	12.1	6.1	7.7	5.1	2.0	2.2	1.6	8.3
$7,500 TO $9,999.	6.7	10.9	10.9	10.9	5.9	9.5	3.8	1.7	1.7	1.8	8.4
$10,000 TO $12,499.	7.5	11.4	12.6	6.8	6.9	8.6	5.9	2.4	3.0	1.5	8.5
$12,500 TO $14,999.	6.8	8.6	9.0	7.0	6.8	6.9	6.8	3.9	6.1	0.9	10.0
$15,000 TO $17,499.	6.0	6.8	6.7	7.5	6.0	6.9	5.4	4.8	5.9	3.4	10.6
$17,500 TO $19,999.	5.6	6.2	5.8	8.0	6.1	5.9	6.3	3.4	4.7	1.5	11.3
$20,000 TO $22,499.	5.8	5.7	5.4	6.9	6.3	7.0	5.8	5.2	7.0	2.6	11.4
$22,500 TO $24,999.	4.4	4.3	4.1	4.7	5.2	5.4	5.1	3.2	3.4	2.9	11.1
$25,000 TO $27,499.	4.8	4.4	4.6	3.5	5.2	4.4	5.6	4.8	5.5	3.8	12.1
$27,500 TO $29,999.	3.8	3.1	2.7	4.9	4.8	4.3	5.1	2.8	3.5	1.8	12.1
$30,000 TO $32,499.	4.3	2.6	2.5	3.0	4.8	4.5	5.0	5.7	6.7	4.4	12.4
$32,500 TO $34,999.	3.3	3.3	3.6	1.9	2.8	2.3	3.1	4.1	3.1	5.4	12.1
$35,000 TO $37,499.	3.6	1.9	1.8	2.5	4.2	0.8	6.2	5.1	5.0	5.1	12.6
$37,500 TO $39,999.	2.4	1.1	1.1	1.1	3.0	2.6	3.3	3.1	1.9	4.6	12.4
$40,000 TO $44,999.	5.0	2.3	2.2	2.6	5.2	3.6	6.1	9.0	8.8	9.3	12.7
$45,000 TO $49,999.	3.8	1.4	1.0	3.2	3.8	2.2	4.7	7.8	5.7	10.6	12.8
$50,000 TO $59,999.	4.5	1.5	1.3	2.6	4.4	3.1	5.1	9.7	9.5	10.0	12.9
$60,000 TO $74,999.	3.9	1.5	1.6	1.2	3.4	2.3	4.0	8.8	7.4	10.7	13.0
$75,000 AND OVER.	3.2	0.4	0.4	0.4	2.3	2.5	2.1	9.4	4.5	16.0	14.8
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	21 225	13 999	13 540	16 319	22 124	17 939	25 130	36 378	31 006	43 382	(X)
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	28 302	19 052	18 776	20 183	27 760	23 717	30 104	43 972	36 615	54 011	(X)
MEXICAN ORIGIN											
NUMBER. . . . . .THOUSANDS. .	2 418	957	806	151	1 013	396	617	448	288	161	10.9
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(X)
UNDER $2,500.	2.5	2.7	2.6	3.3	2.9	3.5	2.5	1.3	1.6	0.9	(B)
$2,500 TO $4,999.	3.9	5.7	5.8	5.3	2.9	3.4	2.5	2.3	2.7	1.6	9.1
$5,000 TO $7,499.	5.6	10.1	10.8	6.6	3.6	4.3	3.2	0.5	0.8	-	6.7
$7,500 TO $9,999.	6.7	9.6	9.4	10.8	6.8	10.8	4.2	0.5	0.8	-	8.4
$10,000 TO $12,499.	8.8	12.7	13.8	7.2	7.9	9.0	7.2	2.4	3.5	0.3	7.8
$12,500 TO $14,999.	7.7	9.4	9.9	6.9	7.2	8.8	6.2	5.1	7.2	1.4	9.2
$15,000 TO $17,499.	6.1	7.4	7.2	8.6	5.6	6.8	4.8	4.3	4.4	4.1	9.4
$17,500 TO $19,999.	6.2	7.6	7.2	10.0	6.2	6.3	6.2	3.2	4.4	1.2	9.5
$20,000 TO $22,499.	5.9	5.9	5.4	8.2	6.0	8.0	4.7	6.0	7.3	3.7	10.4
$22,500 TO $24,999.	4.8	4.8	4.5	6.7	5.3	5.1	5.4	3.5	3.4	3.7	10.5
$25,000 TO $27,499.	5.1	4.3	4.9	1.4	5.2	4.2	5.8	6.7	7.7	5.1	12.1
$27,500 TO $29,999.	4.0	3.7	3.0	6.9	5.0	5.1	5.0	2.6	3.3	1.4	10.7
$30,000 TO $32,499.	4.6	2.1	2.5	-	6.1	5.8	6.4	6.4	6.3	6.6	12.3
$32,500 TO $34,999.	3.4	4.1	4.3	3.4	3.1	2.2	3.6	2.5	2.2	3.0	9.4
$35,000 TO $37,499.	3.2	1.9	1.6	3.3	3.5	1.2	5.0	5.2	4.7	6.0	12.5
$37,500 TO $39,999.	2.5	1.3	1.3	1.2	2.9	1.8	3.7	3.8	2.9	5.4	(B)
$40,000 TO $44,999.	4.6	2.0	1.9	2.9	5.3	4.1	6.2	8.2	8.5	7.6	12.5
$45,000 TO $49,999.	3.9	1.5	1.0	3.6	4.1	2.3	5.2	8.5	5.6	13.6	12.7
$50,000 TO $59,999.	4.4	1.4	1.4	1.6	4.7	2.8	5.8	10.2	10.2	10.1	12.8
$60,000 TO $74,999.	3.7	1.4	1.3	2.2	4.0	2.2	5.1	8.1	8.3	7.6	12.7
$75,000 AND OVER.	2.5	0.3	0.3	-	1.8	2.4	1.4	8.7	4.2	16.7	(B)
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	21 328	14 926	14 441	17 841	22 931	18 822	26 311	36 225	31 167	43 554	(X)
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	27 621	19 590	19 345	20 893	28 226	23 711	31 127	43 403	37 340	54 269	(X)

Table 32. Income in 1987 of Hispanic-, Mexican-, and Puerto Rican-Origin Families, and Unrelated Individuals, by Number of Earners: March 1988

(For the United States. For meaning of symbols, see text)

ORIGIN AND INCOME	FAMILIES						UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS		
		FAMILIES HAVING SPECIFIED NUMBER OF EARNERS							
	TOTAL	NONE	1	2	3	4 OR MORE	TOTAL	EARNERS	NON-EARNERS
SPANISH ORIGIN									
NUMBER. . . . . THOUSANDS. .	4 588	648	1 484	1 834	422	199	1 933	1 460	472
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
UNDER $2,500.	3.4	15.0	3.0	0.7	-	-	11.4	5.5	29.5
$2,500 TO $4,999.	5.2	20.8	5.0	1.5	0.5	-	14.2	7.9	33.7
$5,000 TO $7,499.	7.3	28.3	7.4	2.0	1.3	-	15.7	13.8	21.3
$7,500 TO $9,999.	7.1	16.1	10.3	3.3	1.4	0.4	10.3	11.9	5.3
$10,000 TO $12,499.	7.7	6.0	13.3	5.6	2.2	3.2	11.9	14.7	3.5
$12,500 TO $14,999.	7.0	6.2	10.5	6.1	2.6	0.6	4.7	5.6	2.0
$15,000 TO $17,499.	6.0	1.9	9.2	5.8	3.9	1.6	6.6	8.1	1.8
$17,500 TO $19,999.	5.7	1.8	7.3	6.3	5.0	1.6	3.2	4.0	1.0
$20,000 TO $22,499.	5.6	0.5	6.5	7.7	5.3	2.2	5.0	6.5	0.4
$22,500 TO $24,999.	4.3	0.9	4.8	5.3	5.4	1.7	3.9	5.2	0.1
$25,000 TO $27,499.	4.8	1.0	3.8	6.8	6.0	3.1	3.5	4.5	0.2
$27,500 TO $29,999.	3.7	0.3	2.9	5.1	5.7	4.1	1.8	2.3	-
$30,000 TO $32,499.	4.2	0.6	2.4	6.0	7.6	5.0	2.0	2.7	-
$32,500 TO $34,999.	3.1	0.1	1.9	4.2	4.9	6.8	0.7	0.8	0.1
$35,000 TO $37,499.	3.4	0.1	2.0	5.3	6.0	2.6	1.4	1.8	0.2
$37,500 TO $39,999.	2.2	-	1.6	3.5	2.3	2.8	0.8	1.1	0.2
$40,000 TO $44,999.	4.7	0.5	2.8	6.9	7.2	7.5	0.8	0.9	0.5
$45,000 TO $49,999.	3.6	-	1.4	5.5	6.5	8.0	1.1	1.5	-
$50,000 TO $59,999.	4.3	0.2	1.9	5.4	10.0	12.0	0.3	0.4	0.2
$60,000 TO $74,999.	3.7	-	1.3	3.8	10.1	18.4	0.3	0.4	-
$75,000 AND OVER.	2.9	-	0.8	3.3	6.1	18.3	0.4	0.5	-
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	20 306	6 262	15 159	27 137	34 024	49 098	9 624	11 848	4 018
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	25 736	7 420	18 937	31 256	39 564	55 835	12 748	15 271	4 951
MEXICAN ORIGIN									
NUMBER. . . . . THOUSANDS. .	2 671	271	986	1 118	238	138	1 082	873	209
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
UNDER $2,500.	3.1	17.0	2.7	1.0	-	-	9.6	5.0	28.7
$2,500 TO $4,999.	4.7	17.7	5.9	2.1	0.8	-	13.9	9.4	32.7
$5,000 TO $7,499.	5.5	20.5	7.6	1.9	0.6	-	16.3	14.6	29.4
$7,500 TO $9,999.	7.2	16.9	11.6	3.3	1.9	0.5	12.0	13.3	6.4
$10,000 TO $12,499.	9.0	8.7	15.2	6.1	2.5	4.6	14.2	16.6	4.3
$12,500 TO $14,999.	7.8	9.4	11.0	6.6	3.6	0.9	5.1	5.9	1.6
$15,000 TO $17,499.	6.1	2.7	8.6	5.8	4.4	2.3	6.7	8.1	0.8
$17,500 TO $19,999.	6.6	3.1	7.2	7.7	5.3	1.7	3.1	3.5	1.4
$20,000 TO $22,499.	5.8	0.7	5.9	7.4	6.1	2.0	4.1	5.1	-
$22,500 TO $24,999.	4.6	0.7	5.1	4.9	6.9	2.5	4.4	5.5	-
$25,000 TO $27,499.	5.0	1.0	3.4	7.3	6.1	2.7	2.8	3.4	-
$27,500 TO $29,999.	3.8	0.5	2.5	5.0	6.1	5.2	1.7	2.1	-
$30,000 TO $32,499.	4.5	0.4	2.6	6.1	8.7	3.7	1.5	1.8	-
$32,500 TO $34,999.	3.2	-	1.4	4.0	6.7	8.4	0.8	1.0	0.3
$35,000 TO $37,499.	2.9	-	1.6	4.3	4.8	2.5	0.8	0.9	0.4
$37,500 TO $39,999.	2.2	-	1.6	3.1	1.6	4.1	0.8	1.0	-
$40,000 TO $44,999.	4.4	0.7	2.3	6.5	5.7	5.8	0.5	0.6	-
$45,000 TO $49,999.	3.6	-	0.6	5.8	7.5	7.0	1.1	1.4	-
$50,000 TO $59,999.	4.1	-	1.7	5.2	8.1	11.9	0.3	0.3	-
$60,000 TO $74,999.	3.5	-	1.4	2.8	9.7	19.3	-	-	-
$75,000 AND OVER.	2.3	-	0.1	2.9	2.9	15.1	0.2	0.2	-
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	19 968	6 869	14 093	26 084	31 630	47 146	9 627	11 155	4 124
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	25 010	8 007	17 300	29 694	35 785	52 493	12 046	13 810	4 665
PUERTO RICAN ORIGIN									
NUMBER. . . . . THOUSANDS. .	668	214	282	209	36	6	247	153	93
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)	(B)	100.0	100.0	100.0
UNDER $2,500.	4.2	9.7	3.1	0.4	(B)	(B)	14.2	5.6	28.3
$2,500 TO $4,999.	9.3	25.8	3.3	-	(B)	(B)	20.4	7.9	41.0
$5,000 TO $7,499.	15.2	38.5	7.3	1.8	(B)	(B)	16.5	14.0	20.5
$7,500 TO $9,999.	7.9	15.4	5.7	3.8	(B)	(B)	5.0	6.0	3.4
$10,000 TO $12,499.	6.9	5.6	12.4	4.3	(B)	(B)	6.9	9.8	2.0
$12,500 TO $14,999.	6.2	2.2	14.5	3.5	(B)	(B)	3.4	4.7	1.1
$15,000 TO $17,499.	5.8	1.1	8.6	8.3	(B)	(B)	7.4	10.9	1.7
$17,500 TO $19,999.	2.7	1.1	4.8	1.9	(B)	(B)	6.0	8.4	2.1
$20,000 TO $22,499.	6.1	-	10.3	9.0	(B)	(B)	2.7	4.4	-
$22,500 TO $24,999.	4.0	-	5.8	6.8	(B)	(B)	3.0	4.8	-
$25,000 TO $27,499.	4.7	-	6.0	7.8	(B)	(B)	2.8	4.5	-
$27,500 TO $29,999.	3.7	-	4.0	7.3	(B)	(B)	0.9	1.4	-
$30,000 TO $32,499.	2.9	0.5	1.1	5.0	(B)	(B)	1.7	2.7	-
$32,500 TO $34,999.	3.4	-	4.1	6.4	(B)	(B)	-	-	-
$35,000 TO $37,499.	2.8	-	1.8	6.9	(B)	(B)	2.3	3.7	-
$37,500 TO $39,999.	2.3	-	-	6.9	(B)	(B)	1.2	2.0	-
$40,000 TO $44,999.	2.1	-	0.9	3.7	(B)	(B)	0.1	0.1	-
$45,000 TO $49,999.	2.3	-	1.8	4.3	(B)	(B)	4.0	6.4	-
$50,000 TO $59,999.	3.6	-	2.3	6.4	(B)	(B)	0.5	0.9	-
$60,000 TO $74,999.	2.6	-	-	4.7	(B)	(B)	-	-	-
$75,000 AND OVER.	1.4	-	2.1	0.9	(B)	(B)	1.2	2.0	-
MEDIAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	15 185	5 942	16 070	28 369	(B)	(B)	7 352	15 458	3 825
MEAN INCOME . . . . . .DOLLARS. .	20 353	6 244	19 986	30 519	(B)	(B)	13 072	18 474	4 163

Table 33. Summary Characteristics of Hispanic- and Mexican-Origin Families and Unrelated Individuals, by Poverty Status: March 1988

(For the United States. Numbers in thousands. For meaning of symbols, see text)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTIC	SPANISH ORIGIN			MEXICAN ORIGIN		
		BELOW POVERTY LEVEL			BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	
	TOTAL	NUMBER	PERCENT	TOTAL	NUMBER	PERCENT
FAMILIES	4 588	1 183	25.8	2 671	680	25.5
MEAN SIZE OF FAMILY[1]	3.79	4.10	(X)	4.06	4.51	(X)
HOUSEHOLDER 65 YEARS AND OVER	322	70	21.6	186	38	20.7
WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	3 213	1 033	32.1	1 970	607	30.8
MEAN NUMBER OF RELATED CHILDREN	2.15	2.61	(X)	2.31	2.83	(X)
HOUSEHOLDER NOT A HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE[2]	2 112	768	36.3	1 353	467	34.5
HOUSEHOLDER WORKED LAST YEAR[3]	3 480	563	16.2	2 134	413	19.4
WORKED YEAR ROUND FULL TIME	2 487	225	9.1	1 516	169	11.2
FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, HUSBAND ABSENT	1 072	555	51.8	493	232	47.1
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	1 933	589	30.5	1 082	305	28.2
65 YEARS AND OVER	228	124	54.4	116	61	52.9
WORKED LAST YEAR[4]	1 459	259	17.7	873	166	19.0
WORKED YEAR ROUND FULL TIME	904	32	3.5	518	15	2.9
FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	721	291	40.4	360	127	35.4

[1] MEAN BASED ON PERSONS OF SPANISH OR OTHER ORIGIN IN SPANISH ORIGIN FAMILIES.
[2] HOUSEHOLDER 25 YEARS AND OVER.
[3] HOUSEHOLDER 15 YEARS AND OVER.
[4] UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS 15 YEARS AND OVER.

Table 34. Detailed Characteristics of Hispanic- and Mexican-Origin Families, by Poverty Status: March 1988

(For the United States. Numbers in thousands. For meaning of symbols, see text)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTIC	SPANISH ORIGIN			MEXICAN ORIGIN		
		BELOW POVERTY LEVEL			BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	
	TOTAL	NUMBER	PERCENT	TOTAL	NUMBER	PERCENT
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER[1]						
TOTAL	4 588	1 183	25.8	2 671	680	25.5
UNDER 25 YEARS	416	157	37.8	252	92	36.5
25 TO 34 YEARS	1 435	415	28.9	863	227	26.4
35 TO 44 YEARS	1 193	304	25.5	700	169	24.1
45 TO 54 YEARS	712	140	19.6	391	94	24.1
55 TO 64 YEARS	510	97	19.1	279	60	21.4
65 YEARS AND OVER	322	70	21.6	186	38	20.7
MEDIAN AGE .....YEARS	38.1	35.4	(X)	37.7	36.2	(X)
TYPE OF FAMILY						
TOTAL	4 588	1 183	25.8	2 671	680	25.5
MARRIED-COUPLE	3 204	579	18.1	1 988	417	21.0
MALE HOUSEHOLDER, WIFE ABSENT	312	49	15.7	189	32	16.7
FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, HUSBAND ABSENT	1 072	555	51.8	493	232	47.1
SIZE OF FAMILY						
TOTAL	4 588	1 183	25.8	2 671	680	25.5
2 PERSONS	1 170	234	20.0	586	99	16.8
3 PERSONS	1 116	268	24.0	580	122	21.1
4 PERSONS	1 124	255	22.7	661	154	23.3
5 PERSONS	624	212	33.9	404	139	34.5
6 PERSONS	317	114	35.8	229	79	34.3
7 OR MORE PERSONS	238	101	42.3	211	88	41.6
MEAN SIZE OF FAMILY[2]	3.79	4.10	(X)	4.06	4.51	(X)
PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18						
TOTAL	4 588	1 183	25.8	2 671	680	25.5
WITHOUT RELATED CHILDREN	1 375	151	11.0	700	73	10.5
WITH RELATED CHILDREN	3 213	1 033	32.1	1 970	607	30.8
1 CHILD	1 093	232	21.3	584	110	18.8
2 CHILDREN	1 149	325	28.3	700	174	24.9
3 CHILDREN	590	253	42.8	388	168	43.3
4 CHILDREN	242	124	51.3	181	79	43.4
5 CHILDREN OR MORE	139	98	70.3	116	76	65.4
MEAN NUMBER OF CHILDREN	2.15	2.61	(X)	2.31	2.83	(X)
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF HOUSEHOLDER						
TOTAL, 25 YEARS AND OVER	4 172	1 026	24.6	2 418	588	24.3
ELEMENTARY: 0 TO 7 YEARS	1 165	476	40.8	806	315	39.1
8 YEARS	284	89	31.3	151	40	26.6
HIGH SCHOOL: 1 TO 3 YEARS	663	203	30.6	396	112	28.2
4 YEARS	1 143	187	16.3	617	91	14.7
COLLEGE: 1 YEAR OR MORE	918	72	7.8	448	30	6.6
MEDIAN SCHOOL YEARS COMPLETED	11.9	8.4	(X)	10.9	7.6	(X)
PERCENT NOT A HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE	50.6	74.8	(X)	56.0	79.5	(X)

[1] AGE SHOWN IS FOR HUSBAND IN MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILIES.
[2] MEAN BASED ON PERSONS OF SPANISH OR OTHER ORIGIN IN SPANISH ORIGIN FAMILIES.

Appendix A. Definitions and Explanations

Population coverage. This report includes the civilian noninstitutional population of the United States and members of the Armed Forces in the United States living off post or with their families on post, but excludes all other members of the Armed Forces.

Source of data. Most of the data shown in this report were obtained from the March supplement of the Current Population Survey. Data on childbearing, school enrollment, and voting and registration were collected in the June, October, and November supplements, respectively.

Revised estimating procedure. The Bureau of the Census adjusted the Hispanic population totals from the 1988 CPS to conform with independently derived estimates of the Hispanic population. This general procedure was used on an experimental basis for the first time in the March 1982 CPS.[1] The Census Bureau subsequently revised the methodology and used it to develop post-census estimates of Hispanics for 1983 through 1985.[2] The procedure will be refined further as new data on births, deaths, emigration, and immigration become available.

Beginning with population estimates and CPS controls for January 1986, the Census Bureau made two major modifications in the methods used to produce national estimates for the population by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin. The first change was an allowance for net undocumented immigration into the United States that had occurred since the 1980 census. This change added 200,000 persons per year to the estimate for the total population. The second change was an increase in the estimate of migration out of the United States by legal residents from 36,000 per year to 160,000. The net effect of these two changes was to add 76,000 persons per year to the estimate for the total population.[3]

Some undocumented immigrants from Spanish culture countries (approximately 1.4 million) were counted in the 1980 census.[4] These undocumented immigrants were, therefore, reflected in the post-census independent estimates for Hispanics that were used for 1982 to 1985. These previous post-census estimates, however, included no allowance for net undocumented immigration that occurred after 1980 because there were no empirically-based estimates available. More recent research has suggested that the overall undocumented population has grown annually by between 100,000 and 300,000 since 1980.[5] About 70 percent of the undocumented population is estimated to be Hispanic. As a result of the inclusion of this component in the estimation procedure (instituted in January 1986), about 141,000 persons were added to the current independent estimates of the Hispanic population for each year since 1980.

Research over the last decade suggests that emigration of legal foreign-born residents from the United States was much higher than the figures being used. In order to avoid understating net immigration, these higher estimates of legal emigration were not incorporated into the international migration component of the post-census population estimates until an allowance for net undocumented immigration could be incorporated. The effect of the new figures for legal emigration is a decrease of about 31,000 per year in the estimated Hispanic population for years since 1980.

The net effect on the Hispanic population of the new figures for legal emigration and net undocumented immigration is an increase of about 110,000 per year.

Symbols. A dash (-) represents zero or rounds to zero. The symbol "B" means that the base for the derived figure is less than 75,000. An "X" means not applicable, and "NA" means not available.

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[1]See appendixes A and B, Current Population Reports, Series P-20, No. 396, Persons of Spanish Origin in the United States: March 1982

[2]See U.S. Bureau of the Census report, Current Population Reports, Series P-20, No. 422, The Hispanic Population in the United States: March 1985, for a detailed explanation of the methodology used in 1983 through 1985.

[3] Jeffrey S. Passel, "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1986," Employment and Earnings 33 (2, February1986), pp. 7-10.

[4]4 Jeffrey S. Passel and Karen A. Woodrow, "Geographic Distribution of Undocumented Immigrants: Estimates of Undocumented Aliens Counted in the 1980 Census by State," International Migration Review 18 (Fall 1984), pp. 642-671.

[5]5 Jeffrey S. Passel and Karen A. Woodrow, "Change in Undocumented Alien Population in the United States, 1979-1983," International Migration Review 21 (Winter 1987), pp.1304-1334, and Karen A. Woodrow, Jeffrey S. Passel, and Robert Warren, "Preliminary Estimates of Undocumented Immigration to the United States, 1980-1986: Analysis of the June 1986 Current Population Survey." Paper presented at the 1987 annual meeting of the American Statistical Association, San Francisco, California, August 1987.

Rounding. Percentages are rounded to the nearest tenth of a percent; therefore, the percentages in a distribution do not always add to exactly 100.0 percent. The totals, however, are always shown as 100.0. Moreover, individual figures are rounded to the nearest thousand without being adjusted to group totals, which are independently rounded; percentages are based on the unrounded numbers.

Persons of Hispanic origin. Persons of Hispanic origin were identified by a question that asked for self-identification of the person's origin or descent. Respondents were asked to select their origin (and the origin of other household members) from a "flashcard" listing ethnic origins (See Origin or Descent Flashcard in appendix C). Persons of Hispanic origin, in particular, were those who indicated that their origin was Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American (Spanish countries), or some other Spanish origin.

Age. This classification is based on the age of the person at his or her last birthday.

Marital status. The marital status classification identifies four major categories: single (never married), married, widowed, and divorced. These terms refer to the marital status at the time of the enumeration.

The category "married" is further divided into "married, spouse present," and "married, spouse absent." A person was classified as "married, spouse present" if the husband or wife was reported as a member of the household, even though he or she may have been temporarily absent on business or vacation, visiting, in a hospital, etc., at the time of the enumeration. The group "married, spouse absent" includes married persons living apart because either the husband or wife was employed and living at a considerable distance from home; was serving away from home in the Armed Forces, was residing in an institution, had moved to another area, had separated from their spouse because of marital discord, or had a different place of residence for any other reason.

Family. A family is a group of two persons or more (one of whom is the householder) related by birth, marriage, or adoption and residing together; all such persons (including related subfamily members) are considered as members of one family. Beginning with the 1980 CPS, unrelated subfamilies (referred to in the past as secondary families) are no longer included in the count of families, nor are the members of unrelated subfamilies included in the count of family members.

Hispanic family. A Hispanic family is defined as a family in which the family householder (defined below) is of Hispanic origin.

Household. A household consists of all the persons who occupy a housing unit. A house, an apartment or other group of rooms, or a single room, is regarded as a housing unit when it is occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters; that is, when the occupants do not live and eat with any other persons in the structure and there is direct access from the outside or through a common hall.

A household includes the related family members and all the unrelated persons, if any, such as lodgers, foster children, wards, or employees who share the housing unit. A person living alone in a housing unit, or a group of unrelated persons sharing a housing unit as partners, is also counted as a household. The count of households excludes group quarters.

Group quarters. As of 1983 group quarters were defined in the Current Population Survey as noninstitutional living arrangements for groups not living in conventional housing units or groups living in housing units containing nine or more persons (or prior to 1983 five or more persons) unrelated to the person in charge. Since 1972, inmates of institutions have not been included in the Current Population Survey.

Householder. The term "householder" refers to the person (or one of the persons) in whose name the housing unit is owned or rented (maintained) or, if there is no such person, any adult member, excluding roomers, boarders, or paid employees. If the house is owned or rented jointly by a married couple, the householder may be either the husband or the wife. The person designated as the householder is the "reference person" to whom the relationship of all other household members, if any, is recorded.

Prior to 1980, the husband was always considered the householder in married-couple households. The number of householders is equal to the number of households. Also, the number of family householders is equal to the number of families.

Head versus householder. Beginning with the 1980 CPS, the Bureau of the Census discontinued the use of the terms "head of household" and "head of family." Instead, the terms "householder" and "family householder" are used. Recent social changes have resulted in greater sharing of household responsibilities among the adult members and, therefore, have made the term "head" increasingly inappropriate in the analysis of household and family data. Specifically, the Census Bureau has discontinued its longtime practice of always classifying the husband as the reference person (head) when he and his wife are living together.

In this report, the term "householder" is used in the presentation of data that had previously been presented with the designation "head." The householder is the first adult household member listed on the questionnaire. The instructions call for listing first the person (or one of the persons) in whose name the home is owned or rented. If a home is owned jointly by a married couple, either the

husband or the wife may be listed first, thereby becoming the reference person, or householder, to whom the relationship of other household members is to be recorded.

Family household. A family household is a household maintained by a family (as defined above), and any unrelated persons (unrelated subfamily members and/or secondary individuals) who may be residing there are included. The number of family households is equal to the number of families. The count of family household members differs from the count of family members, however, in that the family household members include all persons living in the household, whereas family members include only the householder and his/her relatives. (See the definition of Family.)

Related subfamily. A related subfamily is a married couple with or without children, or one parent with one or more own single (never married) children under 18 years old, living in a household and related to, but not including, the persons or couple who maintains the household. The most common example of a related subfamily is a young married couple sharing the home of the husband's or wife's parents. The number of related subfamilies is not included in the count of families.

Unrelated subfamily. An unrelated subfamily (formerly called a secondary family) is a group of two or more persons who are related to each other by birth, marriage, or adoption, but who are not related to the householder. The unrelated subfamily may include persons such as guests, roomers, boarders, or resident employees and their relatives living in a household. The number of unrelated subfamily members is included in the number of household members but is not included in the count of family members.

Persons living with relatives in group quarters were formerly considered as members of unrelated subfamilies. However, the number of such unrelated subfamilies became so small (37,000 in 1967) that beginning with data for 1968 (and beginning with census data for 1960) the Bureau of the Census includes persons in these unrelated subfamilies in the count of secondary individuals.

Married couple. A married couple, as defined for census purposes, is a husband and wife enumerated as members of the same household. The married couple may or may not have children living with them. The expression "husband-wife" or "married-couple" before the term "household," "family," or "subfamily" indicates that the household, family, or subfamily is maintained by a husband and wife. The number of married couples equals the count of married-couple families plus related and unrelated married-couple subfamilies.

Unrelated individuals. Unrelated individuals are persons of any age (other than inmates of institutions) who are not living with any relatives. An unrelated individual may be (1) a person living alone or with nonrelatives only, (2) a roomer, boarder, or resident employee with no relatives in the household, or (3) a group quarters member who has no relatives living with him/her. Thus, a widow who occupies her house alone or with one or more other persons not related to her, a roomer not related to anyone else in the housing unit, a maid living as a member of her employer's household with no relatives in the household, and a resident staff member in a hospital living apart from any relatives are all examples of unrelated individuals.

Nonfamily householder. A nonfamily householder (formerly called a primary individual) is a person maintaining a household while living alone or with non-relatives only.

Secondary individual. A secondary individual is a person in a household or group quarters such as a guest, roomer, boarder, or resident employee (excluding non-family householders and inmates of institutions) who is not related to any other person in the household or group quarters. (See section on unrelated subfamily for slight change in coverage of secondary individuals in 1968.)

Own children and related children. "Own" children in a family are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder. Similarly, "own" children in a subfamily are sons and daughters of the married couple or parent in the subfamily. (All children shown as members of related subfamilies are own children of the person(s) maintaining the subfamily.) "Related" children in a family include own children and all other children in the household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. For each type of family unit identified in the CPS, the count of own children under 18 years old is limited to single (never married) children; however, "own children under 25" and "own children of any age," as the terms are used here, include all children regardless of marital status. The totals include never-married children living away from home in college dormitories.

Years of school completed. In this report, data on years of school completed were derived from the combination of answers to two questions, (a) "What is the highest grade of school that this person has ever attended?" and (b) "Did this person finish this grade?"

The questions on educational attainment apply only to progress in "regular" schools. Such schools include graded public, parochial or other private elementary and high schools (both junior and senior high), colleges, universities, and professional schools, whether day schools or night schools. Thus, regular schooling is that which may advance a person toward an elementary school certificate or high school diploma, or a college, university, or professional school degree. Schooling in other than regular schools was counted only if the credits obtained were regarded as transferable to a school in the regular school system.

School enrollment. The school enrollment statistics from the October CPS supplement are based on replies to the enumerator's inquiry as to whether the person was enrolled in school. Enumerators were instructed to count as enrolled anyone who had been enrolled at any time during the current term or school year in any type of graded public, parochial, or other private school in the regular school system. Such schools include nursery schools, kindergartens, elementary schools, high schools, colleges, universities, and professional schools. Attendance may be on either a full-time or part-time basis and during the day or night. Thus, regular schooling is that which may advance a person toward an elementary or high school diploma, or a college, university, or professional school degree. Children enrolled in nursery schools and kindergarten are included in the enrollment figures for regular schools.

Persons attending schools which are not in the regular school system, such as trade schools or business colleges are not included in the enrollment figures. Persons enrolled in classes which do not require physical presence in school, such as correspondence courses or other courses of independent study, and in training courses given directly on the job, are also excluded from the count of those enrolled in school, unless such courses are being counted for credit at a regular school.

The proportion of high school dropouts, as used in this report, includes persons who were not enrolled in school and were not high school graduates (had not completed four years of high school or more).

Reported voter participation and registration. Voting information published in this report is based on persons who were 18 years old and over and citizens of the United States. About 37 percent of the Hispanic population of voting age were not citizens of the United States and were not eligible to vote in November 1988. Therefore, it is misleading to use all persons, 18 years old and over, as the base for describing voting and registration characteristics of the Hispanic population. Voting information published in other Current Population Survey Reports is based on all persons, 18 years old and over, regardless of citizenship status.

Voter participation data for 1988 were derived from replies to the following question asked of persons (excluding noncitizens) of voting age: "In any election some people are not able to vote because they are sick or busy, or have some other reason, and others do not want to vote. Did (this person) vote in the election held on November 8th?"

Those of voting age were classified as "voted" or "did not vote." The "did not vote" class includes those reported as "did not vote," "do not know," noncitizens, and nonrespondents. Nonrespondents and persons who reported that they did not know if they voted were included in the "did not vote" class because of the general overreporting by respondents in the sample.

The data shown on registration were obtained by tabulating replies to the following question for those persons included in the category "did not vote." "Was (this person) registered to vote in the November 8th election?" All persons reported as having voted were assumed to have been registered. Therefore, the total registered population is obtained by combining the number of persons who voted and persons included in the category "did not vote," but who had registered.

The population of voting age includes a considerable number of persons who meet the age requirement but cannot register and vote. Only citizens are eligible to vote. Among citizens of voting age, some persons are not permitted to vote because they have been committed to penal institutions, mental hospitals, or other institutions, or because they fail to meet State and local resident requirements for various reasons. The eligibility to register is governed by State laws which differ in many respects. See U.S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-20, No. 435, Voting and Registration in the Election of November 1988 (Advance Report), for more detailed information.

Fertility measures. Data shown in Table 13 on fertility were obtained from the June 1988 supplement of the Current Population Survey. Women 18 to 44 years old were asked the following questions. "How many babies has ... ever had, if any (Do not count still births)?"; "In what month and year was ...'s (first) child born?"; "In what month and year was ...'s (last) child born?" When asking about children ever born, interviewers were instructed to include children born to the woman before her present marriage, children no longer living, and children away from home as well as children who were still living in the home. It is possible that some never-married mothers living with one or more of their natural children reported themselves as having been married. In addition, many mothers who first married after the birth of one or more children counted those children, as they were expected to do. Nevertheless, data are probably less complete for births out of wedlock than for births within wedlock.

Data for women who have had a child in the last year were based on women who reported having a child between July 1987 and June 1988.

Out-of-wedlock births are defined in this report as births to women occurring in the 12-month period preceding the survey date who were currently divorced, widowed, or never married at the time of the interview.

Labor force. Persons are classified as in the labor force if they were employed as civilians, unemployed, or in the Armed Forces during the survey week. The "civilian labor force" is comprised of all civilians 15 years old and over classified as employed or unemployed.

Paid labor force. Persons are classified as in the paid labor force if they were employed as wage and salary workers or self-employed workers during the survey week or were looking for work at the time and had last worked as wage and salary or self-employed workers.

Employed. Employed persons comprise (1) all civilians who, during the survey week, did any work at all as paid employees or in their own business or profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the family, and (2) all those who were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, or labor-management dispute, or because they were taking time off for personal reasons, whether or not they were paid by their employers for time off, and whether or not they were seeking other jobs. Excluded from the employed group are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house (such as own home housework, painting or repairing own home) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Unemployed. Unemployed persons are those civilians who, during the survey week, had no employment but were available for work and (1) had engaged in any specific job seeking activity within the past 4 weeks, such as registering at a public or private employment office, meeting with prospective employers, checking with friends or relatives, placing or answering advertisements, writing letters of application, or being on a union or professional register; (2) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; or (3) were waiting to report to a new wage or salary job within 30 days.

Occupation. The data on occupation of employed persons 16 years old and over refer to the civilian job held during the survey week. Persons employed at two or more jobs were reported in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the week.

In 1980, the Bureau of the Census revised the Standard Occupational Classification System (SOC) for use in its tabulation program for the 1980 census and subsequent published reports on occupational data. Consequently, the new classification system was incorporated into the CPS tabulation program in January 1983. While the new system provides comparability between the CPS and other data sources, it causes a break in continuity for all CPS series containing occupational data.

Differences between the 1970 and 1980 occupational systems affect classifications at all levels. Such commonly used identifiers as white-collar, blue-collar, professional and technical, craft workers, and operative occupations have been eliminated. These identifiers have been replaced with new categories which represent conceptual as well as language changes. Moreover, many of the components of the former groupings have been shifted to such an extent that they cannot be made to correspond readily to the new categories. For a more complete explanation and description of the changes from the old to the new occupational classification system see the February 1983 issue of "Employment and Earnings" by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The occupation classification system developed for the 1980 census consists of 503 specific occupation categories arranged into 6 summary and 13 major occupation groups. The major occupation groups are combined in this report into 6 summary groups as follows:

Managerial and professional specialty occupations
- Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations
- Professional specialty occupations

Technical, sales, and administrative support occupations
- Technicians, and related support occupations
- Sales occupations
- Administrative support occupations, including clerical

Service occupations
- Private household occupations
- Protective service occupations
- Service occupations, except protective and household

Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations

Precision production, craft, and repair occupations

Operators, fabricators, and laborers
- Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors
- Transportation and material moving occupations
- Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers

Income. For each person 15 years old and over in the sample, questions were asked on the amount of money income received in the preceding calendar year from each of the following sources: (1) money wages or salary; (2) net income from nonfarm self-employment; (3) net income from farm self-employment; (4) Social Security or railroad retirement; (5) Supplementary Security Income; (6) public assistance or welfare payments; (7) interest (on savings or other investments which pay interest); (8) dividends, income from estates or trusts, or net rental income; (9) veterans' payments or unemployment and worker's compensation; (10) private pensions or government employee pensions; (11) alimony or child support, regular contributions from persons not living in the household, and other periodic income.

Although the income statistics refer to receipts during the preceding year the characteristics of the person, such as age, labor force status, etc., and the composition of families refer to the time of the survey. The income of the family does not include amounts received by persons who were members of the family during all or part of the income year if these persons no longer resided with the family at the time of enumeration. However, family income includes amounts reported by related persons who did not reside with the family during the income year but who were members of the family at the time of enumeration.

Data on consumer income collected in the CPS by the Bureau of the Census cover money income received (exclusive of certain money receipts such as capital gains) before payments for personal income taxes, Social Security, union dues, Medicare deductions, etc. Therefore,

money income data do not reflect the fact that some families receive part of their income in the form of noncash benefits such as food stamps, health benefits, and subsidized housing; that some farm families receive noncash benefits in the form of rent-free housing and goods produced and consumed on the farm; or that noncash benefits are also received by some nonfarm residents which often take the form of the use of business transportation and facilities, full or partial payments by business for retirement programs, and medical and educational expenses, etc. These elements should be considered when comparing income levels. (For a detailed explanation of noncash benefits, see Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 155, Receipt of Selected Noncash Benefits: 1985.) Moreover, for many different reasons, there is a tendency in household surveys for respondents to underreport their income. From an analysis of independently derived income estimates, it has been determined that income earned from wages or salaries is much better reported than other sources of income, and is nearly equal to independent estimates of aggregate income. For a detailed explanation, see Current Population Reports, Series P-60 No. 162, Money Income of Households, Families, and Persons in the United States: 1987.

Money earnings. Money earnings are the algebraic sum on money wages or salary and net income from farm and nonfarm self-employment. For a detailed explanation, see Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 162, Money Income of Households, Families, and Persons in the United States: 1987.

Number of earners. This number includes all persons in the family with $1 or more in wages and salaries, or $1 or more or a loss in net income from farm or nonfarm self-employment.

Poverty definition. Families and unrelated individuals are classified as being above or below the poverty level using the poverty index originated at the Social Security Administration in 1964 and revised by Federal Interagency Committees in 1969 and 1980. The poverty index is based solely on money income and does not reflect the fact that many low-income persons receive noncash benefits such as food stamps, Medicaid, and public housing. The index is based on the Department of Agriculture's 1961 Economy Food Plan and reflects the different consumption requirements of families based on their size and composition. It was determined from the Department of Agriculture's 1955 Survey of Food Consumption that families of three or more persons spend approximately one-third of their income on food; the poverty level for these families was, therefore, set at three times the cost of the Economy Food Plan. For smaller families and persons living alone, the cost of the Economy Food Plan was multiplied by factors that were slightly higher in order to compensate for the relatively larger fixed expenses of these smaller households. The poverty thresholds are updated every year to reflect changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI). The average poverty threshold for a family of four was $11,611 in 1987, about 3.6 percent higher than the comparable 1986 cutoff of $11,203. For a detailed explanation of the poverty definition, see Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 163, Poverty in the United States 1987.

Median. The median is presented in connection with the data on age, years of school completed, and income. It is the value which divides the distribution into two equal parts, one-half of the cases falling below this value and one-half of the cases exceeding this value.

Mean. The mean (average) is presented in connection with data on number of persons per family, income of persons, and income of families. The mean number of persons per family is the value obtained by dividing the number of persons in families having the characteristic under consideration by the appropriate number of families. The mean income is the amount obtained by dividing the total income of a group by the number of units in that group. The mean for families are based on all families. The mean for persons are based on persons with income.

Appendix B. Source and Accuracy of Estimates

SOURCES OF DATA

Most estimates in this report come from data obtained in March of 1988 in the Current Population Survey (CPS). Other estimates come from data obtained in October 1986 and June and November of 1988. The Bureau of the Census conducts the survey every month, although this report uses mostly March data for its estimates. The March survey uses two sets of questions, the basic CPS and the supplement.

Basic CPS. The basic CPS collects primarily labor force data about the civilian noninstitutional population. Interviewers ask questions concerning labor force participation about each member 14 years old and over in every sample household.

The March 1988 CPS sample was selected from the 1980 Decennial Census files with coverage in all 50 states and the District of Columbia. The sample is continually updated to account for new residential construction. It is located in 729 areas comprising 1,973 counties, independent cities, and minor civil divisions. About 59,500 occupied households are eligible for interview every month. Interviewers are unable to obtain interviews at about 2,500 of these units because the occupants are not home after repeated calls or are unavailable for some other reason.

Since the introduction of the CPS, the Bureau of the Census has redesigned the CPS sample several times to improve the quality and reliability of the data and to satisfy changing data needs. The most recent changes were completely implemented in July 1985.

The following table summarizes changes in the CPS designs for the years for which data appear in this report.

Description of the Current Population Survey

Time Period	Number of Sample Areas	Housing Units eligible[1]	
		Interviewed	Not Interviewed
1986 to 1988	729	57,000	2,500
1985	[2]629/729	57,000	2,500
1982 to 1984	629	59,000	2,500
1980 to 1981	629	65,500	3,000
1977 to 1979	614	55,000	3,000
1976	461	46,500	2,500

[1]Excludes about 2,500 Hispanic households added from the previous November sample. (See "CPS Supplements.")

[2]The CPS was redesigned following the 1980 Decennial Census of Population and Housing. During phase-in of the new design, housing units from the new and old designs were in the sample.

CPS Supplements. In addition to the basic CPS questions, interviewers asked supplementary questions in March about the economic situation of persons and families for the previous year, in June about fertility, in October about school enrollment, and in November about voting and registration.

To obtain more reliable data for the Hispanic origin population, the March CPS sample was increased by about 2,500 eligible housing units, interviewed the previous November, that contained at least one sample person of Hispanic origin. In addition, the sample included persons in the Armed Forces living off post or with their families on post.

Estimation Procedure. This survey's estimation procedure inflates weighted sample results to independent estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population of the United States by age, sex, race and Hispanic/non-Hispanic categories. The independent estimates were based on statistics from decennial censuses of population; statistics on births, deaths, immigration and emigration; and statistics on the size of the Armed Forces. The independent population estimates used for 1980 (1979 for income estimates) to present were based on updates to controls established by the 1980 Decennial Census. Data previous to 1980 were based on independent population estimates from the most recent decennial census. For more details on the change in independent estimates, see the section entitled "Introduction of 1980 Census Population Controls" in an earlier report (Series P-60, No. 133). The estimation procedure for the March supplement included a further adjustment so husband and wife of a household received the same weight.

The estimates in this report for 1982 and later also employ a revised survey weighting procedure for persons of Hispanic origin. In previous years, weighted sample results were inflated to independent estimates of the noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race. There was no specific control of the survey estimates for the Hispanic population. Since then, the Bureau of the Census developed independent population controls for the Hispanic population by sex and detailed age groups. Revised weighting procedures incorporate these new controls. The independent population estimates include some, but not all, undocumented immigrants.

ACCURACY OF THE ESTIMATES

Since the CPS estimates come from a sample, they may differ from figures from a complete census using the same

questionnaires, instructions, and enumerators. A sample survey estimate has two possible types of error: sampling and nonsampling. The accuracy of an estimate depends on both types of error, but the full extent of the nonsampling error is unknown. Consequently, one should be particularly careful when interpreting results based on a relatively small number of cases or on small differences between estimates. The standard errors for CPS estimates primarily indicate the magnitude of sampling error. They also partially measure the effect of some nonsampling errors in responses and enumeration, but do not measure systematic biases in the data. (Bias is the average over all possible samples of the differences between the sample estimates and the desired value.)

Nonsampling Variability. Nonsampling errors can be attributed to many sources. These sources include the inability to obtain information about all cases in the sample, definitional difficulties, differences in the interpretation of questions, respondents' inability or unwillingness to provide correct information or to recall information, errors made in data collection such as in recording or coding the data, errors made in processing the data, errors made in estimating values for missing data, and failure to represent all units with the sample (undercoverage).

CPS undercoverage results from missed housing units and missed persons within sample households. Compared to the level of the 1980 Decennial Census, overall CPS undercoverage is about 7 percent. CPS undercoverage varies with age, sex, and race. Generally, undercoverage is larger for males than for females and larger for Blacks and other races combined than for Whites. As described previously, ratio estimation to independent age-sex-race-Hispanic population controls partially corrects for the bias due to undercoverage. However, biases exist in the estimates to the extent that missed persons in missed households or missed persons in interviewed households have different characteristics from those of interviewed persons in the same age-sex-race-Hispanic group. Furthermore, the independent population controls have not been adjusted for undercoverage in the 1980 census.

For additional information on nonsampling error including the possible impact on CPS data when known, refer to Statistical Policy Working Paper 3, *An Error Profile: Employment as Measured by the Current Population Survey,* Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1978 and Technical Paper 40, *The Current Population Survey: Design and Methodology,* Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

Sampling Variability. Sampling variability is variation that occurred by chance because a sample was surveyed rather than the entire population. Standard errors, as calculated by methods described later in *"Standard Errors and Their Use,"* are primarily measures of sampling variability, although they may include some nonsampling error. The sample estimate and its standard error enables one to construct a confidence interval, a range that would include the average result of all possible samples with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples were surveyed under essentially the same general conditions and using the same sample design, and if an estimate and its standard error were calculated from each sample, then approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.6 standard errors below the estimate to 1.6 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

A particular confidence interval may or may not contain the average estimate derived from all possible samples. However, one can say with specified confidence that the interval includes the average estimate calculated from all possible samples.

Some statements in the report may contain estimates followed by a number in parentheses. This number can be added to and subtracted from the estimate to calculate upper and lower bounds of the 90-percent confidence interval. For example, if a statement contains the phrase "grew by 1.7 percent (±1.0)," the 90 percent confidence interval for the estimate, 1.7 percent, is 0.7 percent to 2.7 percent.

Standard errors may also be used to perform hypothesis testing, a procedure for distinguishing between population parameters using sample estimates. The most common type of hypothesis appearing in this report is that the population parameters are different. An example of this would be comparing the average size of Hispanic families in 1988 to the average size of Hispanic families in 1987.

Tests may be performed at various levels of significance, where a significance level is the probability of concluding that the characteristics are different when, in fact, they are the same. All statements of comparison in the text have passed a hypothesis test at the 0.10 level of significance or better. This means that the absolute value of the estimated difference between characteristics is greater than or equal to 1.6 times the standard error of the difference.

Comparability of Data. Data obtained from the CPS and other sources are not entirely comparable. This results from differences in interviewer training and experience and in differing survey processes. This is an example of nonsampling variability not reflected in the standard errors. Use caution when comparing results from different sources.

Caution should also be used when comparing estimates in this report, which reflect 1980 census-based population controls, with estimates for 1980 (1979 for income estimates) and earlier years, which reflect 1970 census-based population controls. This change in population controls had relatively little impact on summary measures such as means, medians, and percentage distributions, but did have a significant impact on levels. For example, use of 1980 based population controls results in about a 2-percent increase in the civilian noninstitutional population and in the number of families and households. Thus,

estimates of levels for data collected in 1981 and later years will differ from those for earlier years by more than what could be attributed to actual changes in the population. These differences could be disproportionately greater for certain subpopulation groups than for the total population.

Since no independent population control totals for persons of Hispanic origin were used before 1982, compare Hispanic estimates over time cautiously.

Note When Using Small Estimates. Summary measures (such as medians and percentage distributions) are shown only when the base is 75,000 or greater. Because of the large standard errors involved, summary measures would probably not reveal useful information when computed on a smaller base. However, estimated numbers are shown even though the relative standard errors of these numbers are larger than those for corresponding percentages. These smaller estimates permit combinations of the categories to suit data users' needs. Take care in the interpretation of small differences. For instance, even a small amount of nonsampling error can cause a borderline difference to appear significant or not, thus distorting a seemingly valid hypothesis test.

Standard Errors and Their Use. A number of approximations are required to derive, at a moderate cost, standard errors applicable to all the estimates in this report. Instead of providing an individual standard error for each estimate, generalized sets of standard errors are provided for various types of characteristics. Thus, the tables show levels of magnitude of standard errors rather than the precise standard errors.

Standard Errors of Estimated Numbers. There are two ways to compute the approximate standard error, s_x, of an estimated number shown in this report. The first uses the formula

$$s_x = fs \qquad (1)$$

where f is a factor from Table B-5, and s is the standard error of the estimate obtained by interpolation from Table B-1 or B-2. The second method uses formula (2), from which the standard errors in Tables B-1 and B-2 were calculated. This formula will provide more accurate results than formula (1).

$$s_x = \sqrt{ax^2 + bx} \qquad (2)$$

Here x is the size of the estimate and a and b are the parameters in Table B-5 associated with the particular type of characteristic. When calculating standard errors for numbers from cross-tabulations involving different characteristics, use the factor or set of parameters for the characteristic which will give the largest standard error.

Illustration of the Computation of the Standard Error of an Estimated Number. Table 1 of the report shows that in 1988 there were 4,588,000 Hispanic families in the United States. Using formula (1) with f = 0.41 from Table B-5 and s = 180 interpolating from Table B-1, the standard error of 4,588,000 is

$$s_x = (0.41)(180{,}000) = 73{,}800$$

Alternatively, using formula (2) with a = -0.000137 and b = 1,606 from Table B-5, the approximate standard error is

$$s_x = \sqrt{(-0.000137)(4{,}588{,}000)^2 + (1{,}606)(4{,}588{,}000)} = 67{,}000.$$

So the 90% confidence interval for the number of Hispanic families in the United States in 1988 is from 4,481,000 to 4,695,000, i.e., 4,588,000 ± 1.6(67,000). Therefore, a conclusion that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly 90 percent of all possible samples

Standard Errors of Estimated Percentages. The reliability of an estimated percentage, computed using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends on the size of the percentage and its base. Estimated percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding estimates of the numerators of the percentages, particularly if the percentages are 50 percent or more. When the numerator and denominator of the percentage are in different categories, use the factor or parameter from Table B-5 indicated by the numerator.

The approximate standard error, $s_{x,p}$, of an estimated percentage can be obtained by use of the formula

$$s_{x,p} = fs \qquad (3)$$

In this formula, f is the appropriate factor from Table B-5 and s is the standard error of the estimate, obtained by interpolation from Table B-3 or B-4.

Alternatively, formula (4) will provide more accurate results:

$$s_{x,p} = \sqrt{\frac{b}{x}\ p(100-p)} \qquad (4)$$

Here x is the total number of persons, families, households, or unrelated individuals which is the base of the percentage, p is the percentage ($0 \leq p \leq 100$), and b is the parameter in Table B-5 associated with the characteristic in the numerator of the percentage.

Illustration of the Computation of the Standard Error of a Percentage. Table 1 shows that 69.8% of the 4,588,000 Hispanic families were married-couple families. Using formula (3) with f = 0.41 from Table B-5 and s = 2.1 interpolating from Table B-3, the standard error for 69.8% is approximately

$$s_{x,p} = (0.41)(2.1) = 0.9$$

Alternatively, using formula (4) and b = 1,606 from Table B-5, the standard error of 69.8% is approximately

$$s_{x,p} = \sqrt{\frac{1{,}606}{4{,}588{,}000}(69.8)(100.0\text{-}69.8)} = 0.9$$

The 90% confidence interval for the estimated percentage of Hispanic families that are married-couple families is from 68.4% to 71.2%, i.e., 69.8 ± 1.6(0.9).

Standard Error of a Difference. The standard error of the difference between two sample estimates is approximately equal to

$$s_{x-y} = \sqrt{s_x^2 + s_y^2} \qquad (5)$$

where s_x and s_y are the standard errors of the estimates, x and y. The estimates can be numbers, percentages, ratios, etc. This will represent the actual standard error quite accurately for the difference between estimates of the same characteristic in two different areas, or for the difference between separate and uncorrelated characteristics in the same area. However, if there is a high positive (negative) correlation between the two characteristics, the formula will overestimate (underestimate) the true standard error.

Illustration of the Computation of the Standard Error of a Difference. Table 1 of this report shows that in 1988, 23.4% of the 4,588,000 Hispanic families were maintained by female householders. Table 1 also shows that 15.8% of all non-Hispanic families (60,545,000) were maintained by female householders. The apparent difference between the percentage of Hispanic and non-Hispanic families maintained by female householders in 1988 is 7.6%. Using formula (4) with b = 1,606 from Table B-5, the approximate standard error s_x for 23.4% is 0.8. The standard error s_y for 15.8% is 0 2 (b = 1,778). Using formula (5), the standard error of the estimated difference of 7.6% is about

$$s_{x-y} = \sqrt{(0.8)^2 + (0.2)^2} = 0.8$$

This means that the 90% confidence interval around the difference is from 6.3 to 8.9, i.e., 7.6 ± 1.6(0.8). Because this interval does not contain zero, we can conclude with 90% confidence that the percentage of families maintained by female householders is larger for Hispanics than for non-Hispanics.

Standard Error of a Mean for Grouped Data. The formula used to estimate the standard error of a mean for grouped data is

$$s_{\bar{x}} = \sqrt{(b/y)S^2} \qquad (6)$$

In this formula, y is the size of the base of the distribution and b is a parameter from Table B-5. The variance, S^2, is given by the following formula:

$$S^2 = \sum_{i=1}^{c} p_i \bar{x}_i^2 - \bar{x}^2 \qquad (7)$$

where $\bar{x}$, the mean of the distribution, is estimated by

$$\bar{x} = \sum_{i=1}^{c} p_i \bar{x}_i \qquad (8)$$

c is the number of groups; i indicates a specific group, thus taking on values 1 through c.

p_i is the estimated proportion of households, families or persons whose values, for the characteristic (x-values) being considered, fall in group i.

$\bar{x}_i$ is $(Z_{i-1} + Z_i)/2$ where Z_{i-1} and Z_i are the lower and upper interval boundaries, respectively, for group i. $\bar{x}_i$ is assumed to be the most representative value for the characteristic for households, families, and unrelated individuals or persons in group i. Group c is open-ended, i.e., no upper interval boundary exists. For this group the approximate average value is

$$\bar{x}_c = \frac{3}{2} Z_{c-1} \qquad (9)$$

Standard Error of a Ratio. Certain estimates may be calculated as the ratio of two numbers. The standard error of a ratio, x/y, may be computed using.

$$s_{x/y} = \frac{x}{y}\sqrt{\left(\frac{s_x}{\bar{x}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{s_y}{\bar{y}}\right)^2 - 2r\frac{s_x s_y}{xy}} \qquad (10)$$

The standard error of the numerator, s_x, and that of the denominator, s_y, may be calculated using formula (2). Alternatively, use formula (1) and Tables B-1, B-2, and B-5. In formula (10), r represents the correlation between the numerator and the denominator of the estimate.

For one type of ratio, the denominator is a count of families or households and the numerator is a count of persons in those families or households with a certain characteristic. If there is at least one person with the characteristic in every family or household, use 0.7 as an estimate of r. An example of this type is the mean number of children per family with children.

For all other types of ratios, r is assumed to be zero. If r is actually positive (negative), then this procedure will provide an overestimate (underestimate) of the standard error of the ratio. Examples of this type are the mean number of children per family and the poverty rate.

NOTE: For estimates expressed as the ratio of x per 100 y or x per 1,000 y, multiply formula (10) by 100 or 1,000, respectively, to obtain the standard error.

Standard Error of a Median. The sampling variability of an estimated median depends on the form of the distribution and the size of the base. One can approximate the reliability of an estimated median by determining a confidence interval about it. (See the section on sampling variability for a general discussion of confidence intervals.)

Estimate the 68-percent confidence limits of a median based on sample data using the following procedure.

1. Determine, using formula (4), the standard error of the estimate of 50 percent from the distribution.
2. Add to and subtract from 50 percent the standard error determined in step 1.
3. Using the distribution of the characteristic, determine upper and lower limits of the 68-percent confidence interval by calculating values corresponding to the two points established in step 2.

   Use Pareto interpolation for any point in an income interval greater than $2,500 in width, and linear interpolation otherwise. The formulas for interpolation are:

$$\text{Pareto: } X_{pN} = \exp\frac{\text{Ln}(pN/N_1)}{\text{Ln}(N_2/N_1)}\,\text{Ln}(A_2/A_1)\,A_1 \qquad (11)$$

$$\text{Linear: } X_{pN} = \frac{pN - N_1}{N_2 - N_1}\,(A_2 - A_1) + A_1 \qquad (12)$$

   where

   X_{pN} = estimated upper and lower bounds for the confidence interval ($0 \leq p \leq 1$). For purposes of calculating the confidence interval, p takes on the values determined in step 2. Note that X_{pN} estimates the median when $p = 0.50$.

   N = *for distribution of numbers*: the total number of units (persons, households, etc.) for the characteristic in the distribution.

   = *for distribution of percentages*: the value 1.0.

   p = the values obtained in step 2.

   A_1, A_2 = the lower and upper bounds, respectively, of the interval containing X_{pN}.

   N_1, N_2 = *for distribution of numbers*: the estimated number of units (persons, households, etc.) with values of the characteristic greater than or equal to A_1 and A_2, respectively.

   = *for distribution of percentages*: the estimated percentage of units (persons, households, etc.) having values of the characteristic greater than or equal to A_1 and A_2, respectively.

   exp is the exponential function.

   Ln is the natural logarithm function.

   A mathematically equivalent result is obtained by using common logarithms (base 10) and antilogarithms.

4. Divide the difference between the two points determined in step 3 by two to obtain the standard error of the median.

The new, more detailed income intervals used in this report have $2,500 increments up to $40,000 for households and families and up to $20,000 for persons, and Pareto interpolation is needed only when a median income falls in an interval of width larger than $2,500 (beginning with March 1980 CPS). Therefore, this type of interpolation will seldom be needed (i.e., only in cases where the estimated median income exceeds $40,000 for households and families and $20,000 for persons). For this reason, illustration of the use of Pareto interpolation in computing a confidence interval for a median has been omitted. An illustration of this procedure can be found in the source and reliability section of *Current Population Reports*, Series P-60, No. 123.

Use of the above procedure could result in standard errors which differ from those given in the detailed tables. The reasons for this discrepancy are the use of a more detailed distribution than that given in the tables in determining the published standard errors, and the rounding of the numbers to thousands in the published tables. Linear interpolation was almost always used to compute the published medians and standard errors. Occasionally, a median may lie in an open-ended interval. To calculate its standard error the user must call Housing and Household Economic Statistics Division of the Census Bureau to obtain the methodology.

Illustration of the Computation of the Standard Error of Median. Table 6 shows that the median age of the Mexican population in 1988 in the United States was 23.9. Table 6 also shows that the base of the distribution from which this median was determined was 12,110,000.

1. Using formula (4) and b = 2,139 from Table B-5, the standard error of 50% on a base of 12,110,000 is about 0.7 percentage points.
2. Adding to and subtracting from 50% the standard error found in step 1 to obtain a 68% confidence interval on the estimated median yields limits of 49.3% and 50.7%.
3. From Table 6, 54.3% (6,576,000) of the Mexican population was 22 years of age or older and 47.5% (5,752,000) was 25 years of age or older. Thus, the entire 68% confidence interval falls in the age interval 22 to 25. The upper and lower limits of the confidence

interval for the median age of the Mexican population can be calculated using linear interpolation. Using formula (2), the lower limit on the estimate is about

$$\frac{(.507)(12{,}110{,}000) - 5{,}752{,}000}{6{,}576{,}000 - 5{,}752{,}000}(22 - 25) + 25 = 23.6.$$

Similarly, the upper limit is approximately

$$\frac{(.493)(12{,}110{,}000) - 5{,}752{,}000}{6{,}576{,}000\text{-}5{,}752{,}000}(22 - 25) + 25 = 24.2.$$

4. Finally, the standard error of the median is $(24.2 - 23.6)/2 = 0.3$.

Table B-1. Standard Errors of Estimated Numbers: Hispanic

(Numbers in Thousands)

Size of estimate	Standard error	Size of estimate	Standard error
10	10	2,500	144
25	15	5,000	187
50	22	7,500	209
100	31	10,000	214
250	48	15,000	179
500	68	20,000	-
1,000	95		

Note: For a particular characteristic, see Table B-5 for the appropriate factor to apply to the above standard errors.

Table B-2. Standard Errors of Estimated Numbers: Total or Non-Hispanic

(Numbers in Thousands)

Size of estimate	Standard error	Size of estimate	Standard error
25	12	10,000	228
50	16	15,000	277
100	23	25,000	349
250	37	50,000	463
500	52	100,000	561
1,000	74	150,000	547
2,500	116	200,000	411
5,000	163		

Note: For a particular characteristic, see Table B-5 for the appropriate factor to apply to the above standard errors.

Table B-3. Standard Errors of Estimated Percentages: Hispanic

Base of Percentage (thousands)	Estimated Percentage					
	1 or 99	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	25 or 75	50
10	9.7	13.6	21.2	29.2	42.1	48.7
25	6.1	8.6	13.4	18.5	26.7	30.8
50	4.3	6.1	9.5	13.1	18.8	21.8
100	3.1	4.3	6.7	9.2	13.3	15.4
250	1.9	2.7	4.2	5.8	8.4	9.7
500	1.4	1.9	3.0	4.1	6.0	6.9
1,000	1.0	1.4	2.1	2.9	4.2	4.9
2,500	0.6	0.9	1.3	1.8	2.7	3.1
5,000	0.4	0.6	0.9	1.3	1.9	2.2
10,000	0.3	0.4	0.7	0.9	1.3	1.5
15,000	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.8	1.1	1.3
20,000	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.9	1.1

Note: For a particular characteristic, see Table B-5 for the appropriate factor to apply to the above standard errors.

Table B-4. Standard Errors of Estimated Percentages: Total or Non-Hispanic

Base of Percentage (thousands)	Estimated Percentage					
	1 or 99	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	25 or 75	50
75	2.7	3.8	5.9	8.1	11.7	13.5
100	2.3	3.3	5.1	7.0	10.1	11.7
250	1.5	2.1	3.2	4.4	6.4	7.4
500	1.0	1.5	2.3	3.1	4.5	5.2
1,000	0.7	1.0	1.6	2.2	3.2	3.7
2,500	0.5	0.7	1.0	1.4	2.0	2.3
5,000	0.3	0.5	0.7	1.0	1.4	1.6
10,000	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.7	1.0	1.2
15,000	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.8	1.0
25,000	0.15	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.7
50,000	0.10	0.15	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.5
100,000	0.07	0.10	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4
150,000	0.06	0.08	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3

Note: For a particular characteristic, see Table B-5 for the appropriate factor to apply to the above standard errors.

Table B-5. Parameters and Factors for the 1988 Hispanic Report

Characteristic	Parameters		Factors
	a	b	
PERSONS			
Hispanic Subgroups			
Both Sexes	-0.000111	2,139	0.48
Male or Female	-0.000221	2,139	0.48
Marital status			
All Persons			
Hispanic	-0.000489	9,475	1.00
Total and non-Hispanic	-0.000023	5,444	1.00
Male or Female			
Hispanic	-0.000332	6,426	0.82
Total and non-Hispanic	-0.000019	4,480	0.91
Persons in Households or Families			
Some Members			
Hispanic	-0.000332	6,426	0.82
Total and non-Hispanic	-0.000019	4,480	0.91
All Members			
Hispanic	-0.000489	9,475	1.00
Total and non-Hispanic	-0.000023	5,444	1.00
Educational Attainment			
25-34 Years Old			
Hispanic	-0.000334	2,600	0.52
Total and non-Hispanic	-0.000054	2,312	0.65
25+ Years Old			
Hispanic	-0.000253	2,600	0.52
Total and non-Hispanic	-0.000015	2,312	0.65
65+ Years Old			
Hispanic	-0.001045	2,600	0.52
Total and non-Hispanic	-0.000081	2,312	0.65
Occupation and Employed			
Both Sexes			
Hispanic	-0.000196	2,327	0.50
Total and non-Hispanic	-0.000018	2,327	0.65
Male			
Hispanic	-0.000300	2,013	0.46
Total and non-Hispanic	-0.000025	2,013	0.61
Female			
Hispanic	-0.000253	1,725	0.43
Total and non-Hispanic	-0.000019	1,725	0.56
Unemployed			
Hispanic	-0.000187	2,536	0.52
Total and non-Hispanic	-0.000015	2,206	0.64
Income			
Hispanic	-0.000132	2,374	0.50
Total and non-Hispanic	-0.000009	2,077	0.62
Poverty Status			
Hispanic	-0.000534	9,628	1.01
Total and non-Hispanic	-0.000041	9,628	1.33
Voting (November 1988 CPS Supplement)			
Voting Population			
Hispanic	-0.000437	5,602	0.59
Total and non-Hispanic	-0.000021	3,827	0.70
Fertility (June 1988 CPS Supplement)			
Women			
Hispanic	-0.000527	2,259	0.24
Total and non-Hispanic	-0.000038	2,259	0.41
Births			
Hispanic	+0.001845	4,029	0.43
Total and non-Hispanic	-0.000007	4,120	0.76
School Enrollment (October 1988 CPS Supplement)			
Hispanic	-0.000222	2,600	0.52
Total and non-Hispanic	-0.000028	2,312	0.65
Kindergarten & Nursery School Enrollment			
Hispanic	-0.000194	2,698	0.53
Total and non-Hispanic	-0.000194	2,698	0.70
FAMILIES OR HOUSEHOLDS			
Number, Type, and Size of Families or Households			
Hispanic	-0.000137	1,606	0.41
Total and non-Hispanic	-0.000010	1,778	0.57
Education, Tenure, Employment Status, and Occupation of Householders			
Hispanic	-0.000137	1,606	0.41
Total and non-Hispanic	-0.000010	1,778	0.57
Income			
Hispanic	-0.000121	2,067	0.47
Total and non-Hispanic	-0.000008	1,896	0.59
Poverty Status			
Hispanic	+0.000084	2,067	0.47
Total and non-Hispanic	+0.000084	2,067	0.62

Note: The parameters and factors provided apply to the March CPS supplement unless otherwise indicated in the "Characteristic" column.

Appendix C. Fascimiles of the March 1988 CPS Control Card and Origin or Descent Flashcard

FACSIMILE I. FORM CPS-260 CONTROL CARD

At the time of the first CPS interview, the interviewer prepares a list of all persons who are staying in the selected sample unit. The roster is constructed using the field control card, form CPS-260. (See the facsimile on page 71.) The roster and questions on the control card are used to identify the living space constituting the sample unit.

A control card is prepared for each housing unit. It provides for recording the personal characteristics of each person who is determined to be a member of a sample household, i.e., a persons for whom the sample unit is the usual place of residence. This record of members is brought up to date at each subsequent interview to take account of new or departed residents, changes in age, marital status, etc., constitutes the complete sample of persons from which subsamples, having specified characteristics, are selected for specific studies.

FACSIMILE II. ORIGIN OR DESCENT FLASHCARD

Hispanic persons were identified by a question that asked for self-identification of the person's origin or descent. Respondents were asked to select their origin (and the origin of other household members) from the flashcard shown on page 72. Hispanic persons were those who indicated that their origin was Mexican-American, Chicano, Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American (Spanish countries), or other Spanish origin.

FACSIMILE I. FORM CPS-260—CONTROL CARD

FACSIMILE ii. ORIGIN OR DESCENT FLASHCARD

ORIGIN OR DESCENT

What is the origin or descent of each person in this household?

01 German

02 Italian

03 Irish

04 French

05 Polish

06 Russian

07 English

08 Scottish

10 Mexican–American

11 Chicano

12 Mexican

14 Puerto Rican

15 Cuban

16 Central or South American (Spanish Countries)

17 Other Spanish

20 Afro-American (Black, Negro)

26 Dutch

27 Swedish

28 Hungarian

OR

30 Another group not listed

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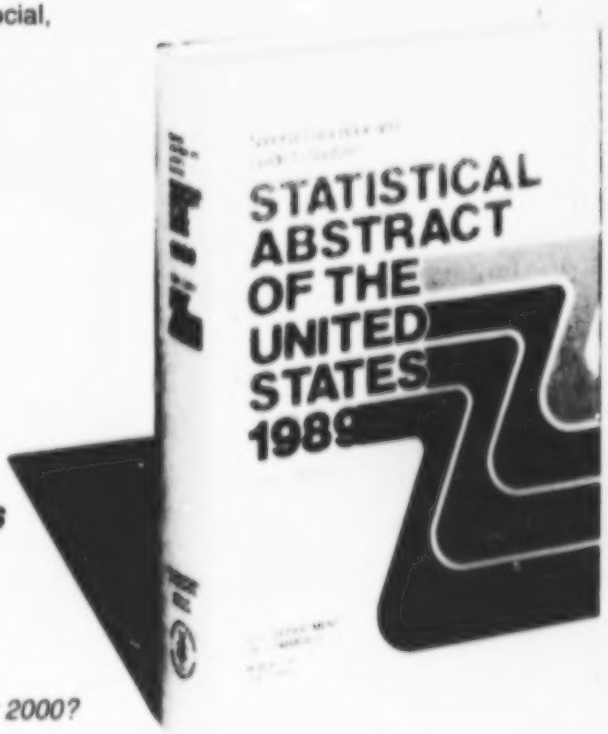

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